The Bombay Gazette

No. 12,164 New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1887.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.



PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessel	Tons.	H.P.	Captain	FRIDAY.
L. VERONA	3116	600	F. Speck	2nd Dec.
M. COROMANDEL	4496	800	I. Reeves	9th ,,
L. ANCONA	3128	600	A. W. J. Webb	16th ,,
—NIZAM	2725	500	R. W. Haselwood	23rd ,,
L. MALWA	2950	500	G. W. Atkinson	30th ,,

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta; and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others, passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route and names registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

The Company also issue return tickets to Brindisi including railway fares to London and back via Taranto, Naples, Rome and Genoa.

A steam-barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing, to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	On or about
PESHAWAR	3900	600	W. A. Wheler	9th Dec.
BALLAARAT	4752	900	E. Ashdown	23rd ,,

Return Tickets are issued to all ports, for particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S.N. Company.
Bombay, Nov. 26, 1887.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.



THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, and from GENOA on dates given below:—

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340.
,, to Marseilles ,, 520, ,, 350.

First and Second respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers for Marseilles transhipped at Genoa.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount to Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE

Steamer.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
D. BALDUINO	5,000	800	1st Dec.	20th Jan. '88.
MANILLA	5,000	800	20th ,,	10th Feb.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	19th Jan.	1st March

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey *via* Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail
BORMIDA ...	On the 26th Nov.
BISAGNO ...	On the 17th Dec.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Nov. 21, 1887.

AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS

BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail 1887.
TITANIA	M. Garofolich.	1,200	600	7th Dec.
POSEIDON	S. Mersa	4,600	650	7th Jan.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130
RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—			
	1st Class.	2nd Class.	
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480	

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

From this date through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 18th, and BRINDISI on the 20th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch, on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail. 1887.
ELEKTRA	P. Mersa	4,200	600	14th Dec.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Sept. 15, 1887.

BOMBAY TO ZANZIBAR DIRECT.



H. H. the SULTAN of ZANZIBAR'S s.s. "NYANZA," 2,128 tons, Captain SIMONS, sails on TUESDAY, the 29th Nov. For Freight or Passage, apply to

VISRAM EBRAHIM & Co.,
Agents.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.



THE Splendid Passenger Steamer "CLAN SINCLAIR," 3,000 tons, Captain C. E. DARLEY, will sail for LIVERPOOL on or about the 1st proximo.

The Saloons and State Rooms are all on the Upper Deck and are fitted with every requisite for comfort. Separate Music and Smoking Rooms, Surgeon and Stewardess carried. For particulars as to rates of Passages, &c., apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Bombay, 15th Nov. 1887. Agents.

HOMEWARD PASSENGERS.



PASSAGES BOOKED by P. and O. and all other steamers without charge for commission. A pamphlet giving rates and full particulars forwarded on application. Grindlay's Handbook for Travellers may also be had free.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA.

KHUNDALA HOTEL.

A NEW HOTEL OPENED since 1st October by the PROPRIETORS of the EGUTPOORI HOTEL, in a large, commodious and comfortable Bungalow, situated on an elevated site and commanding a charming view all round. Apply to

NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS.
Khundala, 8th Sept. 1887.

HISTORY OF THE PARSIS

INCLUDING

THEIR MANNERS, CUSTOMS, RELIGION AND PRESENT POSITION,

BY

DOSABHAI FRAMJI KARAKA, C. S. I.

With coloured and other illustrations.

IN TWO VOLUMES.

PUBLISHED BY

MACMILLAN & Co., LONDON,

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE BOMBAY.

Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Rampart-row,

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—



FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "COMMILLA," 872 tons, on FRIDAY, 2nd December 1887, at noon, calling at Verawal, Maugrole, Porebunder and Kutch Mandvie, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, on MONDAY, 28th November, (on arrival of Outward English Mails) calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CHINDWARA," 1,983 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 30th November, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S. S. "ORIENTAL," 1,496 tons, on THURSDAY, the 29th December, at 5 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "HUZARA," 2,078 tons, on FRIDAY, 16th December, at 5 p.m.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, Nov. 26, 1887. Agents.

COOK'S TRAVELLING TICKETS.



PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission, and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any part of India by any route across the Continent, and to all parts of the Globe. Interpreters meet Steamers at all chief Continental Ports. Pamphlet and full particulars post free.

THOMAS COOK AND SON.

CHIEF OFFICE IN INDIA. } RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

Calcutta: 11, Old Court-House Street.

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A Large Selection of PRETTY CARDS in stock.

TREACHER & CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

KEMP'S SOLUBLE EXTRACTS.

FULL FLAVORED and highly concentrated specially for the manufacture of SYRUPS, ÆRATED WATERS, &c.

	Per 1 lb. bottle. Rs. a.
Tonic Water Extract.	3 8
Ginger Ale ,, ...	4 0
Gingerade ,, ...	3 0
Lemonade ,, ...	3 0
Orangeade ,, ...	3 0
Raspberryade ,, ...	3 0
Sarsaparilla ,, ...	4 0

Soluble Gum Extract for producing a rich frothy head on all kinds of Syrups, Ærated Waters, &c. Per 1 lb. bottle, Rs. 2-8.

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KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

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COPIOUSLY ILLUSTRATED, FORWARDED POST-FREE ON APPLICATION.

THE WHOLESALE, comprising:—Drugs, Surgical Instruments, Spray Apparatus, Galvanic Apparatus, Veterinary Instruments, &c.

THE GENERAL, comprising:—Special Select Remedies, Medical Requisites, Patent Medicines, Toilet Requisites, Medicine Chests, Wines, Spirits, Aerated Waters, Mineral Waters, Foods, Druggists' Sundries, &c.

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MICROSCOPES and Microscopic Apparatus.

PHOTOGRAPHIC LIST, very full and complete.

WINE LIST, comprising:—Wines, Spirits, Cheroots, Cigars, Cigarettes, Aerated Waters, &c.

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY.

GOLD MEDAL TEA.

TRADE MARK K T E IN A TRIANGLE.

THE K T E TEAS, grown at an elevation of nearly 7,000 feet, reputed for their exquisite delicacy of flavour and aroma for which they have been awarded eight prizes, seven diplomas, and one first class certificate, are to be had from us in 1 lb. packets, and we respectfully solicit a trial from all who like a good cup of tea.

BOLTON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE ROAD.

OUR LADIES' POPULAR GOLD WATCH.

A VERY pretty little Watch, well finished, Jewelled movements, accurate and reliable.

GUARANTEED FOR TWO YEARS.

Gold Crystal-faced Keyless	Rs. 50
Gold Hunting Keyless	,, 65
Gold Half-hunting Keyless	,, 70

All uniformly priced. May be had in PLAIN, ENGINE-TURNED or ENGRAVED CASE.

MARCKS AND Co., Limited,

Opposite Clock Tower, BOMBAY. | Opposite Napier Hotel, POONA.

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SITUATE close to the Bunders and Sassoon Dock, where all Mail Passengers and Troops embark and disembark, thus avoiding the weary drive across the City, so trying to invalids after the sea voyage. It is within five minutes' drive of the Railway Terminis at Victoria and Colaba, and within five minutes' walk of the chief business houses in the Fort. It commands the finest Sea Views and Landscapes of any Hotel in Bombay, and is open on all sides to the Sea Breeze.

It is furnished throughout in first-class style

WITH SEPARATE SUITES OF ROOMS FOR FAMILIES OR BACHELORS.

The Cuisine is under the supervision of an English *Chef* and is specially suited for Europeans.

CHARGES MODERATE.

For terms, &c., apply to the MANAGER,
APOLLO BUNDER HOTEL, BOMBAY

HANDSOME PRESENTS.

FOR CHRISTMAS AND THE NEW YEAR.

TREACHER & Co., Limited, beg to call attention to the following List of Articles, suitable for Presentation. From their long experience and practical acquaintance with the business in every department they can assure their Constituents that they are in a position to give them every satisfaction. "Detailed Catalogues on application."

GOLD JEWELLERY.

	Rs.	Rs.
Bracelets	39 to	400
Brooches	8-8	500
Brooch and Earrings	40	300
Collar Studs	9	10-8
Compasses	8	80
Crosses	38	70
Demi Suites	40	300
Earrings	7	400
Fichu Brooches	8-8	200
Flower Holders and Brooches	27	250
Gentlemen's Albert Chains	100	200
Gold Studs	10 to	18
Gold Mounted Scent Bottles	18	20
Gent's Gold Rings	35	55
Ladies' Chains	27	150
Ladies' Collarettes	150	250
Ladies' Jewelled Rings	25	500
Ladies' Necklets	100	350
Lockets and Earrings	150	360
Lockets	35	500
Charms	20	30
Necklets	100	250
Pearl Ear Studs	50 to	60
Pearl Hairpins	75	150
Pencil Cases	18	100
Pen and Pencil Cases	40	100
Rings, Gipsy, Mizpah, &c.	20	30
Scarf Pins	6-12	100
Scarf Rings	22-8	60
Sleeve Links	30	60
Solitaires	27	40
Studs and Links	35	80
Trinkets	15	40
Wedding Rings	18	25

SILVER WARE.

	Rs.	Rs.
Babies' Bells and Whistles	10 to	25
Card Cases	35	60
Christening Presents	10	150
Cigar Cases	78	180
Children's Mugs	45	60
Cigarette Cases	27	55
Coffee or Ice Spoons	45	55
Flasks	60 to	80
Fruit Spoons	50	90
Goblets	110	200
Inkstands	140	180
Match Boxes	8	20
Muffineers	40	60
Napkin Rings	31-8	40
Pap Bowls	84	100
Salt Cellars	63 to	140
Scent Bottles	18	40
Snuff Boxes	50	60
Sugar Basins	63	110
Tea Services	200	400
Tea Spoons	50	60
Tobacco Boxes	40	50

SILVER JEWELLERY.

	Rs.	Rs.
Albert Chains	9 to	22-8
Bracelets	4	45
Brooches	4	20
Brooches and Earrings	12-8	25
Cigar Cutters	8	12
Collar Studs	1-8	2
Demi Suites	12-8	25
Earrings	7	10
Fichu Brooches	6 to	10
Ladies' Chains	9	12-8
Ladies' Collarettes	40	55
Ladies' Necklets	20	55
Lockets and Earrings	18	25
Lockets	8	25
Necklets	20	55
Pen and Pencil Cases	10	15
Pencil Cases	5 to	20
Rings	3-8	4-8
Scarf Pins	2	6
Sleeve Links	5	7
Solitaires	4	8
Studs and Links	9	12
Toothpicks	1-4	5
Wealemefnas	9	10

ELECTRO-PLATED AND BRITISH OAK WARE.

	Rs.	Rs.
Asparagus Helpers	13-8 to	16
Army and Navy Cups	17	30
Beer Jugs and Mugs	15	70
Biscuit Boxes	16	70
Brandy and Sodawater Frames	67	100
Breakfast Dishes	58	70
British Oak Ware	4	100
Butter Dishes and Coolers	18	50
Cabinet Dessert Sets	100	200
Cake Baskets	35	70
Candlesticks	45	70
Carlton Cruets	13-8	40
Cheese Scoops	2-8	18
Chutney and Soy Frames	35	40
Cigar Lamps	25	30
Claret Jugs	13-8	80
Cocktail Shakers	18	20
Cruet Frames	13-8	100
Crumb Scoops	15	27
Dessert Fruit Spoons	31-8	100
Dessert Stands	31-8	100
Dinner Cruets	25	100
Dish Covers	50	80
Egg Frames	31-8	50
Entre Dishes	50	85
Epergnes	70 to	250
Fish Carvers	22-8	30
Fish Knives	50	180
Flower and Fruit Stands	40	200
Goblets & Golf Cups	40	100
Grape Scissors	9	11
Ice Claws and Tongs	4-8	8
Ice Jugs	40	80
Ice Pails	11	31-8
Ice Water Urns	250	300
Jam and Marmalade Jars	13-8	40
Lamps	100	150
Liqueur Frames	55	100
Majolica Ware	4	100
Marmalade and Preserve Stands	13-8	40
Miniature Tea and Coffee Services	36	150
Muffineers	4	40
Napkin Rings	10	30
Nut Crackers	6	10
Oil & Vinegar Frames	15	20
Oak Writing Cabinets	60	500
Pepper Grinders	5-4	30
Pickle Prongs or Forks	1	9
Race Cups	16 to	100
Salad Bowls and Servers	50	70
Salt Cellars	20	60
Salvers	20	200
Sardine Boxes	27	40
Side Dishes	50	85
Sodawater Frames	20	40
Soy Frames	16	40
Spirit and Liqueur Frames	55	100
Sugar Baskets	25	60
Sugar and Cream Frames	36	40
Tankards	27	40
Tantalus Liquor Frames	40	120
Tart, Pie, or Pudding Dishes	13-8	30
Tea Caddies	50	60
Telescopic Cups	15	20
Tea and Coffee Services	100	400
Tilting Sets	130	150
Toast Racks	5-8	27
Tripartite Vegetable Dishes	80	130
Two Handled Trays	150	250

FANCY LEATHER GOODS.

	Rs.	Rs.
Albums	12 to	70
Aneroid Barometers	...	...
Ash Trays	1-8	5
Barometers	...	...
Binocular Glasses	...	...
Blotting Books and Cases	20	70
Cabinet Photo Frames	1-4	10
Card Cases and Trays	1-12	20
Cigar and Cigarette Cases	3	20
Desks and Work Cases	25	150
Dressing Cases & Bags	12	850
Fancy Tobacco Boxes	4	6
Fans	6	50
Fitted Bags, all kinds	7	850
Gongs	20	40
Gladstone Bags	22-8	60
Glove and Handkerchief Boxes	18 to	40
Glove Stretchers, Ivory	10	20
Housewifes	6	10
Ivory-backed Hair Brushes	40	60
Jewel Cases	25	100
Ladies' Carriage Bags	7	25
Ladies' Hand Bags	6-8	30
Ladies' Waist Belts	12	15
Memo. Books and Letter Cases	3	20
Necessaries, Etui, &c.	7	15
Official Writting and Letter Cases	20	60
Perfum Cases	10	60
Photograph Frames	1-4	40
Photo Screens	9 to	50
Pocket Letter Cases	4	20
Pocket Wallets	4	20
Purses	1-8	15
Scrap Books	5-4	40
Sets of Scissors	7	18
Smokers' Companions	60	70
Tantalus Perfume Cases	20	60
Telescopes	...	...
Travelling Bags, all kinds	35	850
Travelling Spirit Flasks	2	60
Work Boxes and Baskets	8	40
Writing Cases and Desks	15	150

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

INVALIDS' WINES,

CUTLER PALMER AND Co.

IMPORTANT TO HEALTH.

KEMP'S STANDARD ÆRATED WATERS.

MADE PERFECT BY FILTRATION AND TREATMENT B CHARCOAL.

BOTTLES RENDRED ABSOLUTELY CLEAN.
FACTORY PEN TO: INSPECTION.

The important point to which attention is invited in the character of these waters is their

SUPEROR PURITY.

NOTICE.—Orders for 10 dozens and upwards are sent anywhere in Bombay FREE of COOLYHIRE.

	Per doz. Rs. a.		Per doz. Rs. a.
Soda Water (5 Grains per Bottle)	0 12	Plain Ærated Water	0 12
Potash Water (as Pharmacopœia)	0 12	Medicinal Soda Water	1 0
Lemonade	1 0	Do. do. as Pharmacopœia	1 0
Tonic Water	1 0	Seltzer Water	1 0
Ginger Ale	1 0	Lithia Water	1 0
Gingerade	1 0	Raspberryade	1 0

Bottles (Stoppered or orked) charged Extra, but allowed for on return.

KEMP AND CO., LD.,
FORT, CUMBALA HILL & BYCULLA.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,

INVLIDS' WINES.

WHEN PURCHASING A WATCH

IT is necessary to remember the following THREE IMPORTANT CONDITIONS.

1.—That you obtain a reliable and serviceable timekeeper.

2.—That you obtain the best value for your money.

3.—That you deal with a house whose name is sufficient guarantee for strictly fair dealings.

MARCKS & COMPANY, Ld.

SPECIALLY RECOMMEND THE FOLLOWING FROM THE IMMENSE VARIETY OF WATCHES THEY KEEP ON HAND.

	Rs.
Their Original and everlasting Campaign Watch Keyless lever	35
Their "Popular" Keyless Watch	14
Their Silver Keyless Lever Watch	50
Their highest "Perfect" Gold Watch	240
Maximum Variation one minute per Month	
Their reliable Chrograph Watch	85
Their Lady's handsome Keyless, 18 ct. Gold Watch with finest works Crystal front	90
Do. do. Hunting case	120
Do. do. Half-Hunting case	125

REPAIRS OF EVERY KIND EXECUTED BY SPECIALISTS.

BOMBAY,
43, Esplanade Road,
Opposite Clock Tower.

POONA,
1, East Street,
Opposite the Napier Hotel.

OUR INDIAN TEAS.

THE numerous Testimonials from our esteemed Customers and the increasing demand for our Teas, notwithstanding the large quantity of cheap "stuff" offered in Bombay, prove that our Teas are superior to all and have enjoyed the highest reputation for their purity and delicacy of aroma.

TESTIMONIALS.

The Tea supplied to the Officers' Mess, 2nd Battalion East Yorkshire Regiment, during the past 5 years by Messrs. Morton, Maju and Co., has invariably given satisfaction.

G. H. JOHNSTON, Captain,
Mess President, 2nd Battalion East Yorkshire Regiment.
Colaba, Bombay, 22nd August 1887.

H. C. Detachment Mess, Jalna, 23rd August 1887.

I have much pleasure in testifying to the fine quality of the Tea supplied by you to the Mess. It is much appreciated by us all.

F. J. DOYLE, Surgeon,
Secretary, Hyderabad Contingent Detachment Mess, Jalna.
Secunderabad, August 24th, 1887.

I have much pleasure in informing you that the Tea you have supplied for the Mess for the last 12 years has been universally approved of. It has always been of uniform first-rate quality.

C. W. W. BURTON, Lt., Mess Secy., 8th M. I.

British Residency, Persian Gulf, Bushire, 10th September 1887.

I have much pleasure in saying that the Teas you have been supplying me with for some years have been entirely to our satisfaction. The latest consignments especially have been of excellent quality and flavour.

E. C. ROSS, Colonel.

Satara, 30th August 1887.

I have pleasure in stating I prefer your Tea to all others.

ANDREW BARRY, M. D., F. R. C. S., Surgeon-Major.
Superintendent of Matheran.

Kamptee, 12th September 1887.

I take the opportunity of telling you how pleased we are with your Teas. They are quite the best I have tasted in India, and every one likes them immensely.

F. D. LUMLEY, Captain,
2nd Middlesex Regiment.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

MORTON, MAJU & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS FOR COL. HAWES' TEAS,
22, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

TOBACCOS! TOBACCOS!!

NEUBERG'S SPECIALITIES, MANUFACTURED DAILY fresh and fresh, and acknowledged throughout India as being far superior to the best of *imported* preparations; combining every *desiderata* required in Tobacco by Smokers of all degrees.

NEUBERG'S CELEBRATED "GOLDEN BLOCK" MIXTURE.
The Prince of Smoking Mixtures.

NEUBERG'S GOLDEN SHAG,
Deliciously Fragrant.

NEUBERG'S VIRGINIA HONEY-DEW,
"An old Smoker's choice."

NEUBERG'S GOLDEN LEAF BIRD'S-EYE,
The Bird's-eye for India *par excellence*.

Note.—Manufactured of the *purest natural leaf* imported *direct* from the States. A fresh consignment just opened out. Trial and Comparison confidently invited.

SAMPLES AND PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION.

J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY.

THE MOST HANDY AND USEFUL
PRICED LIST
Ever Published in India
IS

PHILLIPS & COMPANY'S

PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED AND DESCRIPTIVE,
GENERAL LIST.
THOSE
CUSTOMERS AND INTENDING CUSTOMERS
Who have not received the List, are
INVITED TO APPLY
for a copy at either the

BOMBAY, OR POONA, ESTABLISHMENT.

LARGEST STOCK IN INDIA OF FASHIONABLE DRESS MATERIALS

MILLINERY, LACES, VELVETS, PLUSHES, ETC.

Personally selected by Mrs. SOUTHWELL in Europe.

LADIES obtain SPECIAL ADVANTAGES by having their Costumes at SOUTHWELL and AUSTIN'S where by careful attention to the subject of DRESS and the SUPERIORITY of their productions they now rank as the acknowledged LEADERS of FASHION.

SOUTHWELL & AUSTIN,

DRESS-MAKERS, MILLINERS AND LADIES' OUTFITTERS,
67, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY; EAST STREET, POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TOWN HALL.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7TH, 9 O'CLOCK,

GRAND EVENING CONCERT,

In aid of BUILDING FUND of the

WESLEYAN MILITARY AND NAVAL CHURCH, COLABA.

The following LADIES and GENTLEMEN have graciously consented to Assist :—

Lady MORLAND, Mrs. ADAMS, Miss FLOWER, Mr J. H DAVEY, Mr. R. C. DIXON, Mr. THELENBERG, and by kind permission of Colonel E. H. SMYTH, Commanding, the full Band of the East Yorkshire Regiment.

Tickets Rs. 4, 2 and 1, Early application necessary. Apply to

SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, for Railway construction in Kathiawar, two or three experienced ASSISTANT ENGINEERS. Apply, sending copies of certificates and stating salary expected, to the

ENGINEER-in-CHIEF,

Junagad Railway, Ghadechi, Kathiawar.

Knowledge of Guzerati very desirable.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Corporation, as already advertised, will be held here this day, MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 3 p.m.

H. WYNFORD BARROW,

Clerk, Municipal Corporation, and Secy., Town Council.

Bombay, Municipal Offices, November 26, 1887.

THE NEW GREAT EASTERN SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION having been made to this Company by BAI DINBAI, widow and Executrix of the late Mr. SHAPURJEE JAMASJEE BHOWNUGREE, for the issue of a New Share Certificate of Share No. 775, of which her deceased husband, Mr. Shapurjee Jamasjee Bhownugree, was the Registered Shareholder, on the ground that the ORIGINAL SHARE CERTIFICATE has been LOST. Notice is hereby given that such new Share Certificate will be issued to the applicant, unless this Company has notice of some legal claim to the said Share within fourteen days from this date.

By Order,

MUNCHERJEE NOWROJEE BANAJEE,

Secretary.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

COCOANUT AND CASTOR OILS.

TENDERS are invited for the Supply of COCOANUT and CASTOR OILS, required by the Company for twelve months, commencing the first day of February, 1888.

Tenders, which must be on the Company's Forms, sealed, superscribed, and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 1,000, will be received by the Acting Agent, at his Office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 p.m., Gunfire, on WEDNESDAY, December 14th, after which hour no Tender will be received.

Forms of Tender can be obtained and Samples seen upon application to the Undersigned.

The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,

Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 26th November, 1887.

FORGET NOT!

FORGET NOT!!

FORGET NOT!!!

THE TIME

DUE FOR ENGLISH AND FOREIGN NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS.

1ST JANUARY, 1888.

THE only Firm in India that supplies the Cheapest and with greatest despatch and punctuality.

Before giving Orders to others please ask for our newly prepared Price List.

To avoid delay in the transmission of our Orders to London for supplies of English and Foreign Newspapers and Periodicals, we beg most respectfully to remind our Customers, Local and Up-country, that the last day of sending in Subscription is the 25TH NOVEMBER, 1887.

CHRISTMAS CARDS!

CHRISTMAS CARDS!!

CHRISTMAS CARDS!!!

CARDS BY RAPHAEL TUCK AND SONS.

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CARDS BY PARIS AND GERMAN MAKERS

A Suitable present to friends at Home.

Splendid Collections of Carbon Photos of known Places in Bombay.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE & CO.,

26, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of HAJEE CHOOTTA PEER MAHOMED, late of Bombay, Kutchi Memon Inhabitant, Deceased.

HAJANI RAHMABAI (wife of Hajee Abu Bakar Ismail) the only daughter of the said Deceased ....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS, who have any Interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness SIR LITTELTON HOLYOAKE BAYLEY, Esquire, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, the 19th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven and in the Fifty-first year of our Reign.

(The Seal of the High Court at Bombay) Signed J. W. ORR, Registrar.

L. N. BANAJEE,

The 19th day of November 1887.

Messrs. ARDASIR HORMUSJEE & DINSHAW,

Petitioner's Attorneys.

SOUTHERN MAHARATTA RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE Chief Engineer and Acting Agent is prepared to receive tenders for the Purchase of the undermentioned Machinery :—

One Horizontal Stationary Engine (single cylinder) 12 Horse, by C. D Young and Co. In good order.

One Cornish Boiler, single flue, adapted for burning coal or wood, tested up to 80lbs. per square inch, on 9th February 1884, since which date it has been used only for one week. Working pressure 40lbs. per square inch.

2. One Ten-ton Stationary Crane, bed plate broken, otherwise in good order.

3. One Steam Road Roller, by Aveling and Porter, Rochester, Kent. 2 large Rollers, each 5 ft 6 in by 1 ft 8 in. and 2 small Rollers each 4 ft 8 in by 1 ft 9 in. Engine (10 Horse, single cylinder) is separated from Roller and has been used for some years for driving machinery. Rollers and frame require putting together.

4. One-bar Rolling Machine, of an obsolete pattern, disconnected and incomplete.

5. One Blast Fan, diameter of fan 4 feet, size of wings 14 by 9. second-hand.

6. The above Machinery can be seen by intending purchasers at the Mysore State Railway Locomotive Workshop, Bangalore, on any day during working hours.

Tenders should reach the Agent's Office, Dharwar, not later than 2nd January 1888.

J. G. LINDSAY, Col., R.E.,

Chief Engr. & Actg. Agent.

Dharwar, 24 Nov. 1887.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. DADY MANECKJI LIMJI, of Bombay, has contracted for the absolute sale of the undermentioned property. All persons therefore having or claiming any estate, right, title or interest to or in the same by way of gift, sale inheritance, mortgage or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make such claim known to the Undersigned, within 14 days from the date hereof, at their Office in Rampart Row, Fort, otherwise the contract will be completed without reference to any such claim, and all such claims will be considered as waived.

All that piece of Pension and Tax land, containing 34,000 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 61, 339, 605 and 204, 344, and 347. New Survey No. 7123, together with the Bungalow standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality formerly under No. 9, and now under Ward No. 3749, Street No. 17 Altamont Road, all which premises are situate at Cumballa Hill, in the Registration District of Bombay, and are bounded on the east partly by land formerly belonging to Minguel Dutt, Hurribhoy Datooji Khutree and Padree Bastian respectively, but now to Muncherjee Framjee Cama, the said Dady Maneckjee Limji, and the Maneckje Petit Spinning and WeavingCompany, Limited, respectively; on the west partly by a private passage belonging to the Vendor and dividing the premises under description from other property of the Vendor called New Burnee and partly by land formerly belonging to Jeejeebhoy Dadabhoy, and now to the Estate of Sorabjee Jeejeebhoy deceased; on the north partly land belonging to Dadabhoy Jugonath and F. A. De Chaves respectively; on the south partly by the property of Framjee Hormusjee Mehta and partly by that of Peroo Mahomed—Dated this 26th day of November 1887.

ARDESIR HORMUSJI & DINSHAW,

Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE is hereby given that JOSHI BHIMJEE HURIRAM has CONTRACTED TO SELL to NAVIBAI, widow of THAKER ROWJEE CULLIANJEE, the undermentioned property, and the said NAVIBAI has in her turn contracted to sell the said undermentioned property to MOGHIBAI, wife of THAKER PREMJEE PURSHOTAM. All persons having any claim to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of mortgage, sale, inheritance, gift, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever, are required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their Office, No. 2, Rampart Row, in Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived and the sale will be completed without any regard thereto.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land situate on the east side of Bora Bazaar Street, in the Sub-district of Bombay, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, under Old No. 577, New No. 5692, Old Survey No 876, New Survey No. 8704, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house and other buildings standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality, under Ward No. 2249, Street No. 25, and in n- by admeasurement (?) square yards and bounded on the east by the property of Canji Khetsey, on the west by Bora Bazaar Street, on the north by the property of Nayi Dharamsi, and on the south by the property of Cowverjee Cullianjee.—Dated this 26th November, 1887.

THAKURDAS DHARAMSI & CAMA,

Purchaser's Attorneys.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED,

BY the COLOMBO CLUB, a MANAGER or STEWARD. Must thoroughly understand his duties, which he will be required to perform under the supervision of the Secretary. Salary Rs. 150 per mensem with free board and lodging. Applications for the post which will be received up to the 15th December next, or for further particulars, to be addressed to the SECRETARY, Colombo Club, Colombo, Ceylon.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY COMPANY.

BRIDGE PLANT, &c., FOR SALE.

THE boring apparatus used in sinking the caissons of the Hooghly (Jubilee) Bridge, diving apparatus, buoys, anchors, chains, and other mooring tackle, self-propelling heave-up boat, Appold's centrifugal and Tangye's pumps, donkey-pumps, 3 to 7 H. P. pumping engines, iron punts, timber travelling gantry to lift 12 tons over-head, travelling crab to lift 12½ tons, steam and hand winches, vertical and 25-H. P. portable boilers, 20-H. P. semi-portable engines, teak-wood boats, dredgers, hydraulic jacks 20 and 100 tons, screw-jacks, jetty crane with steam winch to lift 10 tons, jetty with boat and girder gangway, steam pile-driver, small steam-hammers, Oregon and other spars and poles, rail-trusses each 7 feet long, semi-circular angle-iron trusses each 28½ feet over all, split driving pulleys, concrete-boxes, screw-cutting lathes, drilling-machines, saw-bench, iron tanks each of 4,000 gallons capacity, smiths hearths, blocks, bolts and nuts, ½ and ⅝ inch plain and stud chain, cold-sets, cup-sets, hot-sets, and side-sets, dollies, flogging, holding-up, and riveting hammers, drift pins, reamers, swages, tongs, and other tools, small riveted and rolled girders, iron piping, pulleys, steel and iron rivets and washers, wire rope and rope stoppers, angle, flat, round, square, and plate iron, &c, &c.

Also two sets of timber-preserving apparatus, more or less incomplete, comprising horizontal engines, boilers, and other fittings.

For further particulars apply to CONTROLLER of STORES, East Indian Railway, Calcutta.

D. W. CAMPBELL,

Agent.

Calcutta, November 23, 1887.

PROCLAMATION

FOR SETTLEMENT OF ISSUES.

IN THE COURT OF J. E. ROWE, Esquire, District Judge at Ludhiana.

Mrs. MATILDA HELEN OLDHAM, of Lucknow ....Plaintiff

Against

(1) Mrs. H. M. OLIVER, (2) Mr. R. N. HODGES, (3) Mr. E. W. HODGES (4) Mr. E. R. HODGES ....Defendants.

To Mr. EDWIN ROBERT HODGES, dwelling unknown.

WHEREAS Mrs. MATILDA HELEN OLDHAM, of Lucknow, has instituted a suit against you and other Defendants as abovenamed praying for the reliefs noted below* you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or by a duly authorized pleader of the Court, duly instructed, and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions, on the twenty-fifth day of January 1888, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the abovenamed plaintiff; and you are hereby required to take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before-mentioned, the issues will be settled in your absence, and you will bring with you or send by your pleader which the plaintiff desires to inspect, and any document on which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court this 10 day of November 1887.

(Seal). J. E. ROWE,

District Judge.

1. Should you apprehend your witnesses will not attend of their own accord, you can have subpoenas from his Court to compel the attendance of any witness, and the production of any document that you have a right to call on the witness to produce, on applying to the Court at any time before the trial, on your depositing their necessary subsistence-money.

2. If you admit the demand, you should pay the money into Court with the costs of the suit, to avoid the summary execution of the decree, which may be against your person or property, or both, if necessary.

NOTE.—If written statements are required, say—You are (or such a party is, as the case may be) required to put in a written statement by the day of

*(A.) To have the moveable and immoveable property of Robert Hodges, deceased, administered in this Court, and for that purpose to have all proper directions given and accounts taken.

(B.) For a division of the said moveable and immoveable property and for your petitioner's share therein according to law.

NOTICES.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE steamer "ASCALON," 1,523 tons, nett register, stranded fourteen miles North-West of Galle, will be sold as she lies BY PUBLIC AUCTION on the 17th of December. Photograph of the wreck can be seen at our Offices.

FINLAY MUIR & Co.,

Lloyd's Agents.

24th November, 1887.

APPOLO BUNDER.—The Undersigned beg respectfully to inform their Up-country Constituents and the Public generally that this Establishment known for many years as the Apollo Bunder Tiffin and Dining Rooms is in no way whatever connected with Mr. PALLONJI'S "APPOLO BUNDER HOTEL" close by. All correspondence meant for us should be addressed to GREEN and READ, Purveyors, &c.

TEAK TIMBER.

NOTICE to HOUSE BUILDERS, CONTRACTORS, RAILWAY COMPANIES, and other CONSUMERS of TEAK TIMBER.

From this date The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited, will sell direct to consumers of Teak Timber at the Rates and on the Office Terms hitherto allowed only to Dealers.

WALLACE & Co.,

Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers,

B. B. T. Corporation, Limited.

Bombay, 16th November, 1887.

BERIGNY & Co., CALCUTTA.

NO. 18—VETERINERY CHEST. A great big oak case adapted to Dr. Moore's Veterinary Homoeopathy for the treatment of Beasts, and containing all the medicines required, that is seventy-two pound and ounce bottles of Tinctures, nine half-ounce bottles of Triturations, a Graduated Drenching Glass, a pair of Scales and Weights, Scissors, Lint, Gutta-percha, and all other requisites—suitable for gentlemen owners of horses, horse dealers, stable keepers, veterinary surgeons, particularly Mofussil Residents. Price Rs. 115.

BERIGNY & Co.

TO TRAVELLERS IN INDIA.

WHITWORTH'S ANGLO-INDIAN DICTIONARY:—A glossary of colloquial and official terms; of the names of divinities, festivals, religions, and sects; of races, tribes, and languages; of castes and occupations; of the different eras and systems of chronology; of seasons, crops, and land tenures; and generally of all Indian terms used in English, and of English words peculiarly used in India.

Bombay, THACKER & Co., Rampart Row.

Price Rs. 9. Cash Rs. 8-4. Postage annas 6.

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Saturday Review.

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD SCALES

IN STOCK.

Portable Platform Scales of all descriptions and sizes.

Cotton Weigher's Beam.

Grocer's and Counter Scales.

Union or Family Scales and Letter Balances, &c.

Sole Agents for Western India :

PUNNETT & Co., Bombay.

Sub-Agents : M.M. MODY & Co., Ld.,

Apollo Street, Fort.

NOTICE.

GOKULDAS TEJPAL BOARDING SCHOOL.

THERE are 26 Free-Boarderships in the above School for Students of Arts, Medicine, and of VII and VI High School Standards. Such places of the above as may fall vacant on the results of the various ensuing University Examinations being known, will be filled up with deserving high caste Hindu Students of not above 23 years of age.

Students desirous of being admitted into the above School should apply, within the 20th December next, to the Undersigned, from whom printed forms of application can be had.

RAMDAS LADHA,

Secretary, Gokuldas Tejpal Charities.

11, Holi Chukla, Fort, Bombay, 11th Nov. 1887.

HURJIMULL AND CO.,

INDIAN JEWELLERS AND SHAWL MERCHANTS.

BEG to notify to his Patrons and Public that he has always on hand a rich and select of stock of Gem, Gold, Silver and fine art work Jewellery, Shawls, Chudders, Carpets, Indian and Chinese Curios, Tiger Skins, old and rich Persian Armours, &c., &c., and other things too numerous to mention. Prices beyond competition. Inspection invited.

ADDRESS:—RAMPART ROW, AND MEADOW STREET, next door SOUNDY & Co., Ld.,

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept. No COMMISSION charged. INTEREST allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance when not under Rs. 1,000. ACCOUNTS rendered half-yearly up to 30 June and 31 December. CHEQUE and PASS BOOKS furnished. GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment and approved CHEQUES on CALCUTTA and MADRAS received at par. CHEQUES on LONDON cashed or sent for collection.

PAY and PENSIONS realised free of charge except when under guarantee to Government.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the CLUBS and MESSES obtain their Supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For list of Prices apply to

THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,

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NOTICE.

THE largest Vineyard Proprietors and best SCOTCH and IRISH DISTILLERS have for a period of nearly three-quarters of a century been represented by us. We quote Mess and Club rates Five per cent. lower than those of other shippers, so obviating the necessity of Direct Importation. Our experience and enormous purchases enable us to offer special advantages.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,

Rampart Row, Bombay.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., ON SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned :—

CHAMPAGNE.

	Per 1 doz. quarts.	Per 2 doz. pints.
Eugene Cliquot Extra ....Rs.	56 0	...
Ernest Irroy's Carte d'Or .... ,,	55 0	...
Charles Heidsick's Grand Vin Premium, White Seal, Dry............ ,,	52 0	Rs. 54 0
Heidsick's Dry Monopole .... ,,	60 0	,, 62 0

STILL HOCKS.

From J. M. PABSTMANN, SOHN, MAYENCE.

SUPPLIERS TO H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

Laubenheimer.................. ,,	Rs. 18 0	
Deidesheimer..................Rs.	16 0	,, 19 0
Geisenheimer.................. ,,	17 0	,, ...
Niersteiner.................. ,,	19 0	,, ...
Liebfrauenmilch.................. ,,	21 0	,, 24 0
Steinwein.................. ,,	...	,, ...
Hochheimer Berg.................. ,,	25 0	,, 28 0
Rudesheimer.................. ,,	...	,, 28 0
Marcoorunner.................. ,,	28 0	,, 31 0
Johanisberger.................. ,,	35 0	...

FRENCH WHITE WINES.

From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.

Sauterne ....Rs.	20 0	...

PORT WINES.

From J. W. BURMESTER, OPORTO.

Good Old Red Port ....Rs.	19 0	...
Fine ,, ,, ... ,,	22 0	...
Very Superior ,, ... ,,	26 0	...
Most Superior Old Red Port .... ,,	42 0	...

CLARETS.

From MESSRS. H. & C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Frands ....Rs.	13 0	Rs. 15 0
St. Julien Medoc.................. ,,	14 0	...
Les Canons.................. ,,	16 0	18 0
Chateau Grand Lebrun .... ,,	18 0	...
Chateau Leoville .... ,,	19 0	...
Chateau Le Roc St. Estephe .... ,,	21 0	...
Chateau Lafitte .... ,,	23 0	...
Chateau Mauvesin .... ,,	27 0	...

From MUNZER & FILS.

Haut Canon ....Rs.	15 0	...
Margaux Medoc .... ,,	17 0	...
Chateau Larose .... ,,	28 0	...

From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.

Listrac Medoc ....Rs.	12 0	Rs. 14
Cru de Barreyre .... ,,	16 0	...

From J. ROEMER & SOHN, WIEN.

Hungarian Claret ....Rs.	17 0	...
Chateau Roemer .... ,,	16 0	...

From FRANZ SCARVASY.

Carlowitz ....Rs.	12 0	,, 14 0

From BRANDENBURG FRERES, BORDEAUX.

St. Julien, Star Label ....Rs.	12 0	Rs. 14 0
,, Red Bar.................. ,,	12 0	,, 14 0
Chateau Larose.................. ,,	20 0	,, 22 0

BRANDY.

F. Dessandier & Co.'s * Brandy......Rs.	21 0	
Cognac, Gold labels, Gold capsules... ,,	27 0	
Cognac, Gold labels, Blue capsules ,,	30 0	
Vieux Cognac fine Champagne...... ,,	35 0	
Charles Lervoire very old Brandy*** ,,	37 0	

BURGUNDY.

From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.

Volnay..................Rs.	21 0	

WHISKY.

Thistle Blend Whisky *** ......Rs.	25 0	
,, ,, ,, * ...... ,,	23 0	
Ben Cruachan's Blend * ...... ,,	20 0	

BEER.

	Per doz. qts.	Per doz. pts
Bavarian Export Beer ....Rs.	6 0	Rs. 3 8
Anton Dreher's Vienna Beer .... ,,	6 0	,, 4 0
Marburg's Pilsener Beer .... ,,	5 4	,, 3 4
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ITALIAN WINES.

Vino Barbera ....Rs.	15 0	...
Vino Grignolino .... ,,	15 0	...
Etna Rossa .... ,,	14 0	...

SUNDRIES.

Italian Vermouth (Torino) ....Rs.	16 0	...
Do. Finest .... ,,	18 0	...
Finest Kummel.................. ,,	30 0	...
Chartreuse, Yellow.................. ,,	63 0	...
Swiss Cheese in tins from lbs. 29 to 31.Rs.	0 11	per lb.

PRESERVED MEATS, SAUSAGES, VEGETABLES, &c.

		Rs.
Danish Butter, finest ....per 1 lb. tin		1 4
Italian Butter, finest, extra quality ... ½ lb. tin at		0 9
	1 do.	1 0
	2 do.	1 12

From BUSH, BARNEWITZ & Co., WOLFENBUTTEL.

	Per Large Tin	Per Small Tin.
Asparagus..................Rs.	2 8	Re. 1 8
Celery .... ,,	...	,, 0 10
French Beans .... ,,	...	,, 0 10
Young Peas .... ,,	...	,, 0 12
Young Carrots .... ,,	...	,, 0 10
Spinage in Water.................. ,,	...	,, 0 10
Mushrooms .... ,,	...	,, 0 12
White Cabbage.................. ,,	...	,, 0 12
Small Sausages .... ,,	...	,, 1 6
Smoked Sausages .... ,,	...	,, 1 8
Liver Sausages .... ,,	...	,, 1 0

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Net cash, no discount.

No order for less than one original package of Wines, Beer, &c. (Provisions excepted) will be executed.

Outstation orders should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

Interest charged at the rate of Nine per cent. per annum on all accounts, after three months.

VOLKART BROTHERS,

Rampart Row.

Bombay, August 28, 1887.

GERMAN LLOYD

MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, Ld.

CAPITAL M3,000,000—RESERVE FUND M750,000

EVERY DESCRIPTION of SEA-RISKS accepted at most favorable Rates.

F. FISCHER & Co.,

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DAVEY, PAXMAN & Co. STEAM ENGINES as supplied to Windsor Castle for H. M. the Queen H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh, the Home and Colonial Governments, the Austrian, Italian, Spanish, Dutch, Swedish and other Governments. The Fisheries, Healtheries, Inventories, Colinderies, Post Offices, Lloyds, Board of Works, &c.

HIGHEST AWARDS—STOCKS ON HAND.

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SHIPMAN KEROSINE ENGINE Co., Boston. No fuel but kerosine oil. No Engineer. THE BEST ENGINE FOR INDIA. Stocks on hand. Can be seen at.

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STEAM ENGINES FOR SALE!

MARSHALL'S Portable, 12 H. P. Second-hand, in Perfect Condition

ROBEY'S 12 H. P. Semi-portable, new.

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INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, Ld.

(GRAMME, BRUSH, EDISON DYNAMOS, AND OTHER DYNAMOS FOR ARC AND INCANDESCENT LAMPS).

THE above comprise all the chief systems of Electric Light and Power in use in Europe.

OUR PRICES OF ALL MATERIAL DEFY COMPETITION.

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TELEPHONES & ELECTRIC BELLS.

The new MAGNETO TELEPHONES require no BATTERY!

INSULATED WIRE AND CABLE

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FOR ELECTRIC LIGHTING, BELLS, Telephones Submarine, Underground and Mining Operations, As supplied to the English, Colonial and Foreign Governments.

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GAS MACHINES.

For 150 to 250 lights.

Unprecedentedly Cheap. An opportunity for Rajahs, Municipalities, &c.

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CRISTALLERIES DE BACCARAT — PORCELAINES DE SARREGUEMINES.

WE invite inspection of the Depôt of these Companies' Manufactures. Crystal Chandeliers Glass and China Ornamental and Tableware. Real and Zinc Artistic Bronzes, Mirrors, &c. A Magnificent display. Dealers supplied at Fabrik Prices free of Commission.

F. FISCHER & CO.,

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HUMMUM STREET.

PILSENER BEER—UNSURPASSED QUALITY.

Special price to introduce it largely.

QUARTS, case of 4 dozens.......... Rs. 4-8 per doz.

PINTS do. 8 do. ...... ,, 2-12 ,,

F. FISCHER & CO.

HUMMUM STREET.

PRINTING INK.

THE Best and Cheapest in the Market, suitable for fine and rough work. Barrels of 50 lbs. Rs. 15. Barrels of 100 lbs. Rs. 14.

F. FISCHER & Co.,

Agents for India.

HUMMUM STREET.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.,

WATCH MANUFACTURERS AND JEWELLERS,

BOMBAY.

MESSRS. FAVRE-LEUBA & Co. beg to draw the attention of the Public to their fine and Varied Stock of 18 Carat Gold Jewellery consisting chiefly of

GENTLEMEN'S ALBERT CHAINS in 18, 20, 22 Carat Gold.

LADIES,		do.	do.	do.	do.
Do.	NECK	do.	do.	do.	
Do.	NECKLETS	do.	do.	do.	

LOCKETS.

A MOST BEAUTIFUL COLLECTION OF THE NEWEST PATTERN.

GEM RINGS. KEEPER RINGS.

WEDDING RINGS.

ALSO THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK IN STERLING SILVER JEWELLERY.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

WATSON AND COMPANY

HAVE REMOVED FROM

ESPLANADE HOTEL

TO

1, CHURCH GATE STREET.

CHATEAU-CHENONCEAU.

THE above Estate is spreading out along the Banks of the river Cher in hillocks all covered with Vine Plantations. The abundant Crops which are reaped every year are specially used for making the CHATEAU-CHENONCEAU Sparkling Wines.

Not to talk of Similar Wines of inferior quality the Chateau-Chenonceau is possessed of all the qualities of the finest growths of Champagne, to which it can be advantageously compared.

In the several Exhibitions, the Chateau-Chenonceau has successively obtained the highest rewards.

The prices are kept specially moderate to get the name appreciated according to its merits.

Extra Dry	...	Rs. 36-8	per doz.
Dry	...	,, 30-8	,,
Extra Dry	...	,, 42-12	Per Case of 2 doz. pints.
Dry	...	,, 36-8	,, ,, ,,

TO BE HAD FROM MEIFFRE NEVEU & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS.

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BANK OF ENGLAND,

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.

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C. LOWELL, Manager.

Rampart Row, W.

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On Current Deposit Accounts, at the rate of 2 per cent per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 500 and upwards but not exceeding Rs. 100,000.

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CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

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Offices of the Corporation, Church-gate-street, Bombay

December 12, 1885.

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RESERVE FUND—£200,000.

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TENDERS are invited for the supply of TEAK and PINE TIMBER.

Forms of Tender, specification and all further information will be supplied on application to the office of the Chief Engineer and Acting Agent, Southern Mahratta Railway Company, at Poona.

Poona, November 21, 1887.

NOTICE

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EXECUTE ORDERS FROM ANY

CO-OPERATIVE STORE CATALOGUE,

Supplying Goods of equal quality and at the same prices. No Orders executed unless accompanied by all remittance.

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BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk.

Sold in ½lb. and pound tins, labels thus :—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,

HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,

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ALSO MAKERS OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional Gravel and Pains in the Back. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

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LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

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H. H. THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY Company the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.

The Cantonment of SECUNDRABAD, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM, garrisoned by two regiments and one battery of the Hydrabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about 4 miles are the suburbs of Hydrabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDRABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGAWARUM and TANDUR.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES HOTELKEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising.*

There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India. Looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines on Western India, Native Merchants, Traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.

Advertisers can select the Stations at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers may be printed at moderate charges in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.; on twelve Stations or more, twenty-five per cent.

The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Special arrangements for long periods.

For further particulars apply to the Manager of the *Gazette* Office, Rampart Row, Fort.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Jamshed Manufacturing Company, 3 p.m.
Band, B. V. R. Corps, Esplanade, 5-30 p.m.

Vessels arrived.—The following vessels arrived yes day :—Kt. of St. John (s), from Cardiff ; and Booldana (s), Calcutta.

Vessels sailed.—The following vessels sailed on the 26th :—Sutlej (s), and Bormida (s), for China ; and Baghdad (s), Zanzibar and Aden. Yesterday :—River Indus (s), for Aden ; Sierra Morena (ship), Calcutta ; and Goolinar (schooner), Damaun.

A Whipping.—At the Fort Police Court, on Saturday, Mr. Crawley-Boevey convicted a Hindu, named Muggashah Dulshah, on a charge of stealing two bars of soap from the s. s. Clan Sinclair and ordered him to receive fifteen strokes with a rattan.

Death from Burns.—An inquest was held by the coroner yesterday at Baloo Serang Street, touching the death of a Mahomedan, lad aged 4 years, named Mamon Dawood. Deceased on the morning of the 23rd instant was playing with a box of lucifer matches, when the matches ignited and set his clothes on fire. He sustained entensive burns about his chest and abdomen. He died yesterday morning at 6 o'clock. A verdict of accidental death by burns was recorded.

Suicide by Drowning.—An inquest was held by the coroner on Saturday at Sooparee-Baugh Road, touching the death of Bablee Vittoo, aged 30 years. Deceased was a mill labourer, and lived with his brother at Parell. He was addicted to drink. On thursday evening last his brother found him lying drunk in the house, and chastised him, when he became angry and left the house. On Saturday morning his body was found floating in a tank near the house. A verdict of suicidal death by drowning was recorded.

Cook's Moonlight Excursion.—Another of Messrs. Cook and Son's moonlight trips in the harbour was made on Saturday evening. This was one at a reduced price. The wisdom of varying the fare on alternate occasions was demonstrated on Saturday, for not only was it a popular excursion in every sense of the word, but also a remunerative one to the promoters. Their attention might, however, be called to one matter with advantage. Although 8-30 was advertised as the hour of departure it was 8-40 before the vessel was brought alongside the pier ; and 9-10 before it left. Punctuality should be observed, even on pleasure trips.

Dharwar and the National Congress in Madras.—A Madras correspondent writes to us :—" A large meeting of the different communities of Dharwar was held last Sunday to consider the question of sending delegates to the third meeting of the National Congress, which is to be held at Madras during the ensuing Christmas Holidays, and it was resolved to depute four gentlemen, who are the leaders of different interests in the town, to represent the views of the people here, on the different questions that may be brought before the Congress for consideration."

Music at the Bandstand.—The following programme of music will be played by the Band of the B. V. R. Corps, at the Esplanade Bandstand this evening at 5-30 p.m. :—

March	On Popular Songs	Ackerman.
Overture	French Comedy	Kela Bela.
Valse	Iris	Bucalossi.
Cavatina	Regnava Nel Silenezio (Lucia di Lammermoor)	Donizetti.
Gavotte	Muriel	Ed. Amellon.
Polka	Husaren	P. Hertel.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Fatal Carriage Accident.—An inquest was held by the coroner on Saturday at the J. J. Hospital, touching the death of Govind Ramjee, aged 30 years. Deceased was a labourer and lived in Chundunwady. He was addicted to drink. At about 8 p. m. on Friday, while under the influence of liquor and attempting to Cross Kelka Street, he was knocked down and run over by a shigram driven by Gopal Jygee. Three ribs on his right side got fractured. He was at once removed to the hospital, where he died about 11 o'clock the same night. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

The Result of Getting his Wages.—Kurimbux Shaik Manigoo was on Saturday charged before Mr. Crawley-Boevey with being drunk and disorderly. According to the evidence of the policeman in charge of the case, the prisoner was locked up at 4 a.m. that morning, having been found in a drunken state. He was released on bail about 6 a.m., but shortly afterwards was again locked up, he having obtained more liquor. In answer to the Magistrate the prisoner said he was a bearer and had recently returned from Burma with his master, who that morning had paid him his wages and left by the "Serapis." His Worship fined the defendant Rs. 9 and Re. 1 conveyance hire.

Breach of the Municipal Act.—Dugdia Cooshna and four other butchers of the Mhar caste were on Saturday charged, at the instance of Market Inspector, Enoch Solomon, before Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee with bringing, on Friday last, buffalo meat from Coorla into the city of Bombay, not slaughtered at the authorized slaughter-houses at Bandora, without a pass or permission from the Municipal Commissioner in contravention of Section A, Chapter IV., Clause XI. of the Municipal bye-laws. The accused, on admitting the truth of the complaint, were fined Rs. 2 each.—Keeroo Khundoo was charged on the trade of a butcher at the Arthur Crawford Beef Market on that day, without a license from the Municipal Commissioner. The accused, on admitting the charge, was fined Rs. 5.

The Curious Robbery and Kidnapping Case.—At the Fort Police Court on Saturday, before Mr. Ryan, Ramath, a young girl, of the Khoja community, was again brought up on a charge of stealing gold ornaments and other property, valued at Rs. 2,150, the property of her mother Jaythai. Mahomed Ally Sheriff was also charged with receiving and detaining the property knowing it to be stolen. Mr. Brown prosecuted, Mr. Atmaram Jugganath defended. On Saturday several witnesses having been called for the defence Mr. Atmaram addressed the Court, and in the course of his remark contended that the property belonged to the girl Ramath and the mother had no claim upon it, she merely being the custodian of it, until the marriage of her daughter who had always used the ornaments and had a separate key to open the box from which they had been taken. None the property had been misappropriated, the accused, Ramath, having deposited it with another person for safe custody. It was absurd to accuse the girl of stealing her own property, and if that was all that had been done the second accused could not be convicted of receiving it. Mr. Ryan, in discharging both the prisoners, said he had come to the conclusion that Ramath did not take the property from the safe with a guilty knowledge, for she evidently took it, believing it to be her own ; consequently no attempt of theft had been committed, and if that was the case no charge could rest upon Mahomed Ally. The accused were accordingly discharged.

A "Piece-meal" Case.—Superintendent Sweeney, in charge of the Water Police, appeared before Mr. Crawley-Boevey at the Fort Police Court on Saturday, and asked his Worship to grant him five witness summonses in the case in which Mr. Walter Williamson, the third engineer of the s.s. Clan Macdonald, stands charged with causing grievous hurt to a native fireman named Imamoodeen Jan Mahomed. His Worship informed Mr. Sweeney that he should not grant the summons until he had heard the complainant's statement. He further characterised the manner in which the case had been placed before him as "piece-meal." First of all, he said, Mr. Williamson had been arrested on the unsupported statement of the complainant, and placed before the Court; a remand was granted, and on the next hearing two witnesses were produced, but their evidence not being considered sufficient, a further remand was obtained, and three more witnesses were found and brought to the Court. Now, as their evidence was not of very great importance, he (the Magistrate) was asked to allow fresh witnesses to be called. After some further conversation with the Superintendent he desired to know what material evidence the new witnesses would give. Mr. Sweeney said one would speak as to taking the complainant, who was then unwell, to the Shipping Office ; another was the landlord of the house where he resided during the interval between his discharge from the ship and admission to the J. J. Hospital ; the third man would depose to conveying him to the hospital. Mr. Crawley-Boevey admitted that this would be material evidence, but considered it would be unfair to hear it, unless Mr. Williamson was also present. In answer to further questions, Superintendent Sweeney said that the injured man's health had improved, and he would be brought to the Court as soon as possible. The Magistrate ultimately agreed to grant the summonses making them returnable next Tuesday, while he also directed that Mr. Williamson should be communicated with, so that he might be present and question the additional witnesses.

Juvenile Artfulness.—Inspector Guider, on Saturday, charged a Hindu boy, named Bawa Oosman, before Mr. Crawley-Boevey at the Fort Police Court, with stealing six currency notes, of the collective value of Rs. 500, the property of his master, a merchant, residing in Tindal Street. It appears that the accused, on Friday afternoon, went to the shop of a dealer in clothes, situated in Dongree Street, and asked to be shown several different articles of wearing apparel. On his wish being complied with, he made a selection tendering as payment for the goods he had chosen a Rs. 50 note. The shopkeeper wondering how it was that such a lad as Bawa was in possession of that large sum, questioned him as to the manner in which he had obtained it. The prisoner stated in reply that his uncle, who was the *Tindal* of a *Muchwa*, had given him the money, telling him to go to the market and buy himself some new clothes. The shopkeeper suspected that this was an untruth and told the prisoner to take him to his uncle. Bawa took the cloth merchant to the Mody Bunder, and shouting out a fictitious name, obtained no reply from the boatmen. He then informed the clother that his uncle must have left his *Mutchwa* and gone on shore. The shopkeeper eventually took Bawa to Inspector Guider. On being questioned by this officer the lad still maintained that he had been entrusted with the Rs. 50 by his uncle, but Mr. Guider, after hearing the statement of the shopkeeper, proceeded to search Bawa when he discovered in his pockets six other currency notes of the aggregate value of Rs. 300 and accordingly detained the lad in custody. After being locked up for a short time Bawa took the Inspector to the house of his master in Tindal Street. Hajee Abdoola Ismail, the complainant, then informed the officer that on Thursday night he saw the accused standing in his room, and on asking him what he wanted that boy answered "nothing," but complainant noticed that he was trying to hide some papers which he had in his hand. Complainant snatched them away and found they were several Rs. 50 notes. On going to his box he ascertained that a sum of Rs. 600 had been abstracted, but thinking he had recovered all the stolen money he neglected to count the notes he had taken from the boy and put them in his box. He then turned the boy out of the house. The prisoner, when placed before the Magistrate on Saturday, stated that he had given some of the notes to two other boys, and on the application of Mr. Guider the case was adjourned in order that they might be produced.

Distinguished Guests.—On Thursday evening last, T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Connaught gave a Civilians' dinner at Magdala House, the guest of the evening being Sir Alfred Lyall, late Lieutenant-Governor of the N.-W. Provinces and Oude. Again last night, their Royal Highnesses gave a similar Military dinner in honour of Lieut.-General Sir Charles Arbuthnot, K. C. B., Commander-in-Chief of the Madras Army. The band of H. E. the Governor, under Herr Zimmer, was present on the former, and that of the 2nd Durham L. I., under Mr. Healy, on the latter occasion.—*Deccan Herald.*

Carriage Accident at Poona.—On Friday evening there occurred what might have proved a serious accident. Miss Gardiner, daughter of the postmaster, was returning home from school in her carriage, when opposite the Bishop's High School the horse was startled by a woman who was sweeping the road. This woman, as is the usual custom of her class, continued working until the carriage was close up to her ; and then getting alarmed, held up her broom and caused the horse to shy across the road. Miss Gardiner fortunately jumped out in time, and escaped unhurt ; but the carriage was upset into a ditch, the hood, one shaft, and a lamp broken, besides other damages. The horse, of course, came down, but was not injured ; the driver was severely shaken ; and a wheel passed over the sweeper's leg, which was nearly broken. The obstinacy of natives in delaying to get out of the way of vehicles is marvellous ; and the only wonder is, that similar accidents do not more often occur.—*Ibid.*

THE CARLTON CLUB BALL.

The annual ball given by the Carlton Club was held on Friday evening in the Town Hall. It was as successful as any of it predecessors, as the arrangements had been entrusted to a strong committee of which Mr. Pearson was president. The members and their friends attended in large numbers, and with such adjuncts as a well chosen programme of twenty-four dances, delightful floor, which was canvassed, and a good string band, it may readily be assumed that "joy was unconfined" till morn, for youth and pleasure did "meet, to chase the the glowing hours with flying feet." The sombre old Hall was bedecked with flags and foliage. At midnight the dancers repaired to the supper room where the hospitality which attended earlier at the refreshment buffets reigned supreme, and the pleasure seekers, with renewed energy danced out the rest of the programme. If fault could be found with such a well managed affair it was with the selections of music, which were what can now be called old fashioned. However this is a matter which can be attended to on the next occasion, when it is to be hoped the club will maintain its prestige with as enjoyable a ball as that given on Friday.

HIGH COURT.—November 28.

(Before the Hon'ble the Acting Chief Justice.)

Motion.

383-86—Little, S, F and N—Ahmed bin Shaik Essa Khuliffa and others vs. Shaik Essa bin Khuliffa and others—P G and S, and M E and H.—Part heard.

To speak to the minutes of decree.

119-87—Janardhan G—Runchordas Surji and another vs. Camarbai and another—Hore, C and B.

For dismissal.

58-85—Macfarlane, E and H—Abdool Gafoor Kikabhoy vs. Hassanally Lallmeya—Nanu and H, and P, G and S.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Scott.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

For Consent Decree.

395-87—Shamrao P—Dinkur Ramkrishna Joshi vs. F L Charles—Crawford and B.

314-87—Balkrishna and D—Gopekabai vs. Crustnarao Cassinath—Hore, C and B.

Undefended New Long Causes.

315-87—E Wilkin—Thucker Balloo Walji vs. Sha Luckmidas Nuthoo.

416-87—Mansuklul and D—Dharsey Ludha vs. Essoofally Esmalji.

Long Causes.

248-87—Thakurdas D and C—Lallji Kutchra and others vs. Dharamsi Kara and another—Little, S, F and N.

323-87—Jefferson, B and D—Cowasji Ruttonji Limboowala vs. Burjorji Rustomji Limboowala and others—Chalk, W and S.

136-87—T A Bland—For pauper—C G Bigglie vs. W Bigglie and another.

340-86—Thakurdas D and C—Gulamhoosen Khan Mahomed and another vs. Veerji Damji—Wadia and G.

25-87—Craigie L and O—Nuthubhai Shamlal and another vs Gulamhoosen Abdoolalli—Mansuklal and D.

374-87—Jefferson B and D—C A Turner vs. H H Aga Akbarsha—Thakurdas D and C.

384-87—In person—Damoder Eshwardas vs. P A Mesquetta and others—In person.

360-87—Wadia and G—Haji Jackaria Cummoo and others vs Haji Vayadina Cassum and others—Tobin and R, and Jefferson B and D.

There is nothing original under the sun. This is particularly true about ghost stories. Have the Japanese peasantry borrowed their ghosts from Mr. Louis Stevenson, and M. Theophile Gautier, or have these authors adopted the Japanese ideas, or may not all of them have hit by accident on the same spectres ? These questions are suggested by some "Japanese Ghosts" that "walk" in the *San Francisco Overland Mail.* One of them is M. Gautier's "La Morte Amoureuse," the dead love (a wife in Japan), who returns to her husband's bed and board, and next morning is found a corpse. As if this were not horrible enough, the Japanese give us a native version of Mr. Stevenson's "Thrawn Janet," the woman who was hanged against the wall by the Fiend. But the Japanese demon was even more cruel, as readers may find out for themselves, than Mr. Stevenson's "Black Man." Apparently our race lives on a very limited set of "story-radicals," or ideas for fiction.

Sudden and serious illness has disarranged the plns of the Duke of Sutherland for a visit this cold weather to India and Siam. His large steam yacht left England towards the middle of last month for Suez, and the Duke proposed to go overland to Brindisi, to travel per P. and O. steamer to Alexandria to cross Egypt by rail to Suez, to embark there in his yacht, and to proceed to Marmagoa. He is interested to the extent of £40,000 in the Goa Railway, and he proposed to see for himself how the works in connection with that line, and in connection with the creation of a port at Marmagoa, are progressing. Having done this he intended to travel by rail to Madras, his yacht meanwhile coming round *via* Ceylon ; and here he would have embarked for Bangkok, where he proposed to witness some coronation ceremonials. He visited India twelve years ago when he was one of he suite of the Prince of Wales.

KIDNAPPING A JEWISH GIRL.

At the Girgaum Police Court, on Saturday, Dinanath Keroba, described as a draughtsman, was charged before Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee with having on the 24th instant kidnapped one Seima, a Jew girl, from the lawful guardianship of her father, Abraham Daniel. Mr. Shamrao M. Rele appeared for the accused. Seima girl, said : She was 12 years of age, unmarried and lived with her father at Parel. She had known the accused from childhood. He lived in her neighbourhood. She had been on speaking terms with him in the Bazaar. They had not been to each other's houses. On Thursday, about noon, she was standing on the verandah of her house when the accused came and asked if she had a fowl to sell, she said no, and he left. At 2 p.m., on the same day, she was on the verandah with a child of her brother's, when the accused again came and said he was going to Bassein that day, and asked her if she was willing to go with him. She made no reply. He said if she went with him, he would take care of her, as her father and mother ill-treated her. She then consented to go; and he told her to take with her any ornaments that she could lay her hands upon. Accused then left. At 3 p.m., when she was standing at the verandah of the upper floor of her house, accused came on the road and beckoned to her. She went down, taking with her from a drawer of a cupboard, the ornaments before the Court, one head ornament, one *vujurtic*, one neck ornament, with a *Pootli*, one nosering, two currency notes for Rs. 20 each and one for Rs. 10. The two then went to Government House compound, accused asked her to go with him to the Parel station, and went there. As there was no train available for Bassein, they left the station and went as far as the Victoria Gardens on foot, and there got into a Tram-car and went to Bori Bunder, where they got down and the accused took her to a hut. The door of the hut was closed. A man named Rama Bheewa came and opened the door. The accused's brother Gopinath then came. He and another man brought some liquor. The accused and Gopinath drank the liquor. She did not drink any. Gopinath asked the accused why he had brought her there. Accused said he had not brought her, but that she had followed him. Gopinath told the accused to take her back to her house. The rupees and ornaments were tied up in a bundle and she carried it with her to Boree Bunder, Gopinath left the hut after drinking liquor and she then gave the *vujurtic* and the three currency notes for Rs. 50 to the accused. He took the ornament and the currency notes and went out saying he would return. He did so and took her to Parel by the train at half past 6 p.m. from the Bori-Bunder station. They got down at Parel. Accused walked ahead of her and she followed him, and while they were going along, her father and brother come and stopped the accused and he was given into custody. The *vujurtic* and the Rs. 50 are not yet recovered. The accused paid the train fare for her and himself.

At this stage the case was adjourned and the accused was remanded to jail.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE DOG-TAX IN BOMBAY.

Both the *Jame-Jamshed* and the *Bombay Samachar* oppose the proposal of the Inspector-General of Police to introduce a dog-tax in Bombay. The *Jame* advocates muzzling as an effectual remedy against the danger arising from the freedom which is at present enjoyed, to a certain extent, by stray dogs ; while the *Samachar* considers that the practice of seizing or destroying ownerless curs is quite sufficient for the protection of the public, although mad dogs may at times escape the vigilance of the police. The writer wishes the Corporation had rejected at once the proposal of levying a tax, instead of appointing a committee to consider and report on the subject.

THE "NATIONAL CONGRESS."

The *Gujerat Gazette* :—The coming month is the month of the Indian National Congress, seemingly the most important event of the year. Congresses are intended to concentrate in a narrow space the entire moral force of the country and this intention can be realised, if the congresses are thoroughly representative. We have been told our congress are representative and that thus their character has been even recognised by the Imperial Government. We believe so far as the congresses represent so many places, they justify their boasts ; but a representation of places does not mean a representation of divergent interests, or one of different opinions ; and we repeat our Indian congresses represent the higher aristocracy of education, and those few who in search of popularity hang upon the newly created aristocracy. On no other ground but this alone, can the "national" unanimity be explained. People who understand political problems prate ; those who do not, hold fast to the prattlers. Yet a midst the general prattling undoubtedly some good work is being done. Political problems, never mind the clumsiness of the salutation, are solved. Lights are thrown upon mysterious questions, and the reading public for a time is fed with interesting articles. The National congresses do not require to be discountenanced. All that we want is that they would touch upon questions more immediately concerning us, more to our needs, and less upon lines laid down by theorists who take care to make abstractions of circumstances.

THE STATUTORY CIVIL SERVICE.

The native papers are generally glad of the introduction in Bengal of the competitive test among candidates for the Statutory Civil Service. The *Kaiser-i-Hind* says the Bombay Government ought to follow in this matter the example of Bengal. An acknowledgment of the principle of competition for admission to this service will be a decided improvement upon the system of selection, and the deserving will thus meet with their due reward at the hands of Government.

It is difficult, without the test of competition, to determine what men are extraordinary in intelligence and what are merely commonplace. We have had bitter experiences of men entering the Civil Service, because the competitive test was not applied to them ; Government have hitherto selected for service persons of hardly any acknowledged merits, whose title to the lucrative places being their descent from or connection with influential families. We certainly do except from our remarks a few gentlemen who have been gracing the service by their accomplished presence. But saving these, the absence of the competitive test has made it a difficult task for Government to exercise a rational choice, and we hail with joy the recognition of the new principle.—*Gujerat Gazette.*

SIR TAKHATSINGHJI OF BHOWNAGAR.

The *Rast Goftar* says :—We were glad to see for a short time in our midst his Highness Sir Takhatsinghji, the Maharaja of Bhownagar, The Maharaja has proved himself fully deserving of the honour of a C. S. I. which has been bestowed upon him by the Queen Empress-an honour which he has been the first to receive among native princes in this Presidency. There was a time, when no one knew much of Bhownagar, beyond the confines of Gujerat. Now the growth of the State, and its increasing prosperity have acquired fame over a much wider area. Formerly, the princes of Kattyawar seldom left the territories which they ruled ; and the salutary example of travel was set to them, twenty-five years ago, by Jaswatsinghji, the late Thakorsaheb of Bhownagar. The railway has now afforded to these princes many facilities for travel which they have not been slow to avail themselves of. But the honour of first introducing the railway in the province of Kattyawar belongs to Bhownagar.

THE ADULTERATION OF GHEE.

The *Rast Goftar* says :—We hope the passing of the Bill drafted by the Municipal solicitors will afford a sufficient guarantee to the public against the adulteration of ghee. It appears that great care has been taken to introduce in the Bill clauses which will effectually prevent fraud on the part of traders in that commodity.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

Bombay, 25th November, 1887.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·947
Temperature of the Air	79·7
Wet Bulb Termometer	68·6
Dew Point	62·9
Relative humidity of Air	·577
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=10)	1·2
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	87·9
Minimum do. do (read at 10 a.m.)	71·4
General Directions of Wind*	ENE, NE, NW, NNW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	318

* From midnight to midnight.

Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil.—Palatableness, and the facility with which it is digested are distinctive characteristics of Dr. de Jongh's Cod Liver Oil. Dr. Granville, F. R. S., author of "The Spas of Germany," writes : "Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil does not cause the nausea and indigestion too often consequent on the administration of the Pale Oils. Being, moreover, much more palatable, Dr. Granville's patients have themselves expressed a preference for Dr. de Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil." Sold only in capsuled Imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts, by all chemists, druggists, and store-keepers. Sole Consignees, Ansar, Harford and Co., 210, High Holborn, London.

SIR MAXWELL MELVILL MEMORIAL FUND.

The following subscriptions have been paid into the Bank of Bombay :—

H. H. Lord Reay	100
The Hon. Sir C. Sargent	100
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit	200
Mr. Byramjee M. Malabaree	40
Mr. C. E. Fox	50
The Hon. T. H. Bayley	50
The Hon. R. West	100
Mr. G. F. Sheppard	100
Mr. Jamshetjee N. Tata	100
The Hon. J. R. Naylor	75
The Hon. H. N. Birdwood	50
Mr. J. Monteath	25
Mr. H. Curven	50
Sir Munguldas Nathoobhoy	100
Messrs. Tribhuvandas and Purshottamdas M. Nathoobhoy	50
Mr. E. Fulton	100
Mr. F. R. Vicajee	50
Mr. Bomanjee Dinshaw Petit	50
Mr. H. N. Reeves	150
P. J.	25
Mr. A. Keyer, C.S	100
Mr. A. Crawford	100
The Hon. K. T. Telang, C.I.E	100
Mr. J. E. Kohiyar	20
Mr. M. H. Hakim	25
Mr. Ruttonjee Bomanjee Dubhash	20
Mr. N. Spencer	50
Mr. Dadabhoy Hormusjee	100
Mr. Sorabjee Dadabhoy	30
Mr. Cowasjee Dadabhoy	30
Mr. Sorabjee Framjee Patell	50
Mr. Charles Chambers	20
Major C. Wytlhi	50
Mr. N. R. Ranina	10
Mr. Noor Mahomed Jairajbhoy Peerbhai	100
Mr. Varjeevandas Madhavdas	100
Colonel G. Merewether	30
Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee	25
Mr. Rahimatoola M. Sayani	50
Mr. Framjee Nusserwanjee Patell	100
Mr. Ardashir Framjee Moos	10
Mr. Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, C.S.I.	50
Mr Godhra Subscription	30

Gentlemen, who have not paid their subscriptionsare requested to do so soon. Gentlemen, who wish to subscribe to the Fund, but have not already done so, are requested to send in the amounts of their subscriptions to the Bank of Bombay and give intimation to the secretaries.

Nov. 26. K. T. TELANG, for Secretaries.

BENGAL.

Bankura Wesleyan School.—Early on Sunday morning last the School Danga Bungalow, belonging to the Wesleyan Mission at Bankura, was maliciously set on fire by some persons unknown, and completely ruined. We are requested to state that subscriptions towards the Restoration Fund will be gratefully acknowledged by the Rev. J. R. Broadhead, of the Wesleyan Mission, Bankura.—*Englishman.*

Sad Case of Suicide.—Mr. Edwin Rollins, a Tea Planter of Sylhet, committed suicide on Tuesday afternoon at Bonsard's Hotel, Calcutta, as previously reported. It appears that Mr. Rollins had severed his connexion about a week ago with the tea plantation on which he had been employed, and had come to Calcutta and put up at Bonsard's Hotel. He had since obtained a more lucrative appointment, but since his sojourn at the Hotel his ways and manners were somewhat out of the ordinary. At 2 p.m. On Tuesday he retired to his room, and at 2-30 p. m. the durwan of the Hotel observed a stream of blood issuing from the pipe leading from his bath-room on the upper floor to the compound. The room of the deceased was broken open, and Mr. Rollins was found lying on his bed with his throat cut from ear to ear, and with an open razor in his right hand. He died shortly after.—*Englishman.*

A Coroner Sitting *in Camera.*—The Calcutta Coroner, Dr. E. W. Chambers, with a jury, held an adjourned inquest on Wednesday afternoon at the Coroner's Court, Lall Bazar, touching the death of a young Hindoo woman, named Ootful Coomari Dabi, about twenty years of age, the wife of Baboo Motendronath Mookerjee, residing at No. 18, Banstollah Street, and the daughter of Baboo Bunkim Chunder Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate of Midnapore. As, by order of the Coroner, newspaper reporters were specially directed to be refused admittance to the Court, the full particulars in detail, and the result of the enquiry, are not known. The outer door of the Court-room was closed, and the Court Inspector stated that he had distinct orders from the Coroner "not to admit any newspaper reporters into the Court-room, as the inquiry was a private one." The facts of the case, as far as can be ascertained, are that the husband of the deceased found her suspended by the neck with a *chudder* attached to an iron rod hung from the ceiling of the room, and when cut down, life was extinct. Two letters were found on her bed, written in Bengali, and apparently in her own handwriting—one addressed to her mother, and the other to her husband, in which she alleged to have stated that she intended to take her own life.

Bengal Government Orders.—Mr. G. J. B. T. Dalton, Magistrate and Collector, is appointed to act as Magistrate and Collector of Moorshedabad, during the absence, on furlough, of J. Anderson, or until further orders. Mr. T. L. L. Jenkins is appointed to act, until further orders, on the first grade of Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, and is posted to Gya on being relieved of his present appointment as officiating Magistrate and Collector of Dinagepore. Mr. C. R. Marriott is appointed to act until further orders, in the 1st grade of Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, and is posted to Patna on being relieved of his appointment as officiating Magistrate and Collector of Moorshedabad. Mr. S. S. Jones, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to the Sudder Station of the Moorshedabad district, on being relieved of his appointment as officiating Magistrate and Collector of Beerbhoom. Mr. F. H. Barrow is appointed to act, unitl further orders, as Magistrate and Collector of Jessore, on being relieved of his appointment as officiating Magistrate Collector of Chumparun. Mr. A. S. Judge, Assistant Superintendent of Police, hasbeen granted by her Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of leave for two months on sick certificate. Mr. M. F. Beamish, District Superintendent of Police, on Furlough, is posted to Bogra. Mr. W. Y. Reily, officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, Backergunge, is transferred to Manbhoom. The Rev. C. H. Barlow is appointed to be Chaplain of Dum-Dum, from the 18th ultimo. Mr. W. Booth, Principal of the Dacca College, is appointed to be Professor of Physics in the Presidency College. Mr. A. C. Edwards, Principal of the Rajshahye College, is appointed to be Principal of the Dacca College. Mr. E. F. Mondy, Professor of Physics, Rajshahye College, is appointed to be Professor of Physics in the Dacca College. Mr. C. W. R. Tepper, Professor, Dacca College, is appointed to be Principal of the Rajshahye College.

MADRAS.

Dr. George Currie.—Mr. Ambrose on Thursday morning on behalf of Dr. George Currie (at present in the Penitentiary applied to Mr. Scharlieb, at the Presidency Magistrates' Court, for subpœnas for the attendance of the following gentlemen to produce certain documents and give evidence in the case of Captain Gimlett *versus* Currie, viz., Mr. James Carr, Attorney, Mr. S. D. Simpson, Deputy Commissioner of Police, Captain T. E. Marshall, Acting Port Officer, Inspector Marshall, Marine Department, Mr. Holmes, Telegraph Master, and Mr. E. Haukins. His Worship granted the application.—*Mail.*

An Unhappy Couple.—On the 23rd ultimo, Peter Fanderlinden was charged at the Presidency Magistrates' Court, Black Town, before Mr. J. M. Maskell, (then Acting First Magistrate) by his wife Catherine Mary Fanderlinden, with threatening to shoot her with a revolver, and insulting her. He was represented as a very excited and dangerous character and was bound over to keep the peace towards his wife for six months, and directed to furnish two securities, himself and another, in Rs. 100 each, but as he could get no one to guarantee his good behaviour he deposited Rs. 100 with Mr. James Carr, Attorney, who executed the necessary bail bond. Husband and wife then lived apart for three weeks, when the former on the 13th instant when to her house, and pleaded for a reconciliation to which she agreed on the understanding that the dispute between them sho... referred to Archbishop Colgan. But her ... said be his temper and without any provo... husband lost strangle her. She, therefore ...ation attempted to against her husband, ... applied for a summons before Mr. Scha... and he was charged yesterday served ow...heb, but as the summons could not be his ...og to his whereabouts not being known, ... Worship directed the complainant to find out where her husband was, and then apply for a fresh summons, and that should he annoy or interfere with her, she was to complain to the Serjeant of the Division.—*Mail.*

Valuable Discovery for the Hair—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it *will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair* to its original colour without leaving the disagreable smell of most "Restores." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for. "The Mexican Hair Renewer," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per bottle. Sold wholesale by Anglo-American Drug Co., Limited, 33, Farringdon road, London.

N.-W. PROVINCES, OUDH AND PUNJAB.

Burglary at Campbellpore.—A daring burglary was contrived last Saturday night upon the Cantonment post office. The postmaster, who sleeps in an adjacent building, was aroused in the small hours of the morning by a suspicious hammering, that led him to surmise that his office was being tampered with ; so with praiseworthy caution (for he is a remarkably slight man) he drew near the office and found his guess verified. The door had been burst in, and the office was lit. He could see three natives (whose faces he failed to distinguish as their backs were towards the door) busy at work. He instantly raised the alarm, and on seeing one or two of them emerge, he fled at an astonishing pace to a friendly Parsee's from whom he borrowed some lathiarmed choukidars. On again reaching the office, the robbers had fled. To peons who, by way of protection, had been engaged to sleep in the office, stated that the thieves were seven in number. The treasure-chest, which is of iron and about a quarter of an inch thick throughout, was wrenched open, as well as the V. P. Parcel box, and the loose-cash and stamp box. Rupees seventy-seven in postage stamps were stolen ; eighteen rupees' worth of stamps were found here and there about the floor ; and two hundred and fifty rupees in cash were left untouched in the opened treasure chest by the thieves who were so opportunely (for the post office) interrupted in their theft. It would seem that the burglars knew as much about the office as the peons on guard who (oddly enough) raised no alarm when the door was being smashed in.—*Civil and Military Gazette.*

ALLEGED POISONING BY A CHIEF OFFICER.

Lement Scott, chief officer of the B. S. Baracore, was charged by Samuel Chalmers, a seaman of that vessel, under section 328 of the I. P. Code, with administering poison to Roderick McCawley, who had been stowaway on board that vessel, with intent to cause him hurt, which resulted in his death.

Inspector Bowen said that the case was sent up by the Deputy Commissioner of Police as a groundless one. Enquiries had been instituted in the matter.

His Worship asked complainant whether he charged accused.

Complainant : I have not charged him yet.

His Worship read the sections regarding giving false information to the police, and asked complainant whether he charged accused.

Complainant said that he charged accused "on his own words," adding that on the night previous to the death of the deceased accused brought him some medicine. The deceased asking accused what the medicine was, accused said "poison," in the presence of complainant and a midshipman. Deceased told complainant and the midshipman that they wanted him "to drink."

His Worship : Do you charge accused with administering poison to Roderick McCawley, with intent to cause him hurt, which caused his death.

Complainant : I don't charge him with that.

His Worship : Have you any charge to make against Lement Scott ?

Complainant : I have not.

His Worship to Inspector Bowen : Have you any evidence to show that complainant caused the arrest of the accused ?

Inspector Bowen : Yes, your Worship. On the information of complainant, accused was arrested.

His Worship to complainant : Have you anything to say to me ?

Complainant : Nothing, your Worship.

His Worship to Inspector Bowen : Are you in position to prove that on the information of complainant you arrested accused.

Inspector Bowen : Yes, your Worship.

His Worship : Then go into the box.

Inspector Bowen deposed that a communication in writing was handed over to him by complainant regarding the death of Roderick McCawley, and in consequence of this communication he arrested accused, whom he took before the Deputy Commissioner, who directed inquiries to be instituted, after which the case was ordered to be put up as a doubtful one. The order of the Deputy Commissioner of Police was made in writing. Complainant gave the names of his witnesses, but these were not told to come.

It appears that the deceased accidentally fell into the hold, on the 6th October, and died from the effects of the injuries sustained, on the 18th, when he was buried at sea. Complainant, on arrival of the vessel, handed over a complaint, which was signed by him alleging that accused had administered laudanum to the deceased and thus caused his death.

His Worship to complainant : Have you got any money ?

Complainant : No, your Worship.

The Magistrate said that having regard to the fact that complainant declines to prosecute accused, who was arrested on the information given by him, and considering that there appear to be no grounds for such a charge, complainant would be fined Rs. 25, which would be awarded to accused as a compensation. In default of payment 20 days' simple imprisonment. Accused would be discharged.

At this stage, accused applied under section 182 to prosecute complainant, for giving false information to the police.

His Worship said that under the Criminal Procedure Code, it was necessary that the application should be made by the public servant to whom such false information was given by the complainant, such public servant obtaining the sanction of the Deputy Commissioner to prosecute.—*Englishman.*

EXTRAORDINARY SUICIDE IN CEYLON.

The *Times* of Ceylon gives an account of an extraordinary suicide at the Galle Face Hotel, Colombo, on the 12th inst. Our contemporary says :—

It is our disagreeable duty to state that Mr. J. F. Davies, of the Colombo firm of Messrs. W. H. Davies & Co., committed suicide on Thursday evening, at about 8 o'clock in his bed-room, at the Galle Face Hotel, under very painful circumstances. It appears that two ladies, members of the Indian Zenana Mission and passengers to Calcutta by the "Khedive," were staying at the Galle Face Hotel, and occupied a bed-room adjoining that of Mr. J. F. Davies in the old part of the hotel. On Wednesday evening late both these ladies, a Miss Demner and a Miss Pearce came down-stairs and informed the Manager, Mr. Huck, that the gentleman occupying the next bedroom had climbed on to the ledge outside their window, from which a view could be obtained of all that passed in the ladies' room. Miss Pearce complained in strong terms of this, and said that she was surprized at such conduct in the inmate of an hotel, professing to be a respectable one. Mr. Maitland, the proprietor of the Hotel, was at once informed of the circumstance, and Mr. Davies was remonstrated with for his conduct, though he stoutly denied the charge brought against him.

Next morning (it then being late) Mr. Davies accosted one of the ladies, and took her to task for making such an unjust and disgraceful charge against him. The lady, however, adhered to her statement, and some sort of a scene occurred. We understand that Mr. Maitland and Mrs. Penney, the Matron of the Hotel, requested Mr. Davies to leave. The latter went into the Fort, as usual, but, on returning, was told that he must not remain longer in the Hotel. He was also refused admittance into the dining-room, and told he must leave the Hotel at once. By this time the two ladies who had preferred the serious charge against Mr. Davies had left the hotel and departed by the "Khedive," which sailed that afternoon for Calcutta. Mr. Davies stayed some little time in the verandah, and then went up to his room, having previously had an interview with Mr. Maitland in the Fort, in the course of which he informed the latter that, if he persisted in turning him out of the hotel, he would take a legal action, and make the proprietors of the hotel smart for it. Mr. Davies then sent his boy away and sat down and wrote a letter addressed to Mr. Grindel, his partner. He then appears to have loaded a bull-dog revolver he had that afternoon brought ... out from the office, and which he had previously ... ...ured off in the office, and, lying down on his ... placed the muzzle to his right tem... ...ed to have ...ple and blown his brains out.

The shot was heard by... some of whom at th... only a few people in the hotel, entrance had b... time were at dinner, and, when body was ... ...een effected into Mr. Davies's room, his sid... round on the ground with the revolver by its ...e. He had evidently rolled off the bed on to the floor and was found in that position quite dead. The police were at once sent for, and took charge of his effects. The coroner was sent for, and a large number of people hearing of the event visited the hotel that night to learn the circumstances. The coroner commenced proceedings, Mr. J. Maitland, Mrs. Penney, Mr. Huck, the Manager of the Hotel, Mr. Grindel, and a few others being examined. A verdict to the effect that Mr. Davies shot himself whilst in an unsound state of mind was returned, and the remains of the deceased were conveyed to the Borella cemetry for interment.

Mr. Jansz excluded reporters from taking notes of the proceedings, but on what authority he acted in this high-handed manner we have yet to be informed.

The greatest regret is expressed at Mr. J. F. Davies' death and the painful circumstances that led to it, which he seemed to have taken very much to heart ; and he never ceased to protest his innocence of the act of which he stood charged by the two Mission ladies. Mr. Davies was in but indifferent health at the time and contemplated taking a change very shortly ; and we can only add our regret to that of everyone in Colombo, both at the painful charge which the two ladies thought necessary to bring against him, and the shocking termination of the whole matter.

CRAWFORD MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

	Maximum Rates Rs. a. p.
Daily Prices—Beef—	
Prime pieces, 1st sort, per lb	0 3 6
Do. 2nd sort, per lb	0 2 6
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, per lb	0 2 0
Do. do. 2nd sort, per lb	0 1 9
Beefsteak (under part), per lb	0 5 0
Do. (round), per lb	0 1 6
Meat for soup, per lb	0 1 3
Shins, large, each	0 4 6
Do. small, each	0 3 0
Tongues, fresh, each	0 4 0
Do. salt, each	0 7 6
Suet, 1st sort, each	0 5 0
Do. 2nd sort, each	0 4 0
Liver, each	0 4 0
Heart, each	0 1 6
Kidneys, each	0 1 0
Marrow Bones, each	0 1 0
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, for salting, per lb	0 2 3
Do. do. 2nd sort, do.	0 1 9
Oxtail, each	0 3 0
Sirloin per lb	0 3 6
Fore Ribs, each	0 3 0
Beef Salt, English	0 7 0
Pork (Fresh and Salt)—	
Pigs, (Roasted), each	3 8 0
Do. Head, per lb	0 2 0
Sausages, per lb	0 4 0
Bacon, per lb	0 4 0
Pigsfeet, Salt or Fresh, per set	0 6 0
Do. Lard, per lb	0 6 0
Pork, Salt, English	0 8 0
Boiled Lard, per lb	0 12 0

Mutton—	1st Sort.	2nd Sort.
Saddle, per lb	0 4 0	0 2 9
Leg, Loin, Shoulder, and Neck, per lb	0 3 6	0 2 6
Liver and Heart, 1st sort, each	0 3 0	0 2 3
Do. do. 2nd sort, each	0 2 6	0 2 0
Breast large	0 3 0	0 2 3
Breast, small, each	0 2 6	0 2 0
Head, each	0 3 0	...
Kidneys, each	0 1 0	0 1 0
Suet, per lb	0 3 0	0 3 0

	Rs. a. p.
Sugar—	
Coffee, 1st sort, per seer	0 12 0
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 10 0
Sugarcandy, 1st sort, per seer	0 3 0
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 2 6
Sugar, soft, 1st sort, per seer	0 1 6
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 1 3
Do. do. brown, per seer	0 1 3
Do. Mauritius, per seer	0 1 6
Tea, Hill, per lb	0 14 0
Do. 1st sort, per lb	0 12 0
Do. 2nd sort, per lb	0 8 0
Sago, per seer	0 1 6
Pickles, Country—	
Mango, per seer	0 0 9
Lime, per seer	0 0 9
Mixed, per seer	0 0 9
Papads, large, per seer	0 1 3
Do. small, per seer	0 1 3
Salt, 1st sort, per seer	0 0 9
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 0 10
Do. pounded, per seer	0 0 6
Grain—	
Wheat, 1st sort, per phurra	4 12 0
Do. 2nd sort, per phurra	4 4 0
Do. 3rd sort, per phurra	3 12 0
Gram, Jambooser, per phurra	3 8 0
Do Goghary per phurra	3 0 0
Do. Ghautee, per phurra	3 0 0
Do. Dall, per phurra	4 0 0
Coolty (Horse Gram), per phurra	2 4 0
Ooreed Ghoghary	3 0 0
Do. Dall, per phurra	5 4 0
Mutt, Ghautee, per phurra	3 4 0
Bajree, Ghautee per phurra	3 4 0
Do. Bhownuggur per phurra	4 0 0
Rice Jerasal 1st sort	6 4 0
Do. 2nd sort per phurra	5 12 0
Do. Common per phurra	4 8 0
Do. Bengal, 1st sort, pr. phurra	4 8 0
Do. do. 2nd sort pr. phurra	4 0 0
Paddy, or Rice in husk, 1st sort per phurra	2 0 0
Do. do. 2nd sort	1 10 0
Barley (new)	2 4 0
Do. (old)	2 0 0
Oats	5 0 0
Jowaree or Cholum or Jonaloo	2 4 0
Dry Fish—	
Pomphret, white, lalarge per each	0 1 0
Do. small do.	0 0 9
Surmaye large per each	0 12 0
Do. small, per each	0 5 0
Dhomee, large, each	0 0 9
Bumlows, per dozen	0 0 6
Dongry fish, each	0 1 6
Fruits—	
Pine Apples, large, each	1 0 0
Do. small, each	0 8 0
Custard Apples, each	0 1 0
Pomeloes, large, each	2 0 0
Do. small, each	1 0 0
Guavas, large, per dozen	0 6 0
Do. small, per dozen	0 2 0
Orange, large, per dozen	1 8 0
Do. small, per dozen	0 10 0
Grapes, white, per seer	0 8 0
Plantains, large, red, per dozen	0 6 0
Do. small, red, per dozen	0 4 0
Do. large, yellow, per dozen	0 3 0
Do. small, yellow, per dozen	0 2 0
Limes sweet, per dozen	1 4 0
Do. sour, per dozen	0 1 6
Pomegranate Muscat, per doz.	6 0 0
Do. Bombay, per doz.	0 12 0
Pears, per doz	0 6 0
Grapes Cabool per box	0 10 0
Apples, Cashmere, per dozen	2 0 0
Flowers, mixed, per bunch	0 1 6
Mussumbees, per dozen	1 0 0
Firewood—	
Coal, Europe, per ton	17 0 0
Charcoal, country, per maund	0 9 0
Babool, per candy	6 0 0
Do. per maund	0 3 6
Kurrachee Babool, per candy	5 8 0
Do. do. per maund	0 3 3
Aine, per candy	5 8 0
Do. per maund	0 3 3
Mixed, of different sorts, per candy	4 12 0
Do do. do. per maund	0 2 9
Kurmell, per candy	5 0 0
Do. per maund	0 3 0
Khaire, per candy	7 0 0
Do. per maund	0 4 0
Ghee—	
Ghee, Surat, 1st sort, per seer	0 5 6
Do. Ghautee, 1st sort, per seer	0 4 6
Vinegar, table, country, per bottle	0 6 0
Do. common, country, per bottle	0 1 3
Mowra spirit, per bottle	0 12 0
Vegetables—	
Potatoes, Mahableshwar, large, per maund	3 12 0
Do. large, per seer	0 1 6
Do. small do. per maund	2 8 0
Do. do. do per seer	0 1 0
Do. Poona or Surat, large, per maund	1 4 0
Do. do. do. per seer	0 0 6
Do. small, per maund	0 14 0
Do. do. seer	0 0 5
Yams, white, per seer	0 0 9
Do. red, per seer	0 0 6
Onions, per seer	0 0 4
Cabbages, small	0 8 0
Do. small per each	0 4 0
Turnips large, per dozen	0 9 0
Do. small, per dozen	0 4 0
Cauliflowers large, per each	0 6 0
Do. small, per each	0 4 0
Carrots, per seer	0 0 6
Cellery, large, each	0 1 6
Lettuces, each	0 1 0
Beet, large, each	0 1 0
Do. small, each	0 0 9
Radishes, white, per dozen	0 1 0
Tomatoes, per seer	0 1 3
Green Peas, per seer	0 2 0
French Beans	0 2 0
Knol Khol, per dozen	0 12 0
Brinjals, Nagpur, per seer	0 0 6
Brinjals, Bombay, per doz	0 5 0
Pumpkins, large, each	0 7 0
Do. small, each	0 4 0
Artichoke, per seer	0 1 0
Parsley, per small bunch	0 1 0
Water Cresses, per small bunch	0 0 3
Roselles per seer	0 0 6
Cocoanuts, whole, per 100	4 8 0
Do. shelled, per maund	3 8 0
Betelnut, per maund	4 0 0
Do. leaf, per 100	0 2 0
Sweet Potatoes, per seer	0 0 9

"ATLANTIC" SEA SALT strongly recommended as a substitute "for a dip in the sea" and "a sniff of the briny." Re. 1-4, PHILLIPS and Co., d., Bombay and Poona.

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HAND-PAINTED CHRISTMAS STUDIES ON PORCELAIN.

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ORNAMENTAL AUTOGRAPH CARDS.

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16, Esplanade, Fort, Bombay.

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AUSTRALIAN POTATOES, selling off at Rs. 2 per maund to clear stock. Apply early—CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Limited, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay. W. J. ESSAI.

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COME and SEE our varied Stock of Toys, Dolls and Fancy Goods, specially ordered for the coming 'Xmas. Hundred of 'Xmas Trees supplied.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

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ICES, Wines and Sprits of the best quality, Ladies' Fans and Plush Bags, Scents, Toys, Birthday, Christmas and New Year's Cards, Chocolate Creams, English and French Sweets, to be had at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, 25, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

TO MESSES AND CLUBS, &c.—Fresh Spanish Grapes, extra superior quality, imported by last Mail (can keep more than a month,) at Rs. 13-8 net cash per barrel of about 28 lbs. Apply to D. SALA, 2, Humum Street.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL.—I have stayed with my wife at the above Hotel for more than a fortnight, and have found every thing very comfortable indeed, and the Proprietors are most obliging. I have known one of the Proprietors, Mr. Pestonji, since 1881 and 1882, when he was Messman of the 24th Regiment Bombay N. I., and have always found him most civil and obliging. I have been very well pleased with the Table kept, which is good, and the charges most reasonable.—J. A. R., Major Retired) Bombay Army.

CHOCOLATE CREAMS, Caramels, Turkish Delight, Everton Toffee, Barley Sugar, &c.—PEARSE, Church Gate Street.

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AIR-GUNS, complete with Case, Ammunition, Darts, Pinctures and Ramrod, at Rs. 40. L. STEFFENAUER, 8, Church Gate Street, Fort.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES, FOR CASH OR EASY TERMS 5, CHURCH GATE STREET.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!! Perfect Fit GUARANTEED. Coat and Trousers, from Rs. 15. JOHN MAHOMED and Co. 15, Meadow Street.

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N. PETERSON and Co., Manufacturers of Gem-de-Javas and other Specialities of Indian Cigars. Samples and lists on application.—TRICHINOPOLY.

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THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, the following valuable landed properties.

All that piece of Pension and Tax ground, together with the messuage, dwelling-house or bungalow, stable and out-houses situate at north side of Grant Road, containing by admeasurement 1,403 square yards or thereabouts, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old Nos. 39 and 396, new Nos. 13542 and 13900, and in the registration sub-district of Fort, and bounded on the east by the ground of Madhowjee Dhurumsey and now of Punalall Jeweller, on the west partly by the property of Hajee Aboo Sutar Haje Talub and partly by the property of Bomanjee Rumwala, on the north by the Gilder's Tank, and on the south by the property of Bai Meethibai, and now of Hyderally Cassumjee, which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 9, and now under Nos. 3 and 4.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, Nov. 28, 1887.

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HAVE received a Consignment of very best Ivory-Handled Sheffield Cutlery, with through Tang. These have been made specially to our order by one of the best Manufacturers and are offered at exceptionally low prices

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NEW BOOKS.

A. 210-19—The Life of the Earl of Shaftesbury—E. Hodder.
128- 7—Lotus and Jewel—Edwin Arnold.
114-37—Essays—W. M. Praed.
114-36— Do. —R. H. Hutton.
230-30—Scotland as it was and as it is—Duke of Argyll.
144-26—Spons' Household Manual.
60-21—Cremation of the Dead—W. Eassie, C. E., and others.
B. 90-24—The Sport of Circumstances—L. E. Armstrong.
100-18—A Queer Race—Wm. Westall.
79-16—Seonee—R. A. Sterndale.
98-26—Diprose's Annual, 1888.
90-25—The Dead Man's Rock—by "Q" (2).
D. 32- 6—Law Reports, Madras, Vol. 10, Pt. 11 1887.
32- 8— Do. Allahabad, Vol. 9, Pt. 11, 1887.

BERKLEY MEMORIAL.

A. 146-25—Other Suns than Ours—R. A. Proctor.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, the best Family Aperient Medicine, without Mercury.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, effectual in all Liver Complaints.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Sick Headaches and Giddiness.

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DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS may be taken at all times without restraint from business or pleasure.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS should be kept ready at hand, as a dose of Aperient Medicine given in time will frequently prevent a severe illness.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for "Dr. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS," in a green bottle, wrapped in green paper, and having the name and address "William Lambert, 8, King William-street, Charing Cross" engraved on the Government Stamp. Do not therefore purchase without seeing the Government Stamp over the cork of the bottle.

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THE NEW LAND REVENUE POLICY OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT:

TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER

AT THE FORTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS IN GUJARAT,

BEING

A REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*,

WITH

Appendix containing the Resolutions of the Bombay Government, dated the 26th March and 25th July, 1884, respectively

Price, 1 Re., postage, 1 Anna

Bombay Gazette Office, Rampart-row,

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 26.

CONSOLS were unchanged in London yesterday at 103⅜; but French Rentes in Paris advanced ⅛ per cent., say to 107½. Silver, according to Reuter, was ⅛d. lower at 43 13-16d. per oz., but Rupee Securities showed no change. Indian Sterling Loan also was unaltered at 103½.

IN Mincing Lane Produce, Coffee alone shows any movement, Middling Plantation and Medium Mysore having declined 1s. and 2s. per cent. respectively in a flat market. The Wheat market was unchanged. The quantity of Wheat afloat for the United Kingdom yesterday was estimated at 1,330,000 quarters, or 10,000 quarters more than the figures of a week ago.

The Liverpool Cotton market was quiet all round yesterday, the total sales being estimated at 7,000 bales, of which 600 bales were Surats. Ready Mid.-Uplands, however, advanced 1-16d., say to 5 11-16d; and American Arrivals were 3-64d. higher in all positions, excepting February-March, for which the rise was 1-32d. only. In Ready East Indian Cotton a decline of ⅛d. in "Fine" Oomra and "Fair" Coconada is noted; while quotations for "Good Fair" Tinnevelly and "Good" Westerns come 1-16d. higher. "Fine" Broach, F. G. clause, for February-March shipment is reported to have been done at 5 5-16d; and for March-April at 5¼, the former price being the same as was obtained on Wednesday, and 1-16d. below the rate for Spot Cotton of the class. "Good" Oomra at Havre was a franc higher. The tone of the market is said to have been firm to-day, though business was slack, even for a Saturday, the total day's sales only reaching 5,000 bales, including 400 Surats. Spot prices were unaltered; but American Arrivals come 3-64d. higher for all deliveries. An advance of 1-32d. was obtained for "Fine" Broach, F. G. clause, for February-March shipment, at 5 11-32d. per lb.

The Liverpool statistics wired yesterday show a smaller week's business than the preceding one by 13,000 bales; but out of the total of 48,000 placed, only 4,000 bales in all were sold on speculation and for exportation, the trade having taken during the week 44,000 bales. The Imports, aggregating 150,000 bales, were heavier by 21,000 bales, than for the previous six days. The total stock, which stood yesterday at 553,000 bales, had thus increased during the week by 64,000 bales; while the stock of Surats, at 112,000 bales, was 1,000 bales lighter. The total visible supply (erroneously wired by Reuter in the first instance as 2,270,000 bales, but since corrected), at 2,740,000 bales, shows an increase of 40,000 bales; that of Surats, at 319,000 bales, makes 14,000 bales less in sight.

In New York the Spot price advanced 1-16 cent yesterday to 10½, and March Futures moved up 8 points to 10·66 cents, the Receipts at the Ports, at 76,000 bales for the two days being higher by 10,000 bales than for the corresponding days in 1886, and 8,000 bales less than in 1885. There has been no further change to-day in the Spot market; but Futures have receded 3 points, say to 10·66 cents. The day's Receipts, given as 37,000 bales, though 2,000 bales lighter than last year's, are heavier by 8,000 bales than those of the year before. The weekly figures from America show a falling off in the Receipts at the Ports compared with the preceding week of 54,000 bales. The Exports to Great Britain were 11,000 bales, and to the Continent 35,000 bales, less. The Stock at the U. S. Ports had meantime increased by 89,000 bales; and that at the Interior Ports by 24,000 bales.

It will be seen from our usual weekly statistics given below for comparison that the Receipts of Cotton at the U. S. Ports during the past week show a decrease of 31,000 bales compared with the same period last year, and of 9,000 bales as against 1885; and that, taking the figures from the commencement of the new season, the total increase now stands at 455,000 bales, and 468,000 bales, respectively. There are about 300,000 bales more Cotton in sight than there were at this time last year or the year before; the Liverpool Stock is heavier by 67,000 bales than it was a year ago, and by 132,000 bales than in 1885 at the same time; while the price of Mid-Uplands in Liverpool is ½d. per lb. above last year's quotation, and 7-16d. higher than that for 1885.

The American Crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons:—

	1887	1886	1885
Week's receipts	249,000	280,000	258,000
" exports to U. K.	91,000	124,000	76,000
" " Continent	65,000	63,000	66,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept.	2,885,000	2,430,000	2,417,000
" exports to U. K. " "	922,000	875,000	679,000
" " Cont. " "	791,000	427,000	633,000
" Stock in the Ports	844,000	911,000	856,000

The total visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 25th instant affords the following comparisons with the two previous years:—

	1887	1886	1885
Total supply of all kinds	2,740,000	2,447,160	2,446,090
" " Surats	319,000	227,220	127,310

For the United Kingdom only the figures are:—

	1887	1886	1885
Stock in Liverpool	553,000	485,560	414,980
" London	36,000	15,000	18,000
American Afloat	230,000	229,000	250,000
East Indian "	12,000	16,000	5,000
	831,000	745,560	687,980
Price of Mid-Uplands	5 11-16d.	5 3-16d.	5¼d.
" Good Fair Dhollerah	4¼d.	3 11-16d.	4½d.
Difference	1 9-16d.	1½d.	¾d.

The more strengthening character of the news regarding Cotton received here by wire this morning caused our market to open firm at an advance of a rupee or two on yesterday's closing rates. Buyers, however, did not see their way to follow the market at the enhanced prices, and, as sellers would not give way, very little actual business was done. There were European buyers of "Good" Broach in the market at Rs. 232 for March delivery, and some contracts at this rate have been reported; but offers from the same quarter of Rs. 199 for "Good" Bhownuggur, for April delivery, have not found takers. A further sale of New Ready Dhulia is reported at Rs. 200-3 per candy. Some 500 bales of old Cotton were taken by the Mills, comprising Compta, at Rs. 160-72; Dharwar, at Rs. 184; and Coimbatore, at Rs. 187½ per candy.

WHEAT.—A small business is reported in Old Ek-Dani on the basis of previous quotations; and the market generally is quiet and unchanged. It is stated in the Bazaar that New Ek-Dani 85 per cent. has been contracted for at Rs. 4-7-6 for April-May delivery, but this requires confirmation.

SEEDS.—Linseed is firm at Rs. 6-0-9 to 6-2-6 per cent. for Ready Old, and Rs. 5-13-0 to Rs. 6-0-6 for the New Crop. Rapeseed is also firm at previous quotations, both for Old and New, but without any business of importance passing. Poppy Seed is dull and weak, and export buyers are said to be cancelling forward contracts in the New Crop at Rs. 6-7-0 per cwt.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	1,223	bales.
Wheat	18,559	cwt.
Linseed	5,246	"
Rapeseed	2,711	"
Gingelly	10,038	"
Poppy Seed	567	"

FREIGHTS are quiet but steady. Business has been done for February at 17s. 6d. per ton; and we hear that the Govino (s) has been put on the berth for Marseilles at 16s. 6d. per ton, ready shipment.

EXCHANGE has been quiet to-day with a rather weaker feeling, but there has been little doing on any line to test rates. Some ready 3 months' sights Credits were sold at 1s. 4 15-16d. and for February to April delivery 1s. 5 1-16d. is quoted, demand Bank Bills being 1s. 4 7-8d. At closing we quote—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 4 25-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 4⅞d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 4⅞d.	"
Credits, 3 months' sight	1s. 4 15-16d. to 31-32d.	"
Francs, 3 months' sight	1·79½	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been quiet but steady at 99 3-16 for Fours for cash, and forward rates as before. Four-and-a-half per cents. are again 103⅜ nominal.

SHARES have also been a quiet market, and the tone, though still steady for some Mill shares, is weaker for others, and we have to note a decline of Rs. 5 in Ripon; and of Rs. 2½ in City of Bombay and Manockji Petit. Mofussil Press shares have also declined Rs. 2½. Bombay-Burma, first issue, have recovered Rs. 25 more of their late fall,

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

WADYA—November 24, at Rajcot, the wife of H. A. Wadya, Barrister-at-Law, of a son.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

LILLEY—November 13, at Rangoon (Burmah), the wife of A R Lilley, Executive Engineer, B S Railway, of a son.

MONK—November 21, at Littlehampton, Sussex, the wife of Hugh L Monk, of a son.

PEPPE—November 19, at Hazarebagh, the wife of G T Peppe, of a son.

ROBINSON—November 23, at No 5, Middleton Row, Calcutta, the wife of C Carew Robinson, Esq, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

CRAEN—CONOLLY—November 23, at the Roman Catholic Cathedral, Madras, by the Rev J Temme, Alfred Maurice Craen, second son of James Joseph and Adelaide Craen, to Mildred Josephine Conolly, second daughter of the late Apothecary Charles Benjamin Conolly, of the Madras Medical Establishment.

HODGES—MACNAUGHTON—November 20, at Lahore, Cathedral, by the Rev W F Armstrong, Chaplain, E W Hodges, son of the late Robert Hodges, of Loodianah, to Agnes Sophia, daughter of William Macnaughton, of Springfield, Belfast, Ireland.

DEATHS.

SMITH—November 20, at "Sunnydale," Nellore, William Adelard, son of Mr J Smith, Retired District Munsiff, aged 39 years, 5 months and 20 days.

WILKINS—November 19, at Cocanada, Lizzie, the dearly-loved wife of E S Wilkins Barrister-at-law.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1887.

WHILE the crisis which has left France without a Government did not affect the European Exchanges, the speech made to his Parliament by the Emperor of Germany has caused general perturbation. The necessity for still further increasing the forces of the Empire is insisted upon as if the Army Bill which in the spring caused such a sensation had not been passed. There is no finality in the German preparations for a great war which is always imminent, but has somehow always been postponed. It is not easy to account for the scare which has been caused by certain stereotyped passages in the speech from the Imperial throne. We are still in November, and the beginning of winter is not the season for undertaking a great war which would set in motion the whole male population of Germany. The warlike tone of the speech can scarcely fail to have a marked influence on the voting of the Congress of the two Chambers in Paris to-morrow. If the prospect of hostilities in the spring be rendered more threatening by the words spoken in Berlin, the inducement to place at the head of the Government an organiser and a man in whom the Army and the country would feel confidence will become very strong, and the name of General Boulanger will have many chances which could not have been calculated upon even a week ago.

THE formidable indictment which Canon Taylor preferred at the Wolverhampton Church Congress against the methods of the Missionary Societies, as judged by results, has naturally given rise to a good deal of angry protest. Nothing daunted, the Canon has sustained his thesis in two letters to the *Times*, re-affirming his allegations that the Missionary Societies have failed to make any serious impression either in Asia or in Africa. He gives force and point to this contention by dwelling on the measure of success which has attended the preaching of Mahomedan missionaries in India and in Africa. He appears to have considerably overestimated the number of converts to Mahomedanism in India, which he sets at 600,000 a year. Placing too implicit a faith in the exactitude of the Indian Census returns, he gives the Mahomedan missionaries credit for the nine millions of Mahomedans whom he finds in the Census of 1881 in excess of the Census of 1871. In India we understand how figures of the kind advance by leaps and bounds. The population of Bengal went up in one decade by twenty millions, owing to the increased energy of the enumerators. The Mussulman population especially has a deep-seated suspicion of the motives of Government in asking for the numbers and ages of members of the family living in the zenana. When a certain amount of scepticism is brought to bear on the numbers set down as the occupants of a house, and it is found that if six is the number given where thirty incontestably live, there is room for great expansion in the totals as compared with those of former decades. Making due allowances for this, it must be admitted that Canon Taylor is right in his belief that there is a Mussulman propaganda in India which is comparatively successful, and that it is carried on without organised missionary agencies or paid missionaries, while on the other hand, with the prestige of a Christian governing power, and the expenditure of large sums on proselytism, the total number of conversions to Christianity are less than those to Islam, and are chiefly achieved amongst the Dravidian races in the South of the Madras Presidency. Major-General Haig maintains that though Mahomedanism is making a slight advance, it is not sufficient to be of any political importance. He holds that if only nineteen Mahomedans have been converted during the year to Christianity, still it is to be remembered that there are not above a dozen missionaries engaged in what he terms direct aggressive work among Mahomedans, so that it can be no matter of surprise that the results are insignificant. General Haig does not seek for a reason for the disproportion between the fifty millions of Mahomedans in India, and twelve missionaries. According to the report of the Church Missionary Society there are in Northern and Central India, that is to say, in the Punjab, Sind, Bombay and Bengal and the North-West and Central Provinces, 841 missionaries and native agents who are employed at a cost of £48,296-19-1. Surely an outlay so large ought to have been sufficient to provide more than twelve missionaries for aggressive work among the Mahomedans. With 841 missionaries and native agents to choose from, there could have been no difficulty in selecting men welladapted for the work.

Canon Taylor imagines that according to the Indian Code a woman by declaring herself a Christian becomes entitled to a divorce, and he thinks that one of the seventeen converts seems to have availed herself of this very apocryphal privilege to get rid of a husband whom she disliked. The Canon is of opinion that if in England wives were able to get free from disagreeable husbands by becoming dissenters, Sir James Hannen's Court would be less resorted to than it is, which is true enough. Still with all inducements to listen to Christian missionaries, very few Mussulmans are converted in India. In the four missionary fields of Persia, Palestine, Arabia and Egypt, the employment by the Church Missionary Society of 109 missionaries and native agents, at a cost of £11,804-9-6, last year only yielded one adult convert, that of a girl, "who is easily influenced and requires constant guidance." In Egypt and Arabia, the number of native-Christian adherents is given as nineteen, a number which probably includes the wives and children of four native lay-teachers. To break the force of this statement of results, it is pointed out by the Canon's critics that in Persia and Turkey, a conversion from Mahomedanism would entail death, that being the law of the land. In this respect conversion in those countries is not more dangerous than it was in the Roman Empire, when to become a Christian meant death in the arena to satisfy the hunger of lions; yet conversion were made wholesale in spite of the terrors of Pagan law. The British occupation in Egypt removes the legal obstacle from the path of the missionaries in that country, but the number of converts last year was *nil*. It must be admitted that the unendowed missionary enterprise of the Moslems is more successful in India than are the very costly and well-organized efforts of the Christian Missionary Societies. Why should this be so? Canon Taylor's view seems to be that the difference arises, in part at least, from the manner in which the respective creeds are presented to the minds and imaginations of an Oriental population. Turning to Africa, the reverend Canon finds support for this view in the testimony of all impartial witnesses that Mahomedanism is superseding paganism, while Christianity, far from making way, is losing the hold it once had in Sierra Leone and other settlements in Western Africa. Moslem missionaries are successful amongst the Christians of the coast, and the converts build their own mosques and keep up their schools without any outside contributions, while the Church Missionary Societies, last year, with 290 missionaries and native agencies, supported by £13,703-6-7 7 sent from home, baptised only 306 adult converts. The moral result of the vast Islamite propaganda is shown to be good. It prohibits drink, and puts down fetichism, replacing it by a simple creed which brings them at once to a higher level of civilization. This may be admitted, without going the length of saying that Christianity, which has been the great educating influence of Europe, would not prove an equally powerful influence in Africa if it were once introduced. Without discussing this side of the question, it is evident that the elaborate machinery maintained at home for the conversion of Oriental and African populations has signally failed to achieve results comparable to those attained by the individual efforts of unorganised and unsubsidised Moslem missionaries, who in their poverty and self-denial have found the means of establishing their religion throughout all Africa.

While the Canon deals with the general results of the missionary efforts, and compares them with the cost, which is undoubtedly heavy, and is content with the infernce that Mahomedanism is better adapted for the African soil than Christianity, a writer in the current number of the *Nineteenth Century* shows in what specific points the endeavour to Christianise Africa has failed in the hands of the missionaries, and allows us to form an opinion as to the causes of failure. There has been, this impartial observer acknowledges, a great improvement in the personnel of the missionaries during the last thirty years, the Borrioboola Gha style of mission satirised by Charles Dickens being now quite unknown. The ministers sent out are selected, and carefully trained, not only in theology, but in medicine and in such other secular knowledge as may be of use to pioneers of civilization in the Dark Continent. They have introduced the orange, the lime, the mango, and the cocoanut palm into many regions, and they have taught the natives carpentering, masonry, engineering, printing, and civilised cookery, together with reading, writing, and arithmetic. When the histories of the great African States which will exist in the future comes to be written, they will probably date the beginning of things from the arrival of the first missionaries introducing arts and manufactures, implements of husbandry, edible fruits, cereals and domestic animals. This is high testimony to the practical benefits conferred by missionary effort on the inhabitants of that great Continent. It loses none of its value from the fact that the writer, Mr. H. H. Johnston, corroborates and confirms Canon Taylor's contention that the effort to convert the natives to Christianity has signally and even disastrously failed. He declares that it takes at least three generations to instil principles of morality into the negro, and that he is incapable of comprehending and acting upon the doctrines of Christianity. The missionaries seek to inculcate religious truth in a manner which utterly fails to penetrate their intellect. They "go through" the Bible, taking genealogies, Levitical ordinances, and obscure prophecies as they come, without realising the necessity of arousing the interest of the hearers. The religion of the converts is of the mouth only, they lose whatever of manliness they possessed as mere savages, and they combine their gross conception of the Deity with an "equally respectful credence in a very real devil, and a lurking fear of the malicious acts of evil spirits, and an unwavering though concealed belief in the powers of necromancy and witchcraft." The writer gives as an instance of the continued existence of the old leaven, that a quarrel having broken out amongst converted natives of a quasi-Christian settlement, the victors cooked and ate the bodies of their fallen enemies in the belief that a man whose body is eaten loses his immortal soul. As a punishment, the native pastor suspended those who had thus interpreted the Christian command to love your enemies, "from all Church privileges." It thus appears that conversion to Christianity is quite superficial, and leaves the baptised African his old superstitions. A case has certainly been established for inquiry into the results of missions, and Canon Taylor's efforts to bring it about are very likely to prove successful. The fault is apparently one of method; the failure that is deplored arises not from want of energy, or any absence of the true missionary spirit, but rather from want of a correct appreciation of the conditions of the problem to be solved.

THREE months ago we described in these columns the nature and quality of the oil in the Biloochistan Hills which Mr. Townsend was boring for with new machinery procured from America. The oil obtained was so thick and heavy that it would not flow through pipes. The Government had therefore recognised the necessity of constructing a light Railway of two feet gauge to convey the oil from the wells to the Railway. The calculation showed that allowing four per cent. on the capital invested on the branch railway the cheapening of fuel on the Pishin Railway would result in a saving of upwards of two lakhs per annum in the working of the line. This would give a minimum profit of two lakhs per annum on the outlay. The oil is good for fuel and as it hardens on exposure to the air it will be useful for pavement like asphalt and also as tiles for roofing. The deep borings have been in progress for some time past and the object of the visit of Sir Theodore Hope to the wells last week was to see what had been accomplished. Great progress has been made, and we believe the experts are satisfied that an ample supply of oil is within reach. The new borings have struck excellent oil of the heavier sort at a depth of 530 feet. The oil is free from water. One well at the depth mentioned yielded three hundred barrels of thirty-five gallons each, in eleven hours. There are three other wells, which promise an equal yield. Experiments are being tried to convey the oil in a large pipe down the hill slopes which are very favourable, inclining towards the direction of the Railway. If this experiment succeeds, the light branch Railway may not be required, and a revenue of at least some four lakhs a year may be looked for from the development of the wells. If the oil can be brought at a reasonable cost down to Karachi for use on board steamers the Sind Port will obtain a new element of prosperity which may lead to important results in the development of its foreign trade.

SINCE we have just mentioned Kurrachee, it may be as well to state what the figures bearing on the Pachpadra Railway schemes, which were misprinted in the Government despatch on the subject, really were. The estimated cost of the new line through British territory over a distance of a hundred and fifty miles at 70,000 rupees per mile amounts to one hundred and five lakhs, of which the interest would be 4,70,000. The new line one hundred miles in length through Jodhpore territory and the conversion into a line fit for heavy traffic of the cheap light line now passing through another hundred miles of Jodhpore State are estimated to cost one hundred and forty lakhs, of which the interest would be five lakhs and sixty thousand. The interest to be earned on the whole line would thus come to 9,80,000. Of course as we all know these hard figures are contested in Kurrachee. It is maintained by a Kurrachee correspondent who writes to so that the line could be constructed much more cheaply. The North West Railway could supply old rails and stock which would do very well for a time. The Forest Department could supply sleepers and the local funds could contribute nearly two lakhs towards the guarantee of interest. There can be no doubt that there is in Kurrachee a strong and general feeling that the line is badly wanted, and that it would satisfy a crying local want.

A CORRESPONDENT on the frontier mentions that Sir Theodore Hope has been making very laborious and unresting examination of the Public Works in progress along the Frontier. Accompanied by Lady Hope and Mr. Buckley he has visited Pishin and Quetta, and expressed himself pleased with the progress that was being made in getting everything gradually into good order, and more especially at finding the railway traffic is improving beyond expectation. Sir Theodore gave three days to the Kattun oil works which involved some hard riding over the hills. On the 13th instant he rode from Babur Kuch station on the Sind-Pishin Railway to Kattun, a distance of forty-five miles, going over the line surveyed for a light railway for the transport of the oil-fuel. The route has been found too difficult for the purpose. On the 14th, Sir Theodore was nine hours on foot, looking for alternative routes and climbing peaks from which to get a view of the country. On the 16th, a ride of 65 miles by a difficult route brought him direct to Sibi, where he arrived in time to join the Viceroy and to accompany his Excellency to Pishin and Quetta, which he thus visited a second time. His Excellency was very well pleased with the result of this tour of inspection. Mr. Ritchie has just returned to Bombay from a visit to Sind where he met the Viceroy and the Viceregal party.

BEFORE starting on the contemplated tour in Guzerat, Lord Reay will make a short stay at the Deccan Capital. His Excellency, who is now at Mahableshwar, returns to Poona on Wednesday or Thursday, and stays at Ganeshkhind up to a couple of days of the date fixed for his departure from Bombay for Ahmedabad.

SIR SALAR JUNG left Hyderabad by the mail train on Thursday night. He stayed at Goolburgah on Friday, leaving for Bombay in the evening. He will, the *Deccan Times* says, remain in Bombay until the decision of his Highness' Government as to whether he is to be permitted to visit his Jagirs in the Aurangabad District is communicated to him.

MR. W. C. BENETT, Secretary to Government in the N.-W. Provinces, met with a nasty accident on Thursday morning. He was driving back from the levee at Allahabad with a strange horse which took fright and bolted, and the cart overturning, the driver was heavily thrown. Mr. Bennett, though not seriously hurt, is much bruised and shaken, and will not be able to move about for some little time to come. The runaway horse continued its career until it was stopped with the remains of the trap on the banks of the Ganges.

UPPER BURMA is generally reported quiet. An attack on the police post of Lebya near Popa mountain was made by the rebels last week. The enemy were driven off with a loss of 18 killed.

GENERAL LOW has gone up the Chindwin to arrange details for the routes of the columns which are to take the Yaw country, which has been much harassed by dacoits since we were there last cold weather.

GENERAL COLLETT has gone to Fort Stedman, from which point a column is shortly going to start and make a tour through the southern Shan States. It is not anticipated that this column will meet with any resistance, and its object is chiefly political. There are several powerful Tsawbwas whose interests are conflicting, and it is considered most desirable that, to prevent internal quarrels, our influence should be paramount.

THE sum of Rs. 16,000 in shares has been taken up for the promotion of the Railway from Hardwar to Deyrah and Rajpore project, and there is every prospect that the company will be definitely formed in London within six or seven months.

THE Khan of Khelat, at present encamped at Mastang, proceeded by special train to Rindli, on the 25th to Dadar, prior to proceeding to Bagh.

MR. C. R. C. KIERNANDER, Deputy Auditor-General, has been for some time in Lahore on a tour of examination. He has now been ordered to stay another week to draw up a code of rules for all currency officers.

COMPENSATION has been awarded to the Raja of Chamba and the Chamba villages on account of the extension of the Bakloh Cantonment.

THE Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab visited Peshawar city on 22nd. The streets presented a gay appearance and dense crowds had assembled. The Municipal Committee presented a brief address of welcome to his Honor.

IN answer to a question from the Principal of the Bishop Cotton School at Simla, it has been decided that the boys of the school cannot go up for the higher standard examination in Hindustani because military committees are not to be employed in future in examining in the native languages schools under private management.

PUBLIC feeling in the Presidency Division of Bengal is more developed than elsewhere in the Lower Provinces, as might be expected from the class of its inhabitants. The subjects which have chiefly attracted attention during last year were the formation of boards under the Local Self-Government Act, the Public Service Commission, the Parliamentary candidature of Natives of India, and the meeting of the Hindu Congress in Calcutta. Public feeling was also considerably excited about the adulteration of ghee, which resulted in the passing of the Ghee Act. The Income tax caused much dissatisfaction, and is said to have made the annexation of Upper Burma unpopular, as the necessity for the tax was generally attributed to the increased expenditure in Burma. The Commissioner, Mr. A. Smith, expresses an opinion, which no doubt many will share with him, that the Income-tax is unsuited to the circumstances of the country. The most important manifestation of public feeling during the year was, we are told, "the outburst of genuine loyalty and attachment to the Sovereign, which throughout all parts of the Division accompanied the celebration of her Majesty's Jubilee."

Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE EMPEROR OF GERMANY'S SPEECH.

UNEASY FEELING IN EUROPE.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

The Emperor of Germany's speech to the Reichstag on Thursday last has depressed the Bourses.

The newspapers interpret it as being not entirely favourable to the maintenance of peace, and they draw attention to certain passages in the speech, notably that in which it was stated that it was the intention of the Government to introduce some modification in the constitution of the Landwehr, whereby the strength of the German Army will be increased.

RUSSIA AND INDIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 26.

The *Moscow Gazette* in a leading article to-day urges England to abandon her blind jealousy of Russia respecting India, and says that Russia seeks no increase of territory to the detriment of England.

BURMA HONORS *GAZETTE*.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

In the Burma Honors *Gazette* of 25th instant, in the Brevet promotions to be Lieutenant-Colonel, please read Major Hemming, not Hennessey.

THE MADRAS SOCIAL SCANDAL.

ACQUITTAL OF MR. ROSS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Nov. 26.

The Ross-Morgan case, which has created much public interest the past fortnight, closed to-day in favour of Mr. Ross.

The Chief Justice occupied two hours summing up. He pitied Mr. Morgan as an unfortunate man who deserved every one's sympathy.

As to Captain Dease there was not a tittle of evidence against him.

As to Surgeon-Major Smith he belonged to an honorable profession, necessarily entrusted with secrets which one would not tell any one else on earth, and very seldom were such professional men found coming forward and tendering their evidence as to the complaints patients may have. His Lordship would leave Dr. Smith's conduct to the judgment of his own profession, the great majority of whom were honorable men with a great regard for the honor of their profession. His Lordship asked the jury to discard all thoughts as to the intercepted letters from Mrs. Morgan, basing their opinion upon her statement, because if she was capable of making false statements against Mr. Ross she was capable of writing false letters. The case depended for the main facts upon Mrs. Morgan and her truthfulness.

If the jury believed her, then Mr. Ross was guilty; if they disbelieved her then there was no evidence upon which to convict Mr. Ross of adultery. If there was a serious doubt, they must give Mr. Ross the benefit of such doubt. They had the fact that Mr. Ross was on familiar terms with Mrs. Morgan; that he drove with her and was once alone in a bullock coach with her; also that he corresponded with her Admitting all that, Mr. Ross might still be perfectly innocent.

The jury retired at 1-15 and returned at 1-45 with an unanimous verdict—"not guilty."

Mr. Ross was thereupon acquitted.

THE HYDERABAD PROPERTY DISPUTE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, Nov. 27.

The Chief Justice and Justice Afzal Hussan granted the application of Rahimatali for a review of their judgment in the case of Rahimatali *versus* Munsoor Yarjung. The plaintiff claims 26 lacs of rupees as his share of the family property held by defendant. Messrs. Akilandiah and Krishna Iyengar of the Madras High Court represented the plaintiff. The case was remanded to the Chief Judge at Aurangabad to take further evidence endered by the plaintiff.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 25.

Mr. T. Norman and Mr. G. E. Porter are permitted to resign the Civil Service.

Mr. J. Westland, Officiating Financial Secretary, is appointed an ordinary member of the Governor-General's Council until a successor to Sir Auckland Colvin shall arrive.

Colonel Dickey, Madras Staff Corps, is placed on the list of Major-Generals in consequence of the promotion of Major-General Butler Shawe, to be Lieutenant-General.

The following promotions are notified:—

Lieutenant-Colonels N. Horsford, W. L. Samuels and Henry Homes Cox to be Colonels.

Colonel R. J. Crutchley is admitted to the Colonel's allowances.

Surgeon Grimtette, Residency Surgeon, Nepaul, officiates as Medical Officer, 1st Central India Horse, and Goona Political Agency, *vice* Dr. Lowdell, granted furlough.

Mr. G. S. Forbes, Madras Civil Service, is appointed to officiate as Political Agent, Second Class, and posted as First Assistant to the Resident, Hyderabad, and Secretary for Berar.

Major Robertson, Political Agent, Second Class, is posted as Assistant to the Resident at Mysore and Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Coorg.

Rao Bahadoor Lullubhai Gordhandass, Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Salt and Abkari, Bombay, is appointed *ex-officio* Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent, Baroda.

Colonel Badcock, Commissary-General, Western Circle, officiates as Commissary-General-in-Chief, *vice* Colonel Hawker, proceeding on furlough.

Captain Bellingham, Middlesex Regiment, to be Adjutant, Hyderabad Volunteers, *vice* Lieutenant Browne, whose tenure of office has expired.

Furlough out of India:—Lieutenant Vaugham, 7th Bengal Infantry, one year; Captain Mason, 1st Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, one year; and Captain Field, Bombay Military Accounts, one year.

Major Turner, R. E., officiates as Secretary for Public Works and Agent to the Viceroy in Beluchistan.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

PESHAWAR, Nov. 27.

Yesterday morning the Viceroy proceeded to Jumrood, Ali Musjid and Lundi Kotal. His Excellency was escorted as far as Jumrood by a Squadron of the 1st Bengal Cavalry, and beyond that by the Guides Cavalry.

The party consisted of Lady Dufferin, Mrs. Lyall, the Commander-in-Chief, the Lieutenant-Governor Sir T. Hope, and the head-quarter staff.

At Jumrood breakfast was taken and the Viceroy inspected the whole position as well as Major Warburten's levies under the command of Aslam Khan.

His Excellency then drove on to Ali Musjid, where most of the party remained behind, and the Viceroy and Commander-in-Chief rode on to Lundi Kotal. At this place the whole tribe turned out, and their Chief, presenting the Viceroy with an Afghan knife, said they were all greatly pleased to see his Excellency.

The Viceroy and Commander-in-Chief then returned to Ali Musjid, where the whole party sat down to lunch as guests of Colonel Waterfield. The return journey was then commenced, Peshawar being reached about sunset.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 25.

The Hall Line steamer Kirby Hall left here this morning.

LONDON, Nov. 25.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Almora left here yesterday evening for Colombo, Madras and Calcutta.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Kerbella left here this morning for Kurrachee and Bombay.

HONGKONG, Nov. 25.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Khiva (extra) left here for Bombay at 5 p.m. yesterday.

COLOMBO. Nov. 27.

The French mail steamer Irrawady, from China, arrived.

The mail steamer Britannia, from Aden, arrived.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Nov. 25.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quiet. Surats quiet.

Good Fair Dhollera	4½
The Manchester market has been firm.	
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	69¾
4½ do. do.	71¼
3 per cent. Consols for account	103⅞
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	103¼
4½ per cent. French Rentes	107¼
Bar Silver	43 13-16

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

Total Week's sales of Cotton	48,000	bales
" " " Surats	4,000	"
" " Imports of Cotton	150,000	"
" " " Surats	3,000	"
" Stock of Cotton	553,000	"
" " Surats	112,000	"
" Stock of Cotton in London	36,000	"

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(NOVEMBER 27.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Vi* [illegible] p[illegible]f. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang perfect *Via* Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—*Via* Penang perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.
Elephant Point-Penang cable interrupted.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

SATURDAY NIGHT, Nov. 26.

10 p.m.	77·0

SUNDAY, Nov. 27.

6 a.m.	73·0
10 a.m	80·4
2 p.m	88·1
p.m.	84·6

A FATAL accident is reported to have occurred on the Bellary-Kistna State Railway on the 21st instant, by which three men were killed.

THE Punjab Government has lately been considering means for the encouragement by District Boards and Municipal Committees, of native female education.

A MADRAS beggar, who travels on all fours, owing to his legs being paralysed, paid his passage to Rangoon per S.S. Sirsa, with the object of following his calling in Burma.

THE Government of India, has sanctionod the re-organization of the Madras Revenue Survey Department, by which a large number of hands will be thrown out or placed on the pension list. The entire establishment will be graded, as an incentive to work and as a means of securing thoroughly competent men.

THE Madras Government, has sanctioned the purchase, in the local market, of Medical Stores to the value of about Rs. 700, to meet urgent demands on the Store Depot, until further supplies come to hand, the Bombay and Calcutta Depots not being able to supply them. The running short of the supplies of these articles has been due to the Burma demands, and increasing requirements of civil hospitals. As regards the unusual Burma demands, military and civil, it has become necessary to institute enquiries as to their probable duration and extent; and this the Surgeon General with the Government purposes doing during the ensuing cold weather, by personally visiting Rangoon.

THE Chief Commissioner of Assam has recommended to the Government that a reward of Rs. 500 should be granted to any Deputy Assistant or Sub-Assistant Conservator of forests serving in that Province for passing the prescribed examination in any of the following frontier and hill-tribes languages:—(*a*) Miri; (*b*) Kuki and Lushai; (*c*) Garo, Kachari, and Mech; (*d*) Mikir; and (*e*) Kashi and Synting.

HENCEFORWARD the people who drop their h's may take comfort. They have, or had a great ally. There never was a man of prouder claims of every kind, social, literary, and personal, than Walter Savage Landor. But the author of "Rose Aylmer" dropped his h's. He did not add the h "where nae h should be," but he dropped it where it should be. His were sins of omission, not of commission. So Mr. T. A. Trollope says in some reminiscences published in *Temple Bar*. He declares that Landor habitually spoke of 'and and 'ead, where it is thought better to say "hand" and "head," What could make Landor speak thus? Was it a provincial usage derived from his boyhood in the country? Was it an adherence to some old polite mode of speech, as erroneous as the modern effacement of the "g" in "having," "taking," "shooting," and so forth? Was it a purely personal freak of Landor's? People who knew him may be able to explain. His conduct is a great comfort to the H-less.

THE University of Madras has not yet settled the gown question for it appears that Rai Bahadur the Hon. S. Subrahmania Aiyar has intimated his intention to move the following amendments to II. ii. on the Agenda paper for the Senate meeting of the 24th instant:—(1) For "white alpaca" in the gown for the B.A. degree, read *black alpaca or stuff*. (2) For "black" in the hood for the B.A, degree, read *green*. (3) For "black" in the hood for the M. A. degree, read *green* (4) For "black" in the hood for the B.L. degree *green*. (5) For "dark blue" in the gown for the L.M. S. degree read *scarlet*. (6) For "black" and "dark blue" in the hood for the L.M.S. degree read *green* and *scarlet* respectively. (7) For "black" and "dark blue" in the hood for the M.B. and C. M. degree, read *green* and *scarlet* respectively. (8) For "dark blue" in the gown for the M D. degree, read *scarlet*. (9) For "dark blue" in the hood for the M.D. read *scarlet*. (10) For "dark" in the hood for the B.C.E. degree, read *green*. (11) For "black" in the hood for the B.Sc. degree, read *crimson*. Mr. C. Michie Smith has given notice of his intention to move the following amendment:—"That the word 'alpaca' be left out of the question, in order to insert the word, 'satin'"

MILITARY NEWS.

UNDER the new organization of the Sappers and Miners of the three Presidencies eight company Serjeant Majors are allowed. The distribution of these men is to be as follows:—Three to Bengal, three to Madras, and two to Bombay.

CAPTAIN E. C. BETHUNE, Garrison Instructor, has been posted to Bangalore; and Captain L. C. Dundas, D. S. O., Brigade Major, has been posted to Meerut.

QUATERMASTER C. MORRISON, 1st Connaught Rangers, has been transferred to the 4th Battalion in England. Second Lieutenant R. N. A. Flannagan on promotion from the 3rd Dragoon Guards, has been ordered to join the Connaught Rangers.

THE 2nd Battalion Northumberland Fusiliers at Mean Mir having been almost prostrated owing to a malignant attack of fever which could not be shaken off, the Government of India sanctioned the move of the Battalion by rail to a camp about two marches in the direction of Rawal Pindi.

LIEUT. G. H. BROTHERTON, Wing Officer, Corps of Guides, has joined the Commissariat Department at Umballa.

THE Cantonment Funds in Upper Burma are to be kept under Madras rules, and the Funds administered by the Madras Military Authorities.

IT has been ruled that all troops equipped with brown leather accoutrements are to have brass mounted bayonet or sword-bayonet scabbards, and those equipped with black leather accoutrements, iron mounted ones.

A REVISED scale of practice ammunition for batteries of Royal Horse and Field Artillery has been published in India Army Circulars, and an annual allowance of Rs. 500 granted for the provision of dum my targets at the principal camps of instruction, when such camps are formed.

THE 6th Bombay Cavalry left Beluchistan on the 24th for Sibi, where they will pass the winter and remain till relieved by the 5th Bombay Cavalry from Jacobabad.

ANTHRAX having quite disappeared, A-1 Royal Artillery has begun the march from Dinapore to Cawnpore. The Battery was at the Camp at Buxar on the 21st, and R-3 from Fyzabad was also here.

THE equipment and establishment of native mountain batteries of artillery has been revised, with effect from the 1st April 1888, one half of the Punjab Frontier Force and Bombay mountain battaries will be armed with six 2·5-inch rifled muzzle-loading guns and the other half with six 7-pr. rifled muzzle-loading guns of 200lbs. The batteries to be armed with the 2·5-inch guns are Nos. 1 and 3 batteries, Punjab Frontier Force, and No. 2 Bombay mountain battery.

THE following establishment is sanctioned for batteries armed with six 2·5-inch rifled muzzle-loading guns:—88 gunners, 138 drivers, 138 mules. In all other respects the establishment will be the same as that laid down in the equipment tables for a native battery armed with six 7 pr. rifled muzzle-loading guns of 200lbs.

REGARDING the reorganisation of the Apothecary branch of the Subordinate Medical Department, the effective strength in the three presidencies has been fixed as follows:—

	Bengal.	Madras.	Bombay.
Senior Apothecaries, 1st grade	13	4	4
Senior Apothecaries, 2nd grade	14	5	4
Apothecaries, both grades	80	26	28
Asst Apothecaries, both grades	126	48	51
Sub-Assistant Apothecaries	38	13	10
Total	271	96	97

The retirement from the Service of officers entering civil employ after the 1st November 1887 has been made obligatory on their superannuation under civil rules. The following is the order on the subject:—"Under instructions from the Secretary of State for India, and in continuation of G. G. O. No. 135 of 1884, it is notified that all officers accepting civil appointments on or after the 1st November 1887, and who, under the provisions of that Order, are to be struck off the effective list of the army after an absence of ten years from military duty, will be required to retire from the Service immediately on their being superannuated under civil rules.

HIS Excellency the Commander-in-Chief of Madras having complained of the insufficiency of the accommodation authorised for himself and the head-quarters and personal staff, when travelling, by railway, on tours of inspection, the Government of India has decided that, in consideration of the frequent and extensive tours of inspection now undertaken by the Commander-in-Chief, Madras, involving long railway journeys, to allow His Excellency, for the future, a double saloon 1st class carriage whenever he travels by railway on duty. But as for the personal and head-quarter staff, they consider the present scale of accommodation liberal, but have no objection to a compartment of a composite carriage, or a 4 berth saloon, being reserved for the sole use of the Adjutant General and Quarter Master General of the Madras Army, on occasions when both these officers accompany the Commander-in-Chief.

PERHAPS the most unfortunate regiment in India, as regards casualties amongst its officers within the last year, has been the 2nd Battalion 14th (P. W. O.) West Yorkshire Regiment at Mooltan. Seven months ago Lieutenant Drummond became seriously ill, and had to be invalided home. Some five months ago Lieutenant Trevor, a fine powerful young officer, fell over a khud with his pony in the hills, and was killed. About three months ago Lieutenant Roberts, the acting Paymaster, died at Mooltan of enteric fever; a month ago Captain Burke, another singularly fine, strong, young officer, died at Rajanpore of the same affection, aggravated by a weak heart; and now we hear of the death of Lieutenant Jenkinson of the same regiment at Deolali, where he had gone with drafts for England, also of enteric fever. Singularly enough, these casualties have nothing to do with Mooltan, the station of the regiment and a well-known place for its dry, healthy climate. They are, however, likely to throw an undeserved gloom over the place—a gloom which in similar cases in India many people are, unwisely, we think, more inclined to encourage than to dispel.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

THE following Parade State was on Saturday last 26th instant.

Distribution.	Field Officers.	Captains.	Lieutenants.	Staff Sergts.	Sergeants.	Buglers.	Rank & File.	Total.
A Company	1	...	2	...	4	...	11	18
B "	...	1	1	1	...	...	16	19
C "	...	1	...	...	2	...	16	19
D "	...	1	1	2	4	...	26	33
E "	...	...	1	1	2	...	7	11
F "	...	1	1	...	3	...	11	16
J (Cadets)	...	...	1	...	2	3	24	30
K (Cadets)	...	...	...	...	5	...	12	17
M (Cadets)	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	18
N (Cadets)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Staff & Band.	...	...	...	1	1	2	22	26
Army Staff.	...	1	...	1	...	...	4	6
Total	1	5	7	6	23	5	145	213

The following officers were present:—
Lieut-Colonel Hon. L. H. Bayley, Commandant.
Captain H. B. S. Hodgkinson, Adjutant.
Captains R. S. Brown, E. R. Freeborn, F. Place and E. F. Nicholson.
Lieutenants G. Lund, S. M. English, W. Jefferies, F. W. English, J. P. Cornforth, N. Devlin, J. D Sharp, G. Prior, De Soam.
Captain and Quartermaster A. F. Soundy.

THERE has been a run of railway accidents in the Punjab. In the Umballa district recently a woman who had quarrelled with her husband laid herself and her child on the rails and was destroyed. And now an old man has been run over and killed almost on the same spot. Another accident occurred not long ago in a large station in the Punjab to an officer's servant who was making his master's bed. The train started suddenly and he rushed out to regain the 3rd class carriage; in doing so he slipped and fell below the platform, and was cut completely in two.

A TRIP HOME ACROSS CANADA. II.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALGARRY ALTA, N.-W. TERRITORY, CANADA, October 14.

BEFORE starting on our trip across the "Continent," as our American cousins are so found of calling it, it may be as well to summarize, in a few words, a few data as to the new route *via* Canada, and the distances by it from Liverpool to the Eastern ports and Australia, for comparison with the present route by San Francisco. Yokohama will be taken as the Eastern port for comparison, a port common to both routes, all ports east of it being the same by both routes. From Liverpool to Yokohama *via* San Francisco is 11,281 miles; by Vancouver, it is 10,047 miles, or a difference of 1,234 miles. Of this, the rail distance *via* New York is—San Francisco to New York, 3,271 miles; Vancouver to New York is 3,162; difference being 109 miles. If the road taken be by Montreal, the rail difference would amount to another 251 miles. Adelaide *via* San Francisco is 14,696 miles: *via* Vancouver it is only 14,192 or a saving of 504 miles. The distances by sea from Calcutta are as fellows:—to Vancouver. 8,987 miles—that is, 3,051 to Hong-Kong, from this port to Yokohama 1,602; and from Yokohama to Vancouver, 4,334 miles. The time taken by the writer was; Calcutta to Hong-Kong, 16 days; on to Yokohama 4½ days, and the Canadian Pacific steamer Abyssinia made the trip from Yokohama to Vancouver in 14 days; total 34½ days, or with a couple of days at each port, 39 days. The saving of time and distance from the China ports is material.

VANCOUVER A HALF-WAY HOUZE.

The combined advantage of Vancouver as a port points to its becoming a half-way house between the old country and the East, and the Australian ports. With the new steamers to be put on, so soon as the Home Government wakes up from their supineness and lethargy, and helps the Company with a subsidy, the distance from Hong-Kong will be done in 16 days, in place of 18½ days. The Canadian papers write very bitterly of this disregard to the interests of a new country, and to the opening up of a new and important trade route, that Californian papers view with considerable jealousy, and foresee the importance of them as a rival route and creation of a rival port. Apart from the importance of the Vancouver route as a steam-ship line, the trade winds and the great circle tracks from the East all favour it as the port to make for, the difference in track to be sailed over, due to the latter fact alone, makes a saving of 700 miles, and Burrard's Inlet is far more easily made by a sailing ship than is San Francisco. "Frisco" has a young but a strong rival, sprung into existence, with the completed rail connection through Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and it behoves all interested in British commerce to help it on its start. Japan is a tea-producing country that, like India, is ousting China from the trade; and tea and silk, also from Japan, can afford to travel the shortest route to its market. This shortest route applies both to time and distance equally with the markets of the Atlantic States of the United States, as with Europe.

VICTORIA, IN VANCOUVER'S ISLAND.

The steamers from Hongkong do not call at this port; there is no accommodation for steamers. They are, however, arranged to call at Esquimault, two miles from Victoria, where there is a magnificent harbour, three miles long and two miles wide, with 36 to 48 feet of water in it. This harbour is being made a naval station, a dry dock being in course of construction, capable of taking the largest ocean-going steamer. Victoria is an extremely pretty town of some 12,000 people. From Victoria the mainland can be visited to Nainanoo, where the collieries are situated, by rail, 70 miles north of Victoria. Up to the present, but little settlement has taken place in Vancouver Island; there these places are the principal centres; the great distance from home, and difficulty in getting to Vancouver Island has hitherto told against anything like extensive immigration. "Of immigatrion, as the word is used in other Western parts, there has been none, since the gold fever abated, and their outlying settlements have grown by the intermittent acquisition of single families or solitary individuals." Accessible as it was with the new Canadian line terminus within 70 miles by boat, the Victoria and Columbian press anticipate great results, The climate is very much milder than the mainland, and in parts fruit could be grown that should completely shut out the San Francisco market. The boat from San Francisco brings in weekly to Victoria as much as 150 to 200 tons of fruit, a portion of it going into the mainland as far east as Yali. Timber at once strikes the visitor when coming up the Straits as one of its rich products, but it is only when actually in the forest that the immense size of the Douglas fir, in particular, is seen. Dense, closely-packed trees of fir and cedar lie closely round Victoria. The arboreous and floral adornments to the houses, too, are at once apparent as from the "old country" as it is often called in alluding to it. The annual rainfall of Vancouver Island is about 45 inches, and with very occasional snow, an early spring, dry, warm summer, and clear, enjoyable autumn. Flowers blossom almost throughout the year in the southern parts of the island. Victoria forms a pleasing contrast to the neighbourhood of San Francisco, the contrast is great in the end of September, the mountainous interior is very varied by local agencies, as we may readily imagine, with its range of hills up to 9.000ft. in height.

A SPORTSMAN'S PARADISE.

To the intending farmer, whether, cereal or dairy produce, there is ample land for years to come in the southern portions and the valleys; many locations available for immediate cultivation, without having to wait the slow process of "clearing," and the outturn of crops is often very heavy, and from inclemency of season absolutely safe. To the sportsman, the island and the mainland of British Columbia would be a good hunting ground; in the island is grouse, a variety of water-fowl, quail, snipe—water-fowl and snipe from September on to February and March, and in all the hill streams and lakes, salmon, trout, and perch. The mainland of Columbia and of Oregon and Washington are in daily communication. Victoria possesses three dailies, and a weekly paper, so that it is by no means shut out of the world as it was but a few years back. To the capitalist, land speculation is open, and the present moment is a safe and favourable time for investment. People in India have little idea of the value set on real estate in the States and in Canada; in California the rise in the value of land within the past twelve months has been something astounding, and that it will be so within the next few years in Columbia, every one asserts. Victoria and Vancouver and the whole district of New Westminster in Columbia are alive with land speculation, especially of the farming land locations.

THE SCENERY.

To continue with the mainland of British Columbia. Burrard Inlet and the town of Vancouver New Wesminiter, and the valley of the Frazer River contain the main portion of the lands that can be properly called farming lands, and these are large enough to meet the wants of thousands to come. They are a combination of long narrow valleys, intermixed with low flats, undulating surfaces and rolling, lightly-covered hills, with rich alluvial soil in the valley; rich grazing grounds for pasturage, and the backing hills covered with timber, which, considering the more accessible timber regions of the State of Oregon and Washington are being fast worked out, are bound soon to be worked in the lumber trade. A writer says of them—"As regards pasture, the interior as a whole is, in the opinion of experienced stock-raisers, not only the most remarkable grass region on the Pacific slope, but probably is unequalled on the continent. Even the Alpine pasturage is very nutritive in the summer months; the grass for sheep and mutton is of the finest quality." This applies to the valley of the Kootenay and Columbia Rivers also. The northern parts are densely wooded, and the whole country abounds in minerals, but few farms as yet present an appearance of cultivation or trimness that would satisfy an old country farmer. The newer farms are very rough and weedy, or covered more or less with timber stumps or dead trees; but time will mend all this, the quality of soil and suitability of climate being standing quantities.

NEW RAILWAY FACILITIES.

The year of "open line" of the Canadian Pacific, all agree in saying, has already had a beneficial effect, and feeder lines will tend to improve and open out the rest. Already a branch is promulgated in Columbia up the valley of Harrison River towards Pemberton, whilst a branch already exists running S. E. to the New Westminster district. The next will probably be one south between the Selkirk and gold Ranges down the Kootenay Valley, and one is talked of as a continuation of the United States Pacific lines, continued on from Vancouver at the head of Puget Sound under Mt. Baber connecting with the Canadian Pacific line along the valley of the Frazer River. From Vancouver the Atlantic express or through train to Montreal leaves daily, Sundays excepted (from both ends) at 1-30 p.m., or 13-30 o'clock railway time, at 13-40 the next day it is at Roger's Pass station, a distance of 426 miles, so that the passenger trains travel about 20 miles an hour. The through fare to Montreal is increased by the sleeping-car rates. Attached to each daily train, is a car called the "Colonists' sleeping-car," the fares by which to Toronto is 53 dollars by the steamer route across the Lakes Superior and Huron. These cars are arranged for conversion into sleeping berths by drawing out the seats, and an upper row is arranged by dropping down shelves, somewhat similar to the arrangement in Indian trains for the convenience of colonists or others using these cars. Mattresses, pillows, &c., are on sale at very moderate rates at all of the principal stations, so that travelling in colonists' cars can be made fairly comfortable at the very small additional charge of two to three dollars for the trip across, embracing four or five nights to Montreal from Vancouver. A dining-car is put on for the first day of the route, and after this the train stops at convenient places for refreshments. Some of these in the Passes are most charmingly situated: notably one called the Glacier and another the Field. On leaving Vancouver the train runs to Northbed Station, which is reached at 7 in the evening, so that travellers have to take refreshments with them to last up to that period, there being no refreshment station or car up to that point. The run along the banks of the Frazer River is now interesting as far as Harrison River Station. The first place of interest, Mount Bahier, in Washington Territory, forms at many places in the road an exceedingly pretty picture, looking ahead of the train; it is from Mission Station about 70 miles distant as the crow flies. Harrison Station is situated at the junction of the Harrison and Frazer Rivers, as it flows out of the lake of the same name. Five miles from the next station, Agassiz, are some hot springs recommended for rheumatism. The lake abounds with fish, and here, after Vancouver Island, is the first good shooting ground for a sportsman. There is a good hotel at the springs, which would serve as head-quarters, and an Indian canoe is procurable at any time for the trip, for the day's shooting, or fishing for a dollar a day. The whole of the districts of the mouth of the Frazer River, on both banks and up to Washington Territory, is called the New Westminster district, and embraces nearly all the farming lands of British Columbia on the Pacific side. There is a branch line running to the town of New Westminster from Vancouver, and the Frazer can be travelled over by steamer as far up as Yali, a distance of 102 miles.

SHOOTING THE RAPIDS.

Harrison Station by rail serves the Chilliwack district to which access from the station is to be had by an Indian canoe; nervous people, however, should avoid this route, as sitting closely down in the bottom of a "dug-out," with an Indian paddling in the stern end, and shooting sundry small rapids, is, to say the least of it, at best a dangerous looking trip; more especially as the river-bed is filled with "snags," collision with which would ensure a cold bath, if nothing worse. To see three or four passengers squatted low down, the intervening spaces between them filled in with Gladstones and valises, and an Indian paddling at the stern end, the whole looks a frail arrangement in which to face rapids; it is, however, very seldom a canoe comes to grief handled by a Shiwash. Towards the end of September, the water is generally too low to follow the Frazer by boat higher than Chilliwack and Agassiz. The whole of this district abounds with fish. In the last week of September, the banks of the streams were strewn with dead salmon, killed in their attempts to get up the shallows, and duck, grouse, partridge, and snipe are in plenty in September and October. Comfortable hotels are to be had at all these places, plain and homely, but clean. At a push, the sportsman can find shelter in an Indian's wood hut, but he cannot get food with them, or from them excepting fish. The New Westminster district is about 1,500 square miles in extent, and on the banks of the rivers locations are reserved in small plots for the Indians, who, however, do but little in the way of cultivation of their plots, or settle down to any regular labour, fishing being really their chief enjoyment, and not until they are met with Further East, do they appear to settle down to labour in any regular way.

Harrison Lake joins the Frazer River by a very short neck of water, crossed by the first large timber and trestle bridge met with in some very pretty scenery. The lake is some 40 to 50 miles long, and about on an average 3 miles wide, and lying, as it does, in a narrow valley, and between two ranges of hills, from 2,000 up to 5,000 feet high, the scenery is grand;—of the nature of that of North Arm in Burrard Inlet, small bays and inlets shut in by bluffs, and all wooded to the water's edge. It is connected, by a stream about 20 miles long, with an upper lake called Lillovet, 506 feet above Harrison Lake level and completely shut in. This is the paradise for a sportsman with gun and rod. The small town of Pemberton, at the top of the lake, will afford accommodation as head-quarters. There are still two more lakes higher up, Anderson and Seton. Out of the latter, the town of Lillovet on the Frazer can be reached, and from it Lytton, a station on the Pacific Railway line, can be visited a boat; a stern whaler,—they are all of this class on their shallow, rapid rivers, running every week. Lytton is 155 miles by rail. The elevation of this run of lakes is—Harrison, upper end, 125 feet; Lillovet 620, Seton 900. From Lillovet the Frazer River can be followed up into Cariboo, the gold mining country, by the Government Road, or from Ashcroft, a station at mile 207, from which place a stage leaves twice a week. For the sportsman, the globe-trotter or the mere tourist, this trip should be a paradise to the first, a gratification in scenery and change of locomotion to the second, and to the latter a considerable addition to his experience of scenery and localities. Of course, it would be closed to all from December to April or May. To follow on in order by the C. P. R. from Agassiz, where this degression was made, immediately after leaving Ruby Creek Station, the line of Railway plunges into the lower canon of the Frazer River and a grand scenery, with a run of tunnels and heavy engineering works begin. Riding on the roof of a caboose of a freight train is the best way in which to see the grandeur of the climb into the rocks. This can only be done by a permit from the Traffic Agent at Vancouver: and entails a very great amount of trouble in handling one's own baggage and time in waiting for and meeting trains.

THE statement exhibiting the moral and material progress of India during the year 1885-86, which has just been published, includes, for the first time, an account of affairs in Upper Burma, in which we are told that the revenue of the new province is still very uncertain. In the time of King Theebaw there were seven principal sources of income, *viz.*, the capitation tax, monopolies, rent of royal lands, tribute from Shan States, irrigation tax, forests and earth-oil. Of these the revenue from monopolies has been abandoned by the British Government, except as regards precious stones, jade and amber, which are expected to produce Rs. 2,00,000. The tribute from the Shan States was formerly Rs. 4,50,000, but at the end of 1886 the British Government had not realised any of this. The Government has also decided to abandon the taxes imposed by the Burmese Government upon imports from the Shan States, which brought in an income of Rs. 7,50,000 to the King's treasury. The amounts collected as capitation tax, rent of royal lands, and irrigation tax, though supposed to be enforced, amounted to only an insignificant sum, as, where the people had suffered from attacks by the dacoits, liberal remissions had been made. It is to be hoped that the revenue of the country will show a better return in 1887, since peace has been established in many parts of Upper Burma, and the people have resumed their usual agricultural operations.

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BELGAUM NOTES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BELGAUM Nov. 24.

THE series of concerts I mentioned in my last letter wound up with a very well managed entertainment for all the schools in Belgaum on Thursday last. The Somerset men deserve great credit for the success of these concerts. The singing may not have been perfect in several instances, but the step dance given on each occasion by Private Kenny was remarkably good, as was also the song, in character, by the same performer relating the woes of a much troubled old Irish woman. Private Kenny's rich brogue found its way to the hearts of all true sons of the Green Isle. Private MacLelland's impersonation of a Madras cook was just perfect. The dress and accent were so perfect that it was hard to believe that it was not the real Simon Pure, a veritable Madras cook on the stage. Some of the Somerset Officers assisted at these Concerts, and Col. Cox very kindly allowed the band of the Regiment to attend on each occasion. An epidemic of theatricals seems to be raging just now. This week the Royal Artillery are having some entertainments: the pieces they are doing are "Robert Macaire" and the farce "Tweedleton's Tailcoat." To-morrow will be the Staff night.

The Arch-Bishop of Goa is so pleased with Belgaum that after a short visit to Khanapur he has returned to this station, and will I believe, remain here till Christmas.

The Matriculation examination is now being held at the Sirdar High School; canditates from all schools in the Southern Maharatta country have to appear for examination in Belgaum. Three hundred and seventy-five boys are now being slowly tortured to gain, what a native gentleman once described to me, at the Hall Mark of the nineteenth century, the title of undergraduate.

Belgaum had just completed its cleaning up, and put on its gayest airs when on the morning of the 16th the Commander-in-Chief, Sir Charles Arbuthnot, K. C. B. accompanied by Brig: General E. Faunce, Quarter Master General, Brig. General M. C. Farrington, Adjutant General, Major F. W. Hemming, Military Secretary, and Lieut. Lascelles, Aide-de-Camp, arrived by the early train from Bellary. The party were met at the station by a company of the Somerset Regiment carrying the colours, and the Battery of Artillery stationed in Belgaum. A salute was fired in his honour. Sir Charles was the guest of General Carnegy during the whole of his stay. On Thursday, the 19th, a grand parade was held, an account of which you have already received. After the Parade, the hospitals were inspected, and on the afternoon of the same day the European barracks were subjected to a very close inspection. Sir Charles was much pleased with the Artillery barracks and stables. On the 18th there were field manoeuvres at 5-30 a.m., the rendezvous being the 33rd parade ground; and in the afternoon a minute inspection of the barracks of the native Infantry, and of those in the fort. On the 19th field firing at dummy men, &c, out near Tiger Hill. In the afternoon a garden party at the General's. On the 20th the Commander-in-Chief and some of his party attended the morning service at St. Mary's Church. On the 21st the cholera camp ground were visited in the morning, and at 7. 50. the whole party left for Poona *via* Hotgi. A saloon carriage was brought in from Dharwar for the use of Sir Charles. The Assistant Adjutant General fell ill at Bellary, and did not accompany the Commander-in-Chief to Belgaum. Sir Charles displayed an amount of energy in all his inspection that was very pleasant to hear of, but rather tiring to those who had to accompany him on his rounds. He seemed well satisfied with all he saw and heard.

THE NEW MUNICIPAL BILL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The restrictive clauses introduced into the New Muncipal Bill are so many that, owing to the limited time, it is impossible to discuss them, and their ultimate effect is so problematical, that we are coming to the conclusion that it is better to give up the New Act, or any possible modification of it, and to initiate the needful reforms upon a different system of procedure altogether. The existing Act has worked and is working on the whole remarkably well. There are certain well known defects; is it not therefore better to let well alone, and to alter the Act, chapter by chapter, as the need for alteration becomes manifest? Let the Legislative Council take up if necessary one or two chapters in each year, provided that this shall be done only at the request of the Corporation, after full discussion by the Corporation, and according to the sections revised—even to their *ipsissima verba* as near as may be—by the Corporation. The Municipal Commissioner has of course the initiative in bringing before the Town Council any reforms he considers worthy of adoption. One reason for the New Act is that there are a number of existing Acts, all which need to be codified into one. To this we reply, that there is nothing to prevent mechanical codification being effected at once, the respective sections being rearranged where in the wrong place under their proper chapters, and renumbered seriatim. The new basis thus being laid, the chapter most urgently in need of reform should have the preference. The chapters relating to the constitution of the Corporation and Town Council, the designations and duties of the Executive Officers, the methods of taxation by assessment of real property and town duties, the water supply and the income realizable thereupon. Slaughter houses and nuisances can well stand over for the present. There is no pressing reform needed in any of these.

But there is and has been for years a dead lock in respect of half a dozen of the sections relating to the widening of streets, the laying down the lines of new streets, and the repairing and rebuilding of existing houses. Let this chapter first be considered, and only those sections be revised and added to where the need is manifest.

Owners complain, perhaps justly, that the Municipal Officers and the Town Council are averse, when houses are altered or rebuilt and the street is widened, to giving the full compensation provided for in the Act for the portion of house and ground so added to the street.

The consequence is that lawyers with their proverbial ingenuity have found a means of driving a coach and six through the Act, and so helping owners to get what they consider reasonable compensation. The rights and powers of the respective parties need to be more clearly defined, but this can only be done after full and exhaustive discussion has taken place in the Corporation and in the public press. The rectification of these few clauses is quite sufficient to take up so much of the working season as the Legislative Council can afford to devote to Municipal Reform, and the codefied Act should be printed and published as thus far altered for general use.

A fair start having been thus made, in the following Session could be taken up the next pressing question, the powers, duties and responsibilities of the Health Officer in relation to buildings. In this chapter would be considered the improved ventilation of houses and the arrangement of necessary conveniences, also horse and cattle stabling, as to which the present Municipal Act is a perfect blank, and the means by which the drainage and house connections might be made more efficient and generally useful. In the year next following could be discussed the chapter relating to slaughter houses, and the licensing of dangerous and offensive trades. A special year should be allotted to the working out of a distinctly new branch of the Act taking the place of the Factory Act, which should give the Municipality powers over the construction, ventilation, and supervision of factories large and small, and the development of improved dwellings for the workers employed therein. In this chapter should be included regulations for the construction of theatres, halls and other places of public entertainment. In following years might come in their order the chapters relating to the water supply and the income obtainable from it, the gas supply, and the acquiring the gas monopoly for the benefit of the City, the constitution of the Corporation and the Town Council, and the powers, duties and responsibilites of the Executive officers. By that time the turn of the Assessment Department would have arrived and it would have to be considered among other things whether the enormous area of vacant land outside the thickly populated quarters of the City held by "speculators for the rise" at rapidly increasing prices, and thereby shut out from its legitimate use as building land, should not be taxed, not upon the income derived from it, which is *nil*, but rather upon a percentage upon its declared or market value; and thus those land owners, made rich by "the unearned increment" be brought to pay their reasonable proportion of the taxation of the City, with the consequence that they would find it better in many cases to sell than to hold, to the appreciable relief of trade and the poorer classes of the City, who would benefit by the reduction or abolition of the octroi duties thus rendered feasible. Thus each year, as each respective chapter is discussed, public opinion brought to bear upon it, and possible reforms indicated along the line of least resistance, the chapter as altered might be passed into law, and the Act, as each year thus modified, be printed and published. Let our guiding principle be taken as the basis of all alteration of the Act and we shall not go wrong. All real law is based upon public opinion and custom. The law cannot be in advance of public opinion but should rather follow it. So long as the law keeps pace with public necessities, needful reform will proceed steadily and the happiness of the community will be augmented. The one evil to be avoided is change for the sake of change, or change for the sake of more power to those in power, unaccompanied by the willing consent of those by whom the power is supposed to be delegated.

X.

REVIEW.

A NEW volume of the series of "English Men of Letters" edited by Mr. John Morley and published by Messrs MacMillan and Co, London, gives to the public a new edition of Mr. Antony Trollope's work on the life and writings of Thackeray. It is not too much to say that this volume is as interesting and suggestive as any of Thackerays, novels. An admirable analysis of the plots of the novelist's chief works, gives in brief form a great deal of the pleasure which a perusal of the original always confers. The lighter works of Thackeray which made the foundation on which he built the temple of his fame are given due place in this volume. Some of his fugitive poetry is excellent nonsense. The following lines preserved in the memory of a friend for forty years before they were fixed in type, showed him in a playful humour which seemed to be the counterpart of a melancholy and a pessimism that coloured all his more lasting work.

In the romantic little town of Highbury
My father kept a circulatin' library;
He followed in his youth that man immortal, who
Conquered the Frenchman on the plains of Waterloo.
Mamma was an inhabitant of Drogheda,
Very good she was to darn and to embroider.
In the famous Island of Jamaica,
For thirty years I've been a sugar-baker;
And here I sit, the muses' 'appy vot'ry
A cultivatin' every kind of po'try.

Another example of his lighter and more cynical style is to be found in his burlesque of Ivanhoe :—Of this burlesque it is the peculiar characteristic that, while it has been written to ridicule the persons and the incidents of perhaps the most favourite novel in the English language, it has been so written that it would not have offended the author had he lived to read it, nor does it disgust or annoy those who most love the original. There is not a word in it having an intention to belittle Scott. It has sprung from the genuine humour created in Thackeray's mind by his aspect of the romantic. We remember how reticent, how dignified was Rowena,—how cold we perhaps thought her, whether there was so little of that billing and cooing, that kissing and squeezing, between her and Ivanhoe which we used to think necessary to lover's blisses. And there was left too on our minds, an idea that Iuanhoe had liked the Jewess almost as well as Rowena, and that Rowena might possibly have become jealous. Thackeray's mind at once went to work and pictured to him a Rowena such as such a woman might become after marriage; and as Ivanhoe was of a melancholy nature and apt to be hipped, and grave, and silent, as a matter of course Thackeray presumes him to have been henpecked after his marriage.

Our dear Wamba disturbs his mistress in some devotional conversation with her chaplain, and the stern lady orders that the fool shall have three dozen lashes. "I got you out of Front de Bœuf's castle," said poor Wamba, piteously, appealing to Sir Wilfrid of Ivanhoe, "and canst thou not save me from the lash?" "Yes; from Front de Bœuf's Castle, *where you were locked up with the Jewess in the tower!*" said Rowena, haughtily replying to the timid appeal of her husband. "Gurth, give him four dozen,"—and this was all poor Wamba got by applying for the mediation of his master. Then the satirist moralises; "Did you ever know a right minded woman pardon another for being handsomer and more love-worthy than herself?" Rowena is "always flinging Rebecca into Ivanhoe's teeth"; and altogether life at Rotherwood, as described by the later chronicles is not very happy even when most domestic. Ivanhoe becomes sad and moody. He takes to drinking, and his lady does not forget to tell him of it. "Ah dear axe!" he exclaims, apostrophising his weapon, "Ah gentle steel! That was a merry time when I sent thee crashing into the pate of the Emir Abdul Melek!" There was nothing left to him but his memories; and "in a word, his life was intolerable," so he determines that he will go and look after King Richard, who of course was wandering abroad. He anticipates a little difficulty with his wife; but she is only too happy to let him go, comforting herself with the idea that Athelstane will look after her. So her husband starts on his journey. "Then Ivanhoe's trumpet blew. Then Rowena waved her pocket handkerchief. Then the household gave a shout. Then the pursuivant of the good knight, Sir Wilfred the Crusader, flung out his banner,—which was argent, a gules cramoisy with three Moors impaled,—then Wamba gave a lash on his mule's haunch, and Ivanhoe, heaving a great sigh, turned the tail of his warhorse upon the castle of his fathers."

Ivanhoe finds Cœur de Leon besieging the Castle of Chalons, and there they both do wondrous deeds, Ivanhoe always surpassing the king. The jealousy of the courtiers, the ingratitude of the king, and the melancholy of the knight, who is never comforted except when he has slaughtered some hundreds, are delightful. Roger de Backbite and Peter de Toadhole are intended to be quite real. Then his majesty sings, passing off as his own, a song of Charles Lever's. Sir Wilfrid declares the truth, and twits the King with his falsehood, whereupon he has the guitar thrown at his head for his pains. He catches the guitar, however, gracefully in his left hand, and sings his own immortal ballad of *King Canute*—than which Thackeray never did anything better.

"Might I stay the sun above us, good Sir Bishop?" Canute cried;
"Could I bid the silver moon to pause upon her heavenly ride?
If the moon obeys my orders, sure I can command the tide.
Will the advancing waves obey me, Bishop; if I make the sign?"
Said the Bishop, bowing lowly; "Land and sea, my lord, are thine."
Canute turned towards the Ocean; "Back," he said, "thou foaming brine."
But the sullen ocean answered with a louder deeper roar,
And the rapid waves drew nearer, falling, sounding on the shore;
Back the keeper and the Bishop, back the king and courtiers bore.

We must go to the book to look at the picture of the King as he is killing the youngest of the sons of the Count of Chalons. Those illustrations of Doyle's are admirable. The size of the King's head, and the size of his battle-axe as contrasted with the size of the child, are burlesque all over. But the king has been wounded by a bolt from the bow of Sir Bertrand de Gourdon while he is slaughtering the infant, and there is an end of him. Ivanhoe, too, is killed at the siege,—Sir Roger de Backbite having stabbed him in the back during the scene. Had he not been then killed, his widow Rowena could not have married Athelstane, which she soon did after hearing the sad news.

THE RECENT AFFRAY BETWEEN MILITARY AND POLICE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I was afforded considerable pleasure by the perusal of the leading article in your issue of Friday, the 25th instant. The acquittal of the Jamador Sunkappa Venkatapa, of the 17th Regiment Native Infantry, in the face of the evidence produced by the prosecution has, I understand, caused quite a sensation in the Native Town, where the people were naturally much interested in the case, and has been the talk of Bombay ever since the intelligence of the verdict became publicly known.

It seems that the jury arrived at the extraordinary verdict "that the prisoner followed the deceased into the stable and pulled him out with the intention of handing him over to the police." Those who have attentively perused the evidence will, no doubt, have come to a very different conclusion.

If the verdict of the jury be correct then I will ask why did not the jemadar at once make over the policeman, since deceased, to the police, and why was he taken into the Regimental Lines at all?

Inspector Guider speaking of the deceased stated in his evidence before the Court:—"I wanted to take him to the hospital, but was not allowed to do so till a European Officer arrived." Lieutenant Kreyer deposed, when speaking of the jamadar, as follows:—

"He then seized the policeman and they were all hustled towards the Lines." This was not what Lieutenant Kreyer saw, but merely what he had been told, and the statement was of course put forward as an excuse for dragging the deceased policeman inte the Lines.

I would ask is it likely that the jamadar, himself armed and protected by a guard of three soldiers with rifles and fixed bayonets allowed himself to be hustled by a miserable Bombay mob, and compelled against his will and that of his men to make for their lines. If this be true then Mr. Farran's remark that the deceased policeman was "not very brave" would seem more applicable to this party of native soldiers.

The acquittal of jamadar Sunkappa was unquestionably due to the able manner in which he was defended and to the very intelligent jury who adjudicated his case, and he has no doubt been warmly congratulated by his friends, but though freed from the serious criminal charge and released from the hands of the Civil Power, there is still the matter of military discipline with which the Commander-in-Chief has yet to deal and the decision on the proceedings of the Court of Enquiry (probably delayed pending the result of the trial of Jamadar Sankapa) may now be looked for.—I am, &c., A CITIZEN.

THE liability to accident from floods which forms so serious an impediment to the utility of the Bolan line will, it is expected, be before long almost entirely obviated by the reconstruction, on the new alignment, of a portion of the line from Khundalani gorge downwards. This is at present a most dangerous part of the line. The survey is now being made of the new route, which involves a long tunnel.

INDIAN YARN IN CHINA.

MR. J. JAMASPJEE, of Hong-Kong, writes as follows:—Regarding the sale of Indian Grey Yarn from the 25th Oct. to the 7th Nov:—We have again to report a good business during the past fortnight. The demand from the consuming districts continues to be steady and the market closes firm. Values show little or no change, except in the case of some special desirable parcels, which have advanced from 25 to 50 cents per bale in consequence of their scarcity. In No. 20s. superior threads continue unchanged, but medium and desirable descriptions have improved in values from 25 to 50 cents and close firm. No. 16s. remain the same position as last quoted, with a moderate demand for special chops at previous quotations. In No. 12s. two or three favorite superior chops have been in great request, and rates show an improvement of 50 cents in consequence of their scarcity. Other descriptions continue to move in moderate demand at last quotations, In No. 10s. a good demand has been experienced for all descriptions, and some favorite chops of superior threads have improved in value, say, from 25 to 50 cents per bale; the market closing steady. No. 8s have also been in good demand, and quotations have advanced 50 cents per bale owing to small stocks with a steady market. No. 6s. continue unchanged both as to demand and price. During the fortnight, arrival 10,067 bales, sales 7,964 bales, and unsold stock 13,976 bales. Direct shipment for Shanghai 1,549 bales and Japan 2,841 bales. Latest advices from the Coast Ports report a steady business at former rates; but the markets in Shanghai and Japan have been dull and depressed with but little business doing in consequence of recent heavy arrivals.

SIR G. TREVELYAN ON THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

SIR GEORGE TREVELYAN, addressing a meeting at Acrefair, in Wales, said this was a time when only brave men stood firm to the Liberal cause without flinching. With regard to Ireland, it was not too much to say that in that unhappy country the public opinion of the great majority of the people was absolutely disregarded—it went for nothing and, indeed, it went for less than nothing. This was for many years the case with the Parliamentary franchise in Ireland, which was much higher than that in England and Scotland, and even now the municipal franchise in Ireland was very much higher than in England. Who could wonder at Ireland being ill-treated in the House of Lords as they had been in the matter of registration?

SHAM REPRESENTATIVES.

Of the one hundred and one genuine representatives of Ireland in the House of Commons, there were 15 Conservatives; of the 28 sham representatives of Ireland in the House of Lords, there were 27 Conservatives; and that was the Constitution which they were called upon to admire as the Constitution which the Irish people were told that they must be content with; and if they were not content, statesmen and politicians who gave them a word of sympathy were lectured and abused as if they were traitors to the empire. (Cries of "Shame.") They were told that the House of Peers might not properly represent Ireland, but that the House of Peers were very wise and knew what was wanted for Ireland better than the people themselves. (Laughter.) The prejudices of the House of Lords had never been exercised in a more disastrous manner than in rejecting year after year measures which four Irishmen out of five desire, and against which no valid reason could absolutely be given. (Cheers.) He saw that Mr. Chamberlain—(groans)—at Colerine taunted the Irish representatives with not bringing in more bills, but the answer was that the Irish representatives had learned that it was waste of paper to draft bills, and waste of breath to debate them. The Parliament between 1880 and 1885 passed many bills for the reform of Ireland through the House of Commons, but when they went into the House of Lords they never came forth again. Self-respect alone was enough to prevent the Irish representatives from going cap in hand to an assembly which, so far as Ireland was concerned, had never yielded one single point to the claims of justice, equity, or humanity. (Cheers.) What it was in legislation so it was and still worse in administration. All the while he was Irish Secretary—(cheers)—he was steadily, but not silently, forming an idea in his mind that the administration of Irish affairs formed a grievance as great as that under which any country ever suffered.

AUSTRIA IN ITALY.

Mr. Chamberlain did not in the least exaggerate when he compared the administration in Ireland only to the administration of Russia in Poland and of Austria in Italy in the old days. Now, it was the system and not the men who were to be blamed. The effect of the present system of governing Ireland otherwise than according to Irish ideas was that the British taxpayer was for ever being called upon for more money, and on the other hand the Irish people were never satisfied at the way in which the money was spent. Take for instance the Public Works Department. This department was managed by England instead of Ireland, and the consequence was that English economists were often shocked at the demands the Irish made, and on the other hand it was universally believed throughout Ireland that it was being starved and stinted because it was not managed by people who had the love of Ireland in their hearts.

THE IMMENSE SALARIES.

There was one subject on which Irishmen felt sorely, and which he felt sorely, and that was of the immense salaries especially those devoted to the maintenance of the legal department. The Bar in Ireland was not so much a profession as a service, and it was a service which was scandalously overpaid. There were two brothers in Ireland who, independent of the large amount of fees which one of them received from the Government, received £11,000 a year, between them. (Cries of "shame.") These two brothers alone drew salaries sufficient to pay the salaries of one-third of the representatives of Ireland, Liberal and Conservative. They must remember that all these favours went to the representatives, not of the majority, but of the minority. Now when he and Lord Spencer were in Ireland they found no difficulty, when it was considered to be necessary to suppress a Nationalist meeting, but their great difficulty was with the Orangemen. It was necessary to send 800, 1,000, 1,200, and in one case even 1,400 armed men and for what purpose—not to suppress liberty of opinion but to prevent Irishmen from committing the odious and hateful crime of defying the Queen's Majesty and Government for the purpose of preventing other Irishmen from having that right of public meeting, in defending that right the more sacred he could conceive, and they had the misfortune to take away one life. An Irish lawyer of importance in a speech of curious violence declared that the blood of the man who was killed was on the head of Lord Spencer; and yet within the last six months the Government had selected that gentleman to be a judge of the High Court. That was the sort of thing the British people did not know, but they ought to be made to know it. This proved that the Government were not sincere in desiring to preserve law and order, or they would not have made Mr. Holmes a judge. What they were desirous of preserving was class ascendency and class privilege. (Cheers.)

ECCLESIASTICAL GRIEVANCES.

On Saturday Sir George Trevelyan said they were all united in the determination that the ecclesiastical grievance under which Wales had so long suffered should last no longer. In a recent speech Lord Hartington viewed with disappointment the prominence which was given by earnest Liberals to the question of Welsh Disestablishment, and he said that there was very little value in putting forward proposals of reform which related to a far and doubtful future. But Lord Hartington had said the same thing about household suffrage in the counties, and yet household suffrage was now the law of the land. Now if Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Hartington were in earnest with regard to the Welsh Church they would have welcomed Mr. Gladstone's support with gratitude. He did not agree with Lord Hartington that the question of Welsh Disestablishment could not be carried out until the Irish question was settled. Great reforms for the whole United Kingdom would be able to be carried on side by side with the settlement of the Irish question.

THE MISERY AND TUMULT.

In the evening a great meeting was held in the Pavilion. Sir G Trevelyan, in the course of a lengthened speech, said the electors of Spalding, Coventry, Northwick, and Bridgton, had now effectually turned the tide of battle which before seemed to be against the Liberals. What was the cause of most of the misery and tumult now going on in Ireland? It was because Lord Salisbury refused to do in time—in 1886 what he did in 1887—pass a land act when it was too late. All the difficulties and misfortunes of Ireland at this moment are approximately due to the fact that the Government did not foresee what they must have had opportunities of foreseeing better than Mr. Parnell and the Liberals, and because the farmers could not pay those arrears they were being turned out by the hundred, while regiments of soldiers were being marched about the country, members of Parliament were thrown in prison, blood was flowing in rivulets, and if it lasted five months longer he was afraid it would flow in something like torrents. The Liberals were resolved to apply the best remedy—the only hopeful remedy—to Irish troubles by trusting the Irish people, instead of reviling them by meeting them half way, by giving them as much self-government, and that was a very, very large measure as was compatible with the integrity of the Empire. (Cheers.)

DIAMOND-CUTTING.

MR. LEWIS ATKINSON, manager of the British diamond industry, exhibited in the Cape of Good Hope Court of the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, writing to the *Times*, says that the public are probably not aware of the extent to which diamond-cutting has been revived in London. Mr. Atkinson goes on to say that nearly 200 years ago Englishmen were the finest diamond-cutters in the world, the trade being nearly all carried on in London, and that at the present time old English cut diamonds will always fetch a very high price, a the cutting is still so much prized. Through religious persecution the cutters migrated to Amsterdam, where they have since remained, at the time when the African diamonds-fields were discovered there was only one diamond-cutter in London. Dutchmen were accordingly engaged to work in London from Monday morning till Friday sunset, and they were to receive £10 per week each man. They struck several times successfully for higher wages, but when they demanded £18 per week each man they were discharged, and English precious gem-cutters were put at the work. At first the Englishmen were only able after a deal of trouble to cut a class of diamond in one month which they could now cut in about four days. As soon as its was clearly proved that Englishmen had once more gained the art, the Worshipful Company of Turners decided to give English cutters every encouragement, and have, with the valuable assistance of the Baroness and Mr. Burdett-Coutts, offered money awards in competition against the Dutch for the best-cut diamonds. After several contest the Englishmen gained the first price and most of the others. Up to the end of 1885 out of four of the principal mines of South Africa—namely, Kimberley, De Beers, Bultfontein, and Du Toit's Pan, no less than 33 million carats of diamonds (or more than six and a half tons' weight) have been extracted, realizing about £40,000,000. The diamonds now discovered are nearly all found in British possessions—namely, Africa and India. Yet the vast majority of the stones are still sent to foreign countries to be cut and polished, which every Englishman should consider ought not to be. As one of the greatest secrets connected with the trade consists in the one word "patience," there is an immense field for the employment of women. As a nation, the Americans are the finest judges of diamonds in the world, and it is to London that America goes for her finest-cut diamonds. The last official report published was that America took about £3,000,000 worth of cut diamonds annually from England.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s. s. River Indus, 2,255 tons, Captain J. B. Murray, sailed yesterday, with a general cargo and eight-deck passengers for Aden.

THE Ship Sierra Morena, 1,385 tons, Captain W. Spencer, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, laden with 42 thousands maunds of salt for that port.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Bagdad, Captain F. N. Frohawk, left Bombay on Saturday last, for Aden and East African ports, with a general cargo and 126 deck passengers, among whom there are 82 crew of the Waroonga.

THE Italian steamer Bormida, 1,499 tons, sailed from Bombay, on Saturday last, under the command of Captain G. B. Dagnino, laden with a general cargo and Mr. Perosha Framji and Mahomed Ally as cabin passengers and nine deck.

THE B. I. S. N. steamer Booldana, 2,143 tons, Captain A. Clark, arrived in Bombay yesterday morning from the Coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Colonel J. C. Taylor, from Calicut; Lieutenant F. L. Moore, from Cannanore; Mr. R. Arnot, from Mangalore; Mrs. Roach and two children, from Marmagao; Mr. S. M. Hirji, from Cannanore; and 17 deck from various ports.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Satara, 821 tons, which arrived in Bombay, on Friday evening, from the Persian Gulf and Karachi, with a general cargo, fifteen chests of opium and 52 horses, and the following passengers:—Mrs. and Miss Collingwood, Mr. A. Bridges, Mr. Henham, Mr. R. Smith, Colonel Cunningham, The Rev. F. Willy, Mr. M. A. Convela, The Hon'ble J. B. Richey, Mr. and Mrs. Fanshawe, Mr. L. A. Bachelder, Mr. Sayd Alli, Sergeant Instructor J. Downing, Mr. J. C. Butter, Mr. H. J. Gordon, Mr. T. Adam, Mr. D. P. Alcantaro and two hundred deck.

THE CHINA MAILS.

THE P. and O. boat Sutlej, sailed from this port the day before yesterday, under the command of Captain W. D. G. Worcester, for Colombo and Shanghai, with the China Mails, a general cargo and Mr. Benjamin as a passenger for Colombo.

VESSELS IN THE PRINCE'S DOCK.

26TH NOVEMBER, 1887.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Arabia	2314	J. Laird	B	W. & A. Graham & Co.
" Verona	1862	F. Speck	D	P. & O. Co.
" Inchgarvie	1728	M. T. Moss	E	J. Mackintosh & Co.
" Bormida	1492	G. R. Dagnino	F	F. Bozzoni.
" C. Sinclair	1911	C E. Darley	G	F. Muir & Co.
" D. Balduino	3044	G. Dodero	K	F. Bozzoni.
" China	1394	B. Fletcher	L	K. Nixon & Co.
" Eden Hall	2353	A.B.MacDougall	M	Edward Bates.
" St. Regulus	2031	Henry	N	J. Mackintosh & Co.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
27	Kt. of St John (s).	Shiell	Cardiff, Oct 29.
	Booldana (s)	Clark	Calcutta, Oct. 31.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
26	Sutlej (s)	Worcester	China.
	Baghdad (s)	Frohawk	Zanzibar & Aden.
	Bormida (s)	Dagnino	China.
27	River Indus	Murray	Aden.
	Sierra Morena	Spencer	Calcutta.
	Goolinar	Nakoda	Damaun.

The following vessels were entered outwards on Saturday last:—
Steamer Verona, for Trieste, London.
" Gem, for Dunkirk.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.
22 Palitana s .... England ....Singapore, Nov. 9.
Goa s........ Lewins.......Bombay, Oct. 27.
Duke of Devonshire s .... Turner.......Melbourne, Oct. 2.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 22.—Steamers Ethiopia and Olympia. Ship Queen of Scots.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.
23 Quetta s .... Calcutta.
Simla s .... Nezapatam.
24 Sirsa s .... Rangoon.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.
22 Clan Grant s .... Calcutta.
Putiala s .... Bombay.
Tanais s .... Pony. & Colombo.
23 Clan Alpine s .... London.

DAILY EXPORTS.—NOVEMBER 26.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Clan Sinclair (s), 260 bales woo, N Lallji; 65 bales wool, J Khymji; 25 bales skins, E Latham and Co; 60 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co; 80 bales wool, Benn Ashley and Co; 65 bales wool, M Jaitha.

Eden Hall (s), 300 cwts linseed, A Blascheck and Co; 198 bales hemp, D Ramji; 151 bales cotton-fly and twist, T Jewraj; 2,001 cwts myrabolums, The Bo Co Ld.

FOR LONDON.

Coromandel (s), 2,000 cwts linseed G Mottee and Co; 375 cwts cloves, The Bo Co Ld.

Verona (s), 440 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co; 1,599 cwts gingelly seed, Volkart Brothers; 3,013 cwts linseed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES

Arabia (s), 2,500 cwts castor seed, G Mottee and Co; 85 cwts gingelly seed, The Bo Co, Ld.

FOR GENOA.

D Balduino (s), 55 cwts cloves, P Luckmidas; 100 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

D Balduino (s), 200 bales cotton, The Bo Co, Ld.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bormida (s), 20 chests opium, B Balchand; 11 chests opium, G Mungulchand; 2 chests opium, T Sitaram; 18 chests opium, M Rambhagat; 11 chests opium, B Roogji; 8 chests opium, K Joovarmull; 4 chests opium, R Harbillas; 2 chests opium, J Samirmull; 4 chests opium, J Moolchand; 18 chests opium, L Brijmowan; 2 chests opium, J Chaitram.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Sutlej (s), 4 chests opium, T Ghansimdas.

Bormida (s), 11 chests opium, V Jaitadas; 24 chests opium, H Hurdeodas: 11 chests opium, B Dwarkabux; 17 chests opium, D Foolchand; 10 chests opium, B Roogji; 5 chests opium, B Buldeo; 20 chests opium, G Mungulchand; 2 chests opium, S Shewlal; 9 chests opium, S Sethia.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—NOVEMBER 24.

Battiscombe, Lt., Bo., R. A., on leave, from Kirkee.

NOVEMBER 25.

Cunningham, Col., Bo. Staff Corps, on duty, from Karachi.

Douglas, Major, Bo., R. A., on leave, from Kirkee.

Radcliffe, Lt., R. A., on leave, from Bo., Kirkee.

DEPARTURES.—NOVEMBER 26.

Lincoln. Lt., Bo., 23rd L. I., on duty, to Poona.

Fitzgerald, Capt., Bo., Dy. A. Qr. Mr. Genl., on duty, to Colwa.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Commandant, B.V.R.C.

Bombay, 28th November, 1887.

1. There will be drill at the following places until further orders:—

At the Oval, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 6-30 a.m.

At the P. and O. Dockyard, Mondays and Fridays, at 5 p.m.

At the Byculla School, Mondays, and Thursdays, at 5 p.m.

At the Byculla Scottish School, Mondays and Fridays, at 4 p.m.

At the St. Peter's School, Mazagon, Tuesdays and Thursdays, at 4 p.m.

At the Queen's Statue, Mondays and Wednesdays, at 5-15 p.m.

At the Indo-British Institution, Tuesdays and Fridays, at 4 p.m.

At the Grant Road Steam Bakery's Compound, Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6-40 a.m.

At the Cathedral High School, and John Connon School, Cadets will parade at the Queen's Statue and Oval as above.

2. There will be a meeting this day, Monday, the 28th instant, at 5-30 p.m., at Head-quarters of all those interested in the Western India Rifle Association Meeting.

3. There will be a Meeting of the Executive Committee Rifle Association at Head-quarters on Tuesday, the 29th instant, at 5-30 p.m. to set apart days for all Company Competitions during this season. Officers Commanding Companies or their representatives are requested to attend.

4. The following promotions in "M" Company (Cadets) will take effect from this date:—

To be Sergeants—Cpls. A. Aquino and A. McMullen.

To be Cpls.—Cadets J. Deome, C. Simmonis and A. Hawkins.

To be Lce.-Cpls.—Cadets P. Myer, J. Hawkins and S. Pearcy.

5. Cpl. G. Pinset, E. Co., is granted two months leave of absence from this date.

6. The following members having joined are taken on the strength of the Corps from this date and posted to "E" Company No. 2584 Vol. E. F. Pereyra, and No. 2585 Vol. J. Brooks.

7. There will be a meeting of the Fielding Sub-Committee at 5-30 p.m. on Thursday next.

By Order.

(Sd.) H. S. B. HODGKINSON, Capt. and Adjutant, Bombay Vol. R. Corps.

BATTERY ORDERS

By Major G. W. Roughton, Comdt. Bo. Vol. Arty.

Bombay, 28th November 1887.

For the week ending 3rd December 1887.

1. On Saturday, the 3rd December, the Battery will parade at 3-40 p.m. sharp, in rear of the Town Hall to proceed to Cross Island Battery for heavy gun drill. Helmets to be worn. Members unable to parade at 3-40 can join at the Apollo Bunder at 4 p.m.

2. There will be standing gun drill for recruits on Tuesday evening at 5 p.m. in the Arsenal Compound.

3. Squad Drill with carbines will be held in rear of the Town Hall on Wednesday morning at 6-30 a.m., and on Thursday morning at 6-30 in front of Grant Buildings.

4. A Class of instruction in Gunnery will be held by the Sergeant Instructor at the Volunteer Club on Wednesday evening at 6-30 p.m.

5. On Thursday evening at 9 p.m. Lieutenant Wingfield, R.A., will deliver his second lecture in Gunnery at the Volunteer Club.

6. No. 93 Gunner F. Montrudon having joined is taken on the strength of the Battery,

By Order.

(Sd.) ARTHUR LESLIE, Captain, Actg. Adjutant Bo. Vol. Artillery.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, HEAD-QUARTERS. Poona, 25th Nov. 1887.

The C-in-C is pleased to make the following appointment:—

24th Bo I—Capt A J P Nuthall, Staff Corps, Wing Officer and Offg Wing Cmdr, 25th Bo L I, officiate as Wing Comdr during the absence of Capt Pearson on leave in India or until further orders.

With reference to G O G No 560 of 1887, the undermentioned Medical Officers are placed on General duty stated opposite to their names:—

Surgns C H L Major and L F Childe, Poona Divn; and F D C Barry, Presdy Dist.

Under instructions from Horse Guards, War Office, it is intimated that Lieut C A Muspratt Williams, F-2, R A, has been placed upon the Seconded List on appointment to the Indian Ordnance Department.

The name of Capt F C Palmer, 7 DnGds will be expunged from G O C 423 of 1887, as Major M D. Burke will remain at the Depot for another year.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to England with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

R A—Capt A W B Gordon, for 6 months, on private affairs.

Medl Staff—Surgeon A Dodd, for 6 months, on private affairs.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence:—

2nd Lan Fus;—Major T P Fleetwood to remain in England from 5th Dec to 5th June, on medical certificate.

Adjt Genls Dept—Hony Lt H Kerigan, in India, from date of departure for 6 months on private affairs under the Furlough Regulation of 1868.

THE conditions of journalism in Russia are often puzzling to the outside observer. It is scarcely possible, however, to misunderstand the order which, according to Reuter, has just been issued by the Emperor in regard to ths *Moscow Gazette*. The Emperor is said to have appointed a Committee consisting of the Ministers of Finance and of the Imperial Domains, the Procurator of the Holy Synod (M. Probedinoseff), and two members of the Council of the Empire, "in order to examine the question of the successor to be appointed to the late M. Katkoff." In the time of its late editor this journal used to be held up to a miration as an example of independent journalism in Russia. As regards other newspapers, one was known to be the organ of the Minister of the Interior, another of the Minister of Foreign Affairs; and all were under the control of a censorship and of a severe Press law. But the restraints to which other journalists submitted gave way before the vigour and determination of Michael Katkoff, who by sheer force of character defied the censorship and rose superior to the Press law. That at least was the theory on the subject; though it now appears that the editorship of the *Moscow Gazette* is a post which is as much under Government as any office belonging to the public administration.

A WAVE of Mohammedan fanaticism seems to be passing over the West Coast of Africa. Recently several native chiefs residing in the neighbourhood of the British settlements on the Gambia were so hard pressed by Mohammedan fanatics and slave dealers that in order to save them from destruction, as well as to protect the trade of the river, Sir Samuel Rowe ordered the British flag to be raised in their territories. The neighbourhood of Sierra Leone is now in a very disturbed state, it is believed, from similar causes. The marauders, bent upon plunder, who are perpetually invading British territory in that quarter, are chiefly Mohammedans. It appears that Sennehoo, which has just been the scene of a native rising and massacre, is to a large extent a Mohammedan town, and some anxiety will therefore be naturally felt for the safety of the Christian portion of the inhabitants. Since the war in Egypt emissaries of Islam have been busy enough in Western Africa; and England is the chief obstacle to the success of their intrigues. The turbulent nature of the elements with which we have to contend is a strong reason why we should endeavour to improve and strengthen our administration on the West Coast, especially in the Sherbro', which has been a hotbed of disaffection for many years past.

FLORILINE—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH—A few drops of the liquid "Floiline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, harden the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tabaco smoke. The "Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d. of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, Farringdon-road, London.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

—	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	14 pct.	790
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	890
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	14 do.	710
EXCHANGE BANK.					
Agra Bank	10,000	8	8	6 do.	120
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	61,110	100	all	17½ do	645
National Bank of India	37,320	$125 / 25		5 pct.	118xd

PRESS COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	Rs. 54	1,250
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	500	Rs.	425
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	850
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	240
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	250
Breul's Cawnpore P. Co., Ld	0	200	200	Rs. 16	110xd
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	125	125	Rs. 15	130
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 600	645
Dhollera P. & G. Co.	0	300	300	12	80
East India Press Co.	0	,000	1,000	Rs. 150	1,425
Fort Press Co.	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 60	1,375
French Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 30	600
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.	450	500	500	Rs. 35	400
Khamgaum Cotton Press Co.	240	450	all	Rs. 45	345
Manmar Manfg. Co	1,000	250	250	Rs. 10	232½
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	Rs. 5	75
Mofussil Co.	3,125	400	400	Rs. 0	430
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,250	500	500	Rs. 60	530
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	97½
Prince of W. Press	600	500	100	Rs. 30	285x
Sabapathy Press Co., Ld., (Bellary.)	500	500	50	Rs. 75	
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	75	Rs. 75	
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,200	1,00	Rs. 120	1,300
Sassoon Press Co.	330	500	500	25	500
Volkart Press Co.	450	1,100	1,000	Rs	570xd

MISCELLANEOUS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
Alcock Ashdown & Co Ld.	1,000	200	200	10 p ct	190
	750	200	150		140
Badham Pile & Co. Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 16	150
Bapty Co., Ld.	325		185	nil.	99
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.		500	100	2-3p.c	100
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	11 p.c	495
Bombay Saw Mills	600	1,000	1,000	15 p. ct.	190
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,250	100	100	Rs. 2	93
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,600	7 p.c.	2,625
Do. (3rd Issue)	2,000	62	375	Rs. 5	650
Bombay Municipal Bonds	—	—	—	5 p.c.	100½
Cash Bazaar	1,500	100	100	—	3
Clydesdale Dyeing Co	1,000	500	500	—	500
Cooper, Madon & Co. Ld.	3,000	100	100	Rs. 10	71
Jeyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	40	...	41
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	Re. 1
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	25	25		11
Kurrachee Lighterage Co., Ld.	500	256	250	...	190
Kemp & Co. Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 28	350
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 10	80xd
Napier Hotel Co.	300	100	100	13 p.c	80
Napier Foundry and M'fg. Co.	1,500	100	100	..	104xd
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	5	10 p.c.	115
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	8 p. c.	18
Pearse and Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 1	45
Port Canning Co.	8,000	000	1,000	Rs. 19	335
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	p.c.	103
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	10	9 p.c.	99
Telephone Co., Ld.	19,200	25	25	Rs. 2	8½
Treacher & Co., Ld.	2,000	500	500	Rs. 100	1,235
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100	100	Rs. 15	200
Western India Flour Mills		125	125	nil	75
M. M. Mody & Co	1,000	200	200	11 p	165

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
Ahmedabad S. & W. Co.	1,308	1,000	1,000	...	1,375
Albert Edward Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	00	500	Rs. 25	445
Anglo-Indian Spinning & Mfg. Co., Ld.	9 345	100	100	Rs. 4	98
Alfred Mfg. Co., Ld	1,000	500	500	...	355
Ahmedabad Ginning & M. Co., Ld.	700	[illegible]	1,00	..	—
Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co.	4,800	125	125	..	..
Ambica S. & M. Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	..	..
Alliance Cotton Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	590
Bellary S. & W. Mill, Ld.	871	500	500	Rs. 22½	575
Bombay Cotton Mfg. Co.	600	500	500	Rs. 20	370
Bombay United S. & W. Co.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	890
Berar Manufacturing Co., Ld.	2,750	200	200	..	150
Central India S. & W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	4,500	500	500	Rs. 60	1000
City of Bombay Mfg. Co., Ld.	700	1,00	1,00	Rs. 50	915
Colaba Land & Mill Co.	4,000	700	700	Rs. 30	750
Connaught Mills Co., Ld.	840	500	500	Rs. 25	610
Cooria S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,300	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	630
David Mills Co., Ld.	1,6[illegible]	5	350		350a
Dhun Mills, Ld.	1,000	1,00	1,00	Rs. 50	1,100
Empress S. & W. Co. Ld.	1,415½	500	500	Rs. 2	660
Framjee Petit S. and Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,25	1,[illegible]	1,00	Rs. 30	635
Gordon S. & Mfg. Co. Ld.	9 700	150	150	...	197½
Goolam Baba S. & W. Co., Limited	2,000	500	500	...	300
Guzerat Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limited.		1,000	1,000	...	...
Guzerat S. & W. Co., Limited	420	1,000	1,000	...	845x
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.	1,200	1,000	1,00	...	845
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	...	572½
Hinganghat Mill Co., Limited.	700	575	50	Rs. 37½	720 625
Hyderabad Deccan S. & W. Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,00	Rs. 35	785xd
Indian Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,0	Rs. 8	1405
Imperial Cotton Mills Co. Limited	1,360	500	500	Rs. 25	542½
Jamshed Mfg. Co. Limited	1,600	25	25	Rs. 15	290xd
James Greaves Mill Co., Limited	1,329	500	50	Rs. 2	615
Jaffer Ali S. & W. Co., Ld., Original	600	500	51		420
Increased	1,483	2	2	Rs. 14	
Jubilee Mill Co., Ld.	466	1,000	2	Rs. 55	200a
Jewraj Balloo S. & W. Co., Ld.	1 100	1,000	1,0	Rs. 55	1120
Khandesh S. & W. Mills Co., Ld	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	820xd
Khattow Makanjee S. & W. Co., Ld	1,000	1,000	1,00	Rs. 25	735
Lukhmidas Khimjee S. & W. Co., Ld	1,000	1,00	1,000	Rs. 5	880
Leopold S. Bleaching & Mfg. Co., Ld	3,500	100	100	Rs. 5	138
Madras United S. and W. Mills Co., Ld.	500½	1,000	1,000	Rs. 120	2,202
Mahaluxmi S. & W. Co., Ld.	650	1,00	1,000	Rs. 30	510
Mazagon S. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	5,000	250	250	Rs. 8	180
Morarjee Goculdas S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,440
Maneckjee Petit Mfg. Co. Limited	4,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,262½
Naigaum Cotton Cleaning and Mfg. Co., Limited	1,300	1	100		38
Nawab of Baila S. W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	2,000	250	250	...	...
New Great Eastern S. & W Co., Ld.	1,500	1,00	1,000	Rs. 40	820
National S. & W. Co., of India, Limited	600	1,00	1,000	...	485
Narayen Cotton Mills, Limited (in Lqdn)	500	1,00	1,000	...	200
Oriental S. & W. Co., Limited	5,720	625	625	Rs. 25	550
People of India S. & Mfg. Co., Limited	1,000	250	250	Rs. 6½	135
Presidency Mills Co., Limited	1,000	1,	..	...	975
Prince of Wales S. & Mfg. Co, Limited	2,189	125	125	...	72½
Queen S. & W. Co., Limited	799	1,000	1,000	Rs. 6	970
Ripon Mfg. Co., Ld	641	1,00	1,000	Rs. 5	960
Sasson S.& W.Co.,Ld.	1,500	1,00	1,000	...	1,500
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld.	1,716	500	500	...	500
Sholapore S.& W.Co Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 55	1,140
Soonderdas S. & W Mill Co., Ld.	650	1,000	1,00	Rs. 30	665
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	232	...	257½
Swadeshi Mills Co., Ld.	4,000	500	500	..	495
Victoria Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	0	1,000	Rs. 20	450
Veramgaum S.& Mfg. Co., Ld.	800	500	500	...	..
Western India S. & Mfg. Co., Ld	1,200	1,000	1,000	..	780

BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 22nd Nov. as compared with the statement of the 1st Nov.:—

LIABILITIES.	Nov. 1. Rs.	A.	P.	Nov. 22. Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	48,52,869	15	0	48,52,759	15	0
Treasury Balance	1,75,23,403	1	2	1,49,68,123	8	6
Other Deposits	4,07,23,364	15	5	4,31,52,476	4	3
Bank Post Bills, &c.	2,35,229	6	5	6,44,191	13	11
Sundries	16,65,967	14	6	17,21,272	8	1
Rs.	8,50,00,835	4	6	8,53,38,821	1	9
ASSETS.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Government Securities	92,05,392	11	0	93,91,677	14	0
Other authorized Invtmts	62,78,562	13	4	58,57,597	13	4
Loans on Govt. and other authorized Securities	65,46,671	0	2	66,56,199	15	0
Credits on do.	67,07,273	9	0	73,26,472	13	9
Bills discounted	1,90,31,552	8	3	1,67,58,645	6	11
Balances with other Banks	5,74,727	8	1	4,60,258	14	3
Bullion	1,316	12	0	1,376	4	[illegible]
Dead Stock	11,21,764	2	3	11,18,823	0	1
Stamps	9,952	15	3	9,[illegible]	2	0
Sundries	9,82,956	4	11	8,36,605	14	5
Cash at Head Office	1,51,86,891	14	5	1,50,96,720	14	10
Do. at Branches	1,93,53,443	1	10	2,18,25,207	0	8
Rs.	8,50,00,835	4	6	8,53,38,824	1	9

CALCUTTA COMMERCIAL.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1887.

COMMERCIAL COMPANIES' SHARES.

Agra Pressing Co.	100	ad-int.	...
Agricultural Phosphates	100	y 10 p.ct.	34
Alipore Coal Co.	100	nil.	120
Arakan Oil Co.	Rs. 9	......	Nml.
Asiatic Jute Co., Ld.	100	nil.	Lqdn.
Bally Paper Mills Co.	£10	7 p. ct.	58x
Barnagore Jute Factory	£10	5 p. ct.	93
Bengal Coal Co., Ld.	1000	7 p. ct.	1,650
B. Baragunda Copper (preference A shares)	a12-6	......	13¼
Do. Deferred B Shares	£1	......	7½
Bengal Ice Manfg. Co.	100	nil.	67
Do. Mills Co., Ld.	£100	5 p.ct.	1,400
Do. Silk Co., Ld.	100	y 7 p. ct.	50
Do. Telephone Co.	100	$8 p. ct.	50
Bonded Warehouse	445	Rs 11p.sh	270x
Bowreah Cotton Mills	100	3½ p. ct.	72x
Budge-Budge J. Mills	80	nil.	87
Burrakur Coal Co.	100	10 p. ct.	150
Calcutta Central Press	100	v. 15 p.ct.	105
Calcutta Hydraulic	100	nil.	57
Do. Steam Co.	100	5 p. ct.	105
Do. Tramways Co.	£10	1½ p. ct.	100
Camperdown P. Co., Ld.	100	5 p.ct.	101
Canal Press Co.	100	nil.	85
Carew & Co., Ld. (Sugar)	100	5 p. ct.	100
Cawnpur Cotton Mills Co.	100	5 p. ct.	106
Do. Woollen Mills	50	5 p.ct.	63
Chitpur Hydraulic P.	100	nil.	52
Crown Brewery Musuri	100	y 8 p. ct.	105
Crystal Ice Co., Ld.	100	nil.	85
Darjeeling Himalayan Ry. Co.	100	3 p. ct.	102
Do. & K. Hotel Co.	100	......	34
Deoghur Ry. Co., Ld.	100	2½ p. ct.	92
Do. Mining Co., Ld.	10	......	½
Dunbar Cotton Mills	100	nil.	52
Egerton Woollen Mills Co., Ld.	100	2 p. ct.	95
Empress Ind Cotton Co., Ld.	500	4 p. ct.	400
Equitable Coal Co., Ld.	250	nil.	60
Fort Gloster Jute Manufacturing.	100	nil.	43
Gobra Tannery Co., Ld.	100	nil.	85
Goosery Cotton Mills	200	6 p. ct.	220
Gouripore Co., Ld.	100	8 p. ct.	106
Great Eastern Hotel	100	2½ p. ct.	85
Hooghly Mills Co., Ld.	75	nil.	7d
Howrah Docking Co.	500	Rs.5 p.sh.	115
Do. Mills Co., Ld.	100	4 p. ct.	98
India G. S. N. Co., Ld.	100	6 p. ct.	94
Jheel Pressing Co., Ld.	100	nil.	Lqdn.
Kamerhatty Jute Mills	50	5 p. ct.	119
Kangra V. S. Co., Ld.	100	6 p. ct.	110
Kanknarrah C.	53	nil.	30
Lahore Tramway Co.	100	......	110
Landing & Shipping Co.	100	9 p. ct.	59x
Lyell & Co., Ld., Allahabad	100	y 19p. ct.	90
Morrison E. & Co., Naini Tal	100	......	60
Muir Mills Co., Cotton	200	7 p. ct.	300
Murree Brewery Co., Ld.	100	y 10 p. ct.	150
Naini Tal Brewery Co., Ld.	100	y 12 p. ct.	113
Nasmyth's Pat. Press	100	nil.	65x
New Beerbhoom Coal	100	6 p. ct.	119
Orissa Coasting S. N.	75	nil.	50d
Planters Stores and Agency Co., Ld.	£10	3 p. ct.	£11
Rajmahal Stone Co.	100	y 5½ p. ct.	75
Ramkistopore Press	100	nil.	35
Raneegunge Coal Asn.	100	y 5 p. ct.	65
Riverside Press Co.	100	nil.	40
R. Scott Thomson & Co.	500	2½ p. ct.	240
Scindia Paper Mills Co.	£1	......	Nml.
Do. Vendors Shares	£1	......	Nml.
Seebpore Jute Manfg.	100	nil.	71
Strand Bank Press Co.	100	nil.	51
Tarkessur Railway Co.	100	4 p. ct.	106
Titaghur Paper Mills	100	5 p. ct.	106
Union Jute Co., Ld.	75	10 p. ct.	148
Watson's Patent Press	100	6 p. ct.	82

TEA COMPANIES' SHARES.

(*Yearly*)

Adulpore Terai (Darj.)	100	nil. a	20
Amicable (Assam)	100	...	Lqdn.
Amluckie	100	5 p. ct. a	52
Arcuttipore (Cachar)	100	5 p. ct. a	50
Assam Company	180	10 p. ct. a	530
Baintbarrie Tea Co., Ld.	100	nil c	100
Balasun (Darjeeling)	100	5 ad.-int.	70
Bengal (Cachar)	100	5 p. ct. a	46
Do. contributory	80	3 p. ct. a	36
Bishnath (Assam)	200	4 p. ct. a	100
Do. contributory	100	4 p. ct. a	50
Borelli (Assam)	£10	5 p. ct.	165
Burkholah (Cachar)	100	2 p. ct.	25
Central (Cachar)	200	3 p. ct. a	110
Do. Terai (Darj.)	100	nil. a	24
Chandypore (Cachar)	100	nil. a	28
Cherra (Cachar)	£10	......	50
Chota Nagpore	100	nil. a	16
Chumta Tea Co.	100	2 p. ct. a	15
Cocheela (Cachar)	100	nil. a	20
Cuttecherra (Cachar)	100	nil. a	100
Darg. Tea & Cinchona	100	8 p. ct. a	100
Dehing (Assam)	90	3 p. ct. a	36
Dehra Doon	100	5 p. ct. a	45
Dejoo (Assam)	£10	4½p. ct.	110
Dessai & Parbutia (Assam)	100	2½ p.ct. a	50
Dhunsiri	100	nil. a	95
Doom Dooma, Ordinary	£10	6½ p. ct.	136
Do. do. A	£10	8 p. ct. a	156
Do. do. B	£10	6 p. ct. a	168
Durrung (Assam)	100	3 p. ct. a	43
Eastern Cachar	100	nil. a	20
East India Assam & Cachar	100	nil. a	30
Endogram (Cachar)	£10	......	Nml.
Gielle (Darjeeling)	100	5 p. ct.	59
Good Hope Tea Co.	100	10 ad int.	190
Goomtee Tea	100	nil. a	100
Gowhatty (Assam)	100	......	Lqdn.
Grob (Assam)	100	nil. a	17
Gyabaree (Darjeeling)	97½	nil. c	43
Holta (Kangra)	100	5 p. ct. a	63
Hoolmaree (Assam)	100	5 ad int.	105
Hoolungorie (Assam)	100	3 p. ct a	37
Hopetown	100	6 p.-ct.c	100
Do. contributory	100	5 p.-ct.c	100
Hotewar (Chota Nagpore)	100	... ..	100
Hunwal (Assam)	£10	3 p.-ct. a	100
Indian Terai	500	ad int.	460
Iringmara (Cachar)	100	13 p. ct.c	100
Jetinga Val (Cachar)	100	7½p. ct. a	63
Jhanzie Tea Assn., Ld.	£5	10 p. ct.	92
Jinglam Darjeeling	100	nil. a	92
Jokai (Assam)	£10	10 p. ct	150
Kalacherra (Cachar)	100	nil. a	18
Kamptie Gwallie (Assam)	100	nil.	par.
Khobong (Assam) A	100	10 p. ct. a	105
Do. do. B	100	4 p. ct. a	105
Kornafuli (Chittg.)	60	nil. a	45
Kousanie	100	......	Nml.
Kunchunpore (Cachar)	100	nil. c	12
Kurseong & Darjeeling	250	nil. a	80
Do. contributory	200	nil. a	70
Kuttal (Cachar)	100	16 p. ct. a	198
Lakatoora (Sylhet)	100	2½p.ct. a	33
Leesh River (W. Dooars)	£10	4 p. ct. a	par.
Longview (Dar.)	100	3½p. ct.a	40
Loobah	100	10p. ct.a	110
Lower Assam	£7½	nil. c	5
Do. Darjeeling	100	nil. c	Nml.
Luckimpore, Assam	£10	6 p. ct.	60
Majagram (Cachar)	100	nil. a	20
Mesai Tea Co.	100	8 p. ct a	101
Mim Tea Co.	100	5 ad int.	90
Mohurgung Tea Co.	100	2 p. ct. a	25
Monacherra (Cachar)	100	nil. a	16
Do. contributory	90	nil. a	11
Moran, Assam	80	......	30d
Mothola, Assam	100	14 p. ct.	100
Do. contributory	90	14 p. ct.	90
Munjha (Darjg. Tea)	100	nil. a	50
Mungledye, Assam Tea	£10	nil. a	...
New Gola Ghat, Assam	£10	......	Lqdn.
New Mutual (Cachar)	100	11p. ct. a	100
North Western Cachar	100	2½p. ct.	28
Phœnix of (Cachar)	85	nil. a	27
Pankabaree (Darjg.)	100	6 p. ct. c	52
Pashok (Darjeeling)	100	nil. a	100
Phoolbaree Tea C., Ld.	100	2½ p. ct. c	65
Puttareah (Sylhet)	100	nil. c	40
Rajabaree (Assam)	100	5 p. ct. a	40
Ring Tong (Darjg.)	100	nil. a	40
Rungamatee (Cachar)	100	4 p. ct.	25
Runglee Rungliot	100	10 ad int.	115
Sagmootia (Assam)	100	nil. a	Nml.
Sapakati Tea Co.	100	7 p. ct. a	110
Second Mutual, Cachar	56	3 p. ct. a	4-5d
Second Fallodhi	100	3 p. ct. a	45
Selim Tea Co., Ld.	100	5ad int.	40
Singbulli & Murmah	100	5ad int.	86
Singell (Darjeeling)	100	4 p. ct. a	42
Singlo Tea Co.	100	......	100
Singtom Tea Co., Ld.	100	5ad. int. a	108
Soom (Darjeeling)	100	6 p.ct. a	75
Springside (Darjeeling)	100	6 p. ct.	65
Sungoo River (Chittg.)	100	nil. a	16
Teendarrea (Darjg.)	100	2 p. ct. a	30
Teesta Valley (Darjg.)	100	5ad. int.	87
Ting Ling (Darjeeling)	100	8 p. ct. a	104
Tingri Tea Co., Ld.	100	2½ p. ct. a	101
Tukvar (Darjeeling)	200	5ad. int.	141x
Upper Assam	£10	nil. a	15
Washabarie W. Dooars	100	......	...

d.-int. Ad-interim dividend on crop of 1887.
a—Total dividend on crop of 1886.
c—Total dividend on crop of 1885.
d—Dividend for the year.
b—Buyers.
x—Exclu
n—Nominal.

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COOKERY BOOK.

PRICE, Re. 1-0-0.

CONTAINS Recipes for making favourite Indian Dishes, the directions being worded plainly and simply, so that the merest Novice in the Art of Cookery may prepare the dishes. Amongst many others will be found receipts for making 'Xmas Portuguese Sweets of all kinds, Mango Preserve, Guava Jelly and Cheese, Puddings of various sorts, different kinds of Hulwa, Tamarind Fish, Balchow, Mango Chutnies, Curries, &c., Apply to

MRS. FRED. BREWIN,
Mazagon, Bombay.

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AT

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A CANOE BAROUCHE with a pair of Bay ARABS the property of a Gentleman.

A new English-built BAROUCHE by Kinross, suitable for one or pair of Arabs.

An English-built new BROUGHAM, very light.

Some GRAM and GRASS MACHINES and Best Real MOCHA COFFEE.

Just arrived per s. s. Manitoba a new CANOE LANDAU with a patent head, and suitable for one or pair of Arabs, by Lewis Fulker of Salisbury.

"A nice Bareilly CART and HARNESS, the property of a Gentleman."

Apply to

CUMMU JAFFER SULLIMAN & CO.

ADVERTISING
AT
RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE Proprietor of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Press, having leased from the

G. I. P. RAILWAY COMPANY

The NIZAM STATE RAILWAY

AND

The BHOWNAGAR GONDAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

The exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to these four Companies, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting Notices or Advertisement on the lines.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the Native Languages.

The advantages which Railway Stations present as a means of bringing intimations of all kind before the public have been demonstrated in England by the extensive use which is made by Advertisers, of every station, great and small, along every one in the United Kingdom.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTELKEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of Railway Station Advertising.

And as nearly ALL TRAVELLERS ARRIVING IN INDIA NOW LAND AT BOMBAY and proceed by the G. I. P. or B. B. and C. I. Railways to their destinations, Placards exhibited at the different stations on those lines are every day becoming more and more valuable as means of bringing the Advertisers business to the notice of the public.

On the NIZAM STATE RAILWAY the Cantonment of Secunderabad, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India, a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Continguous to it is the Cantonment of Bolaram garrisoned by two Regiments and one Battery of the Hyderabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about four miles, are the suburbs of Hyderabad containing the Nizam's Regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans, besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be a source of profit to firms to advertise at these Stations, the most important of which are Secunderabad, Hyderabad, Gangawaram and Tandur.

Orders for exhibiting Advertisement Boards on the B. B. and C. I. Railway Stations will also be received at this Office.

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Boards not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 feet square will have the advantage of having their business Advertisement read by thousands of passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.; on twelve stations or more twenty-five per cent.

Special arrangements for long periods,

The boards to be delivered at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Advertisers can select the stations, on the four lines at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely moderate scale to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

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For further particulars apply to The MANAGER, "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, Rampart Row, Fort.

STATIONS ON THE G. I. P. R. LINE.

Bombay, B. Bunder.	Bhadli	Chindwara	Parus
Musjid ,,	Bhosawul Junction*ac*	Satari	Dapki
Byculla	Sowda	Shapura	Akola
Chinchpoogly	Nimborah	Mirgani (for Marbl	Boree-anum
Parel Station	Raver	Rocks)	Kalipoina
Dadur	Khanapur	Nagpoor	Mo ortizapo
Sion	Burhanpur	Hula Gate	Mohona
Coorla	Budlapoor	Budlapoor	Koorun
Chandnee	Mandwa	Wangni	Buduira
Ghat-Cooper	Dongerkaum	Nurel	Malker
Bhandoop	Nagmar	Chinchawli	Chandoor
Tannaha	Khundwa*ab*	Kurjura*b*	Hamergan
Deewa	Jawar	Padesdari	Poolgaum
Callian Junc tion*ab*	Beech	Khandalia	Dyg-um
Titwalla	Sinaji	Lanowlee*a*	Wurdah*b*
Khadawali	Harsud	Karli	Powaar
Wassind	Kirkeam	Ku kulla	Sindee
Shapoor	Bheringee	Tulligaun	Boree
Algaum	Hurdaa	Salaivadi	K pri
Khurdee	Timoornee	Chinchwud	Salgaon
Kussaraha	Pagdhal	Kirkee	Jehwoor
Kuttpoorah	Sewnee	Poona*bdd*	Keim
Ghotee	Dharam	Loonee	a see R ad
Bailgaum	Khundi	Goroolee	Mariech
Deolalee B. Siding	Dularia	Yeoat	Unger
Nassick Roa	Kheiree (for Hoshangabad	Kheirgaum	Mohol
Kheirwadee	Rampur	Petus	Packney
Nipha	Bagra	Dhond*b*	Sholapura*c*
Jaulgaum	Seori	B rebail	Hoodgee
Munmar	Sohagpore*ad*	Deoksal and	Kurubgam
Nandgaum*a*	Paparia (for	Sheegwan	Deodneh
Naidongree	Pachma i)	Kartruz	Goodoor
Challisgaum	Hankeri	Pomulwaree	Goolburga
Kujraum	Babai	Warengaum	Shahabad*abc*
Gaina	Gadawara	Narsoum	Wadi
Pachora	Bohanee	Khankeer	Nulwar
Myjee	Kurdi (or Saugor)	Mulkapoor	Yedsacherry
Mussawuda	Nursingpore	Biswa Bridge	Sydapore
Siaowlee	Kuruk Bail	Nandoora	Road
Julgaum		Julium*b*	Kistna
		Sheagauma	Chick-ago
			Raichore

STATIONS ON THE B. B. & C. I. R. LINE.

Colaba	Boisur	Keem	Thasra
Church Gate Street	Wangaum	Palonee	Pali
Marine Line	Danoo Road	Unclesur	Borehavi
Churney Rd	Goolwood	Broacha	Nariad
Grant Road	Wewjee	Chumargaum	Mahmoda
Mahaluxmee	Sunjan	Pallej	Barairee
Parell	Bheelar	Meagaum	Ahmedabad*b*
Dadur	Damaun Rd.	Kurwan	Saburmuttee
Mahim	Oodwara	Mundala	Ambli Road
Bandora	Pardee	Dubhoe	Sanund
Andaree	Bulsar	Broadurpore	Charolee
Goregaum	Doongree	Etola	Jackwara
Berewlee	Beeleemora	Barodaa	Veerumgaum
(Bycar)	Unulsar	Bajwa	Jhond
Bhandup	Nowsaree	Wassud	Patree
Bassein Road	Muroloe	Nowley	Khairaghora
Veraur	Sucheen	Anand	Sabli Road
Sopalla	Surat*d*	Bhaluj	Lillapore Rd.
Palghur	Amrolee	Oomret	Luctoran
	Sion	Dakor	Wadwau

STATIONS ON THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY LINE.

Wady Junca	Nawandgi	Gulaguda	Hyderabad
Chitapore	Tandura	Shankaravalli	Secunder a-
Mukid Gate	Dharur	Lingampallie	bad
Jram	Gangawaram	Musapetgate	

STATIONS ON THE BHAVNAGAR-GONDAL.

W a d w a n Junc. do. City	Botad	Chital	Dhoraji
	Sinzala	Lunidhar	Sana-hr
	Ujalvar	Kunkavav	Songad
Lhod	Dhola Junc.	Khakhari	Sihore
Chuda	Jelia	Vavdi	Vartej
Ramour	Dhasa	Jetp r	Ghadechi
Kundli	Lathi	Jetalsar	Bhavnagar

a Refreshment Rooms.

b Junction for

c From 15 to 13 minutes for Refreshment.

d 30 minutes for Dinner. *d* 40 minutes for Dinner.

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	Each Rs. 9-8 Cash.
Black Stiff Felt, Low Round Crown	
Black Stiff Felt, Medium Round Crown	
Black Stiff Square, High Crown, a Special Hat for tall Gentlemen	
Drab Square Crown do. do	
Drab Stiff Felt, Low Round Crown	
Drab Stiff Felt, Medium Round Crown and Square	
Brown Round Crown, all Shades	

DRESS HATS.

Best Silk Plush, Extra Quality	15	8
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Tweed Caps Double Peaks	4	0
Tweed Caps Double Peaks, and Ear Flaps	4	0
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Ladies' Drab do. do.	14	8

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DRESS OXFORD SHOES

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OUR SEASON'S SHIPMENTS now to hand in the above. These Goods are of very superior finish and quality, and in Tennis and Athletic Shoes we have the very latest and approved makes, especially manufactured to withstand the effects of his Climate, viz. Soles never come off).

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Do. do. do. Gent.'s from	,, 11	8
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GOLD hunting keyless, ¾ plate clock watch, with minute repeater and chronograph, case richly enamelled, dark blue, and set with beautiful white diamonds ... ... Rs. 3,700, 4,000, 6,000

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The portrait of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress, protected in this way, forms an appropriate and interesting heirloom in commemoration of the Jubilee of her reign. It is a little gem of art as well as a faithful and pleasing likeness, and we can fix it into the dome of any of the above watches, or any other of sufficient size.

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PERFECT ELASTICITY, PERFECT SAFETY.
GREAT DURABILITY, GREAT ECONOMY.

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Is made from the Choicest Hops Grown.

HAY'S HOP ALE.

The New Aerated Beverage, with full flavour of the finest Hops, is a really appetizing Bitter Beer.



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It is the most Appetizing Non-Alcoholic Beverage known, and will have an immense permanent sale in hot climates. See these testimonials:—

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"Has the Hop Taste of Bitter Beer, and is a nearer approach to Bass' or Allsopp's Ale than any non-intoxicants preceding it."—*Eastern Morning News.*

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QUANTITY REQUIRED, Two Fluid oz. to each Gallon of SYRUP, making 106 10-oz. BOTTLES.

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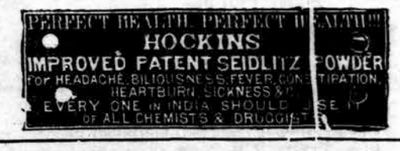
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Hay's Soluble Essence of Jamaica Ginger.
Hay's Compound Fortified Essence of Jamaica Ginger. For 1st quality Ginger Ale.
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Hay's Soluble Essence of Messina Lemons.
Hay's Lemon Flavour.
Hay's Hop Ale Essence.

Spurious imitations are made, but the difference is so marked that no manufacturer using them can compete with one using Hay's preparations. Indentors, to prevent disappointment, should specify that the goods are to be of

W. HAY'S (of Hull), Manufacture.



Not an Emulsion and consequently does not contain a n equal quantity of (or any) water charged for at the price of Oil.

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.

Has the natural very pale colour & the slight taste, & pleasant smell of Fresh Cod Liver Oil.

Preserved in its pristine purity by Capsuled bottles.

The pure world renowned Oil, perfected, in one operation; consequently needing no after manipulations—usually covers for imperfections.

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A Speciality for Hot Climates.



THE PATENT RUSTIC CAR,

which combines all the latest improvements, together with the introduction of the advantages of a Wood Body Bassinette without its disadvantages. It is light in construction, elegant style thoroughly well got up, combining strength and durability acknowledged to be the best ever introduced to the public. A special advantage is its convenience for export purposes, being so constructed as to take in parts, and will pack in cases with the greatest economy of space, and so simple that any individual with ordinary care may easily put them together, each separate part being marked so as to prevent any possible mistake, thereby affording merchants the opportunity of shipping the most perfect of perambulators at a minimum cost.

PERAMBULATORS, BASSINETTES, & INVALID CARRIAGES of Modern Design and at lowest prices.

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ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE CORPORATION.—Policies covering the risk of Fire on Merchandise and Buildings in Bombay are issued by

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COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.
FIRE LIFE AND MARINE
CAPITAL—£2,500,000.
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LIVERPOOL and LONDON and GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

INCREASE OF FUNDS.

	1885.	1886.
Income	£1,479,518	£1,515,165
General Reserve and Fire Re-insurance Funds	£1,850,000	£1,870,000
Life and Annuity Funds	£3,698,612	£3,807,579
Total Invested Funds	£7,072,140	£7,324,634

The attention of intending Insurers is particularly directed to the enormous resources of this Company.

Reduced Life Rates:—Liberal terms.
Large Bonuses. Next Division 31st Dec. 1888.
FIRE RISKS undertaken on Mills, Merchandise, Bungalows, and nearly every description of property in the Bombay Presidency on the most favourable terms.

RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.,
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NOTICES.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double Rs. 30. The Horse shoeing Forging under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

HOP BITTERS.

SHE SHOWED SIGNS OF DEATH. "52, Storks-road, S.E., June 2, 1887. "To the Hop Bitters Company (Ld.) 41, Farringdon-road. "I have much pleasure in testifying to the exceeding great value of your Bitters. My grandmother, who is new 78 years old, was taken very ill with a severe cold, which settled in her back, affecting the kidneys. I had medical aid, but the medicine made her worse instead of better; and the doctor who attended her said she would only last a few hours. I must admit that I believed what he said was true, and she evidently showed signs of death. But we gave her dose of Hop Bitters at stated times, which acted with good results. It is now two months since this happened, and I am thankful to say that she has recovered so much as to be able to go out, and looks better than she did before she was taken ill. "You can make what use you like of this letter, as I feel convinced that had she not had the Bitters, I should be sorrowing over her loss.—Yours faithfully, (Signed) "R. E. HAMILTON."

HOP BITTERS for the LIVER, KIDNEYS, and BLOOD are unapproached by any other form of medicine. It is no vile drugged nostrum, but we guarantee it to be pure and wholesome, and compounded from the finest hops, together with other medicinal leaves and tinctures, on scientific principles. Only try a bottle to-day; or if you have a sick friend, or know some poor person in need of a nourishing tonic and wholesome medicine, go tell them, or give them a bottle of genuine Hop Bitters—it may be the happiest act of your life.

BITTERS.

NOTICE.
NOTICE.
NOTICE.
NOTICE.
HOP BITTERS.
Cannot be genuine
Unless our name and only
Address is at the foot
Of every Label.

THE HOP BITTERS COMPANY,
(LIMITED),
FARRINGDON ROAD,
LONDON, E.C.
BEWARE OF FRAUDS.

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NOTICES.

GOLD MEDAL,
CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1884.

CHASSAING'S WINE
WITH
PEPSINE AND DIASTASE.

IT HAS A MOST AGREEABLE FLAVOUR, AND CONTAINS THE TWO NATURAL AND INDISPENSABLE AGENTS TO INSURE GOOD DIGESTION.

It will be found most beneficial in cases of Indigestion, Vomiting, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Consumption, Gastralgia, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Constipation.

FALIERES' PHOSPHATINE.

This food, which is very agreeable to the taste, is invaluable for the numerous cases in which the phosphate of lime is indicated, particularly in pregnant and nursing women, in children particularly after weaning, in old people and in convalescents.

FALIERES' SYRUP
of pure Bromide of Potassium

Prescribed with the greatest success for the cure of nervous maladies, headaches, sleeplessness, epilepsy, neurosis.

Approved by the Paris Academy of Medicine.

FALIERES' GRANULATED
Bromide of Potassium
employed against the same affections.

PARIS:—6, AVENUE VICTORIA,
And at all Pharmacies.
BOMBAY: KEMP & Co., Ld.

GOUT
RHEUMATISM
URED BY THE USE OF DOCTOR LAVILLE'S LIQUOR AND PILLS,

Approved by Doctor OSSIAN HENRY, Analytical Chemist of the Academie de Medecine of Paris.

"The liquor to be Used in Acute State of Gout or "Rheumatism.
"The pills in Chronical State.
"The liquor must be taken during the most acute fits.
"The pills must be taken during the interval of "fits to prevent them.
"All who suffer from gout or rheumatism should "read Doctor Laville's treatise.
"Post free, to all parts: 4d."

Wholesale, COMAR, 28, rue Saint-Claude, Paris.
Sold by all Chemists and Druggists.

BOMBAY: KEMP & Co., Ld.; TREACHER & Co., Ld.

PRIZE OF £ 660 TO LAROCHE
Laroche's
TRIPLE QUININE WINE
GOLD MEDAL PRIZE £660

FROM THE THREE CINCHONAS

This *VINOUS ELIXIR* is the *most powerful* and valuable of the preparations of Quinine as a **strengthening** and **antifebrile restorative.**

Been employed in cases of *weakness* and *general debility, loss of appetite, changes of life, nervousness, exhaustion, fever*, etc.

ALSO prepared with IRON
for *chlorosis, purifying* the *blood*, for *scrofulous affections*, etc.

Paris, 22, rue Drouot, 22, Paris.
LONDON: NEWBERRY & Co., Druggists.
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DOCTOR RABUTEAU'S
(Laureate of the Institute of France).

DRAGEES, ELIXIR, SYRUP OF IRON, is used with great success in *Anemia, Chlorosis, Children's Weakness, Debility, Exhaustion, Convalescence, Poorness* of *Blood* after *fatigues, watches* and *excesses* of *all kinds.*

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(Medal of the Montyon Prize)

BROMIDE OF CAMPHOR is prepared in Capsules and Dragées. For *Nervous Diseases* and *in Brain* or *Mental affections.*

MATHEY-CAYLUS'
JAPONESE DROPS cure instantaneously the most violent TOOTH-ACHE and prevent the Pain from coming again by destroying the caries.

CLIN ET Co., PHARMACISTS, PARIS.

The products of CLIN et Co., Purveyors to the Hospitals of Paris, may be had of all Chemists and Druggists.

A Laxative and Refreshing Fruit Lozenge most agreeable to take, does not interfere with business and pleasure.

TAMAR INDIEN GRILLON
FOR
CONSTIPATION,
Hæmorrhoids,
Bile, Headache,
Loss of Appetite,
Gastric & Intestinal
Troubles.

Sold by all Chemists and Druggists.

E. GRILLON, 69, Queen Str. Cheapside, London.

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TREACHER & Co. are direct Importers of the highest class of Instruments only. They are the special manufacture of a leading London Maker, and are in use in the principal Government Offices, this being a sufficient guarantee for their accuracy and for their excellence of workmanship and finish. The Prices will be found to bear favourable comparison with the best London Houses.

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CASES BRASS INSTRUMENTS.
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LEVELS. LEVELLING STAVES.
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PENCILS. CRAYONS. SAUCERS. SLANTS.
OIL COLOURS, in Collapsible Tubes.
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PAPER MILLBOARDS. PANELS.
SABLE and HOG-HAIR BRUSHES.
VARNISHES. OILS. MEDIA.

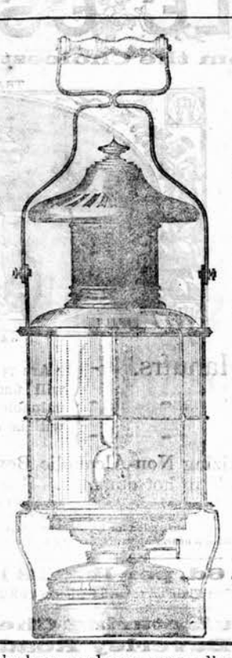
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ALL KINDS OF KEROSINE OIL LAMPS, STORMPROOF.
SAFETY KEROSINE-OIL 150° F.T. (best quality).



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W. G. BAGNALL, LTD.
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THE BECK-REECE PATENT
ICE MAKING AND REFRIGERATING MACHINES.

For the Manufacture of Transparent Block Ice or for all Refrigerating Purposes on the Anhydrous Ammonia Absorption System.

ONE POUND IN WEIGHT OF LIQUID AMMONIA WILL ABSTRACT 900 UNITS OF HEAT.
ONE POUND IN WEIGHT OF ETHER WILL ABSTRACT ONLY 163 UNITS OF HEAT.
MADE BY THIS SYSTEM, AMMONIA WILL ABSTRACT NEARLY SIX TIMES AS MUCH HEAT AS ETHER UNDER SIMILAR CONDITIONS.

NO AIR PUMPS! NO VAPOR PUMPS!! NO BRINE PUMPS!!!

A 5 Ton Size BECK-REECE Machine will make 10 lbs. of Ice with an expenditure of One Pound of Coal.
A 20 " " " " 15 lbs. " " " One Pound of Coal.
A 10 Ton Size ETHER Machine makes 5 lbs. " " " One Pound of Coal.
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A 10 Ton Size BECK-REECE Machine requires a steam engine of 3 horse power.
A ETHER " " " 30 "

In selecting a Freezing Machine these advantages undeniably point to the great superiority of Anhydrous Ammonia by the BECK-REECE *Patent System over Ether or other Refrigerants.*

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A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE
LUBRICANT
("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR")
FOR CYLINDERS, VALVES, SHAFTING, BEARINGS, &c.
LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT. CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.

Price Rs. 3.8 per Gallon.

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LEA & PERRINS SAUCE



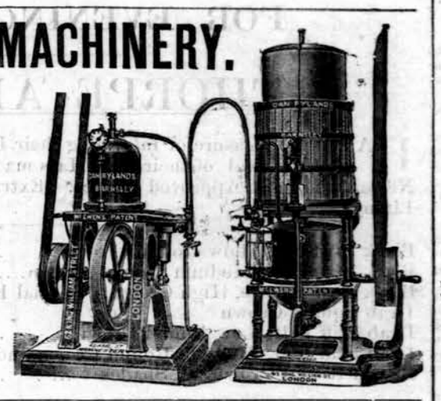
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Lea & Perrins

without which no bottle of the original WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE is genuine.

Ask for LEA and PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper. Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c., and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

SODA WATER MACHINERY.
(McEWEN'S PATENT.)
THE MOST ECONOMICAL and BEST IN THE WORLD.
SAVES 30 per cent. in Materials. 50 per cent. in Power.
Occupies half the usual space, specially adapted for exportation.
McEWEN'S PATENT
RAPID PARAGON FILLER.
Only Filler which has obtained TWO GOLD MEDALS.
OVER 2,250 ALREADY SOLD



SOLE MAKER:
DAN RYLANDS,
Barnsley, England.
CATALOGUES FREE.

KINAHAN'S LL WHISKY

Gold Medal, Paris Exhibition, 1878.
"THE CREAM OF OLD IRISH WHISKIES."
PURE, MILD and MELLOW.
DELICIOUS, and VERY WHOLESOME.
The Prize Medal, Dublin Exhibition, 1865.
20, GREAT TICHFIELD STREET, LONDON, W.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA

Of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the World.
N.B. ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.
Agents—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.
" KEMP & Co., Bombay.

TEETH LIKE PEARLS,
white and sound teeth, perfect freedom from decay, a healthy action of the gums, and delightfully fragrant breath can best be obtained by discarding gritty tooth powders and acid washes and using daily

Rowlands' Odonto

a Pearl Dentifrice, a white powder composed of the most recherché ingredients of the Oriental herbal, and warranted free from any gritty or deleterious ingredients: it whitens and preserves the teeth, prevents and arrests decay, eradicates scurvy, strengthens the gums, and gives a lasting fragrance to the breath, while its anti-septic and anti-scorbutic properties exercise a highly beneficial influence on the teeth and gums. All Dentists allow that neither washes or tooth powders can possibly be as efficacious for polishing the teeth and preventing decay as a pure and non-gritty tooth powder: such ROWLANDS' ODONTO has always proved itself.

No other Odonto is genuine.

ROWLANDS' MACASSAR OIL is now sold in a golden colour for fair and golden-haired people and children.

ROWLANDS' KALYDOR beautifies the complexion, eradicates all cutaneous defects, and renders the skin soft, smooth and delicate. Ask anywhere for ROWLANDS' articles, of 20, Hatton Garden, London, and avoid spurious and pernicious imitations.

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TREACHER & Co., BYCULLA AND FORT, BOMBAY.



Dr. LAZARUS'S
SPLEEN PILLS
Have cured thousands of cases of enlarged Spleen.
Full directions given in wrapper.
PREPARED (ONLY) BY
E. J. LAZARUS & Co.
MEDICAL HALL, BENARES.
In bottles at Re 1-4 each. Box and packing 2 as.

From Mr. E. KIRBY, Dinapore.—"I have always had in mind your wonderful cure of my daughter's illness of the Spleen—She was, as is well known by many given up as incurable—her complaint being chronic:—When you took her in hand I really had no hopes that she would ever have recovered:—I write this thanking you for restoring her.—I have great confidence in your Spleen Pills and the Essence of Chiretta which I recommend to all as a specific for the diseases for which they are given. You have my permission to give publicity to the above for the good of the public."

Mr. Apothecary W. J. Montgomery, Madras Medl. Estabt., writes.—"You are at liberty to publish the following few lines which bear Testimony to the efficacy of your Spleen Pills in the "Pioneer" if you think fit. "I have used Dr. Lazarus's Spleen Pills in several cases of enlarged Spleen, &c., in all of them the cure was decidedly rapid, though the dose recommended has been found by me too strong for some. I have used nothing equal to it, and would strongly recommend those suffering from the above complaint never to be without taking a course of these pills, and I am quite certain, that these pills will effect a cure when other remedies have failed." Jalna, Deccan, 24-8-82.

From J. T. Murray, Esquire, Engineer, I. V. & R. Flotilla, Sukkur, 8-10-83.—The Vial of Dr. Lazarus's Spleen pills I purchased of you last month I am happy to say has made a thorough cure of my daughter's (9 years of age) enlarged Spleen. I recommend the Pills to all, young and old, who may be suffering with their Spleen. I have no objection to your making this known to the public."

RINGOAL.
BY HER MAJESTY'S ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

THE NEW OXFORD GAME FOR 1887.
Small Set Rs. 25. Large Set Rs. 50.
BULL, BEVAN & Co., Ld.,
Bombay Agency,
Opposite Custom House.



THE BODEGA COMPANY
LIMITED.

HAS, in consequence of frequent inquiries arranged for the SALE (in Bombay) of the following well-known WINES, all protected by the Capsules and labels of the Co. and guaranteeing their quality:—

No.	SHERRIES.	doz. qts. Rs.
1. A.	Special light dry, a perfect dinner wine	20
3.	Rich gold, nutty flavour	24
B.	Bodega, elegant Cortado style	30
5.	Montilla, extra, specially recommended.	36

PORTS.	
Alto Hidalgo, bottled in Oporto	30
Alto C. Commendador Oporto, a splendid wine.	42

CLARETS.	
Good Bordeaux	12
Superior Medoc	15
St. Emilion	20
St. Julien	24
Chateau Grand Puy 1879	30
Chateau Batailley 1879	36

WHITE WINES.	
Sauterne	24
Haut Sauterne	36

Apply to the Sole Agents of the Bodega Company, Limited
BULL, BEVAN & Co., Ld.,
Bombay Agency,
Opposite Custom House.

BULL-DOG BRAND



GOLD MEDAL, CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.
GOLD MEDAL, CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.

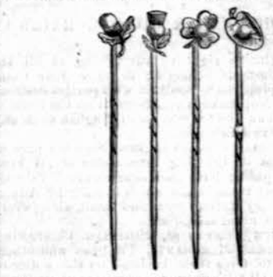
BASS & CO.'S ORIENTAL ALE.
BASS & CO.'S PALE ALE.
GUINNESS'S STOUT.
APPLE BRAND CIDER.

SOLE AGENTS:
EWART, LATHAM & Co.
BOMBAY.

DOCTOR JAEGER'S
SANITARY WOOLLEN CLOTHING
highly recommended by The *Times* and *Bombay Gazette*, wholesale orders taken by
BULL, BEVAN & Co., Ld.,
Bombay Agency,
Opposite Custom House.

A SET OF FOUR GOLD
"NATIONAL PLANT"
SCARF PINS,
REPRESENTING

INDIA ..... By the Lotus.
ENGLAND ..... " Oak.
SCOTLAND ..... " Thistle.
IRELAND ..... " Shamrock.

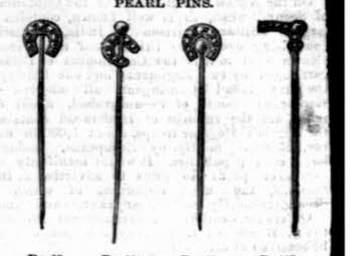


These Pins are also admirably adapted for LADIES USE, and are, indeed, fashionable for the purpose, being worn in the bonnet strings and dress.

CASH PRICES.

The Acorn and "Thistle" Pins ..... Rs. 16 each.
The Lotus and "Shamrock" Pins ..... " 12 "
The set of 4 be purchased Rs. 50, supplied in Morocco Case holding the set.

PEARL PINS.



Rs. 10 cash. Rs. 11 cash. Rs. 10 cash. Rs. 13 cash.

GIPSY LACE BROOCHES.

These Pearl-set Brooches are the height of the fashion. The settings are of 18-carat gold; the designs are exquisite; and the finish unsurpassed. Ladies wear any number up to half-a-dozen in the dress and bonnet string.



Rs. 30 cash. Rs. 12 cash.
Rs. 16 cash. Rs. 11 cash.
Rs. 16 cash. Rs. 10 cash.

LAWN-TENNIS PRESENTATION BROOCH.



A PRETTY GOLD AND PLATINUM BROOCH.
Set with Pearls. Rs. 35 cash.
Without the Pearls, Rs. 27 cash, complete in Morocco Case.



GOLD KEY BROOCH.
Set with Pearls. Rs. 40 cash.



No. 5373.
Oars and Hat "Fichu" Brooch.
In Silver, Rs. 4-8, cash.
In Gold, Rs. 45, cash.

HAMILTON AND COMPANY,
JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

Gold Medal Paris, 1878
JOSEPH GILLOTT'S
STEEL PENS.
Sold by all Stationers throughout the World.
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